Atlanta Regional Commission Atlanta, Georgia

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2017

Prepared By The Financial Service Group



The Atlanta Regional Commission ("ARC") created in 1971 by local governments of the Atlanta Region, includes Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry and Rockdale counties and 73 municipalities including the City of Atlanta. ARC is the regional planning and intergovernmental coordination agency for the Region. It is also the forum where the Region's leaders come together to solve mutual problems and decide issues of regionwide consequence. ARC is supported by local, state and federal funds. Board membership on the ARC is held by 23 local elected officials, 15 private citizens and one non-voting member appointed by the Board of the Georgia Department of Community Affairs.

The Atlanta Regional Commission is committed to the principle of affirmative action and shall not discriminate against otherwise qualified persons on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, physical or mental handicap, or disability in its recruitment, employment, facility and program accessibility or service.

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June 27, 2018

The Honorable W. Kerry Armstrong, Chair Members of the Atlanta Regional Commission and Citizens of the Atlanta Region

Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present the comprehensive annual financial report of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC or the Commission) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. The report is issued pursuant to Georgia law requiring all Regional Commissions to publish a complete set of financial statements within six months of the close of each fiscal year. The report must conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and be audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Commission. Consequently, agency management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the ARC's management has established a comprehensive internal control framework. It is designed both to protect the Commission's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the ARC's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The ARC recognizes that the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits. Accordingly, the agency has designed its controls in a way that provides reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

Nichols, Cauley & Associates, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has audited the ARC's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Commission for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall presentation. The independent audit or concluded, based upon the audit, that there is a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the ARC's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is the first component of the financial section that follows this introductory section.

The independent audit of the ARC's financial statements was part of a broader federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on those involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the separately issued Single Audit Report of the Atlanta Regional Commission.

atlantaregional.org

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The ARC's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

The Commission's comprehensive annual financial report contains supplementary information which was not audited by Nichols, Cauley & Associates, LLC and on which they express no opinion.

Profile of the Atlanta Regional Commission

The ARC, created in 1971, is a multi-purpose, comprehensive regional planning agency serving the 10-county Atlanta region, which covers almost 3,000 square miles and includes the City of Atlanta and all or part of 73 other municipalities. These 10 counties account for 65 percent of the population and 86 percent of the jobs in Metropolitan Atlanta, one of the nation's fastest growing economic centers.

The Commission's Board has 39 members, of which 23 are local elected officials representing general-purpose local governments. The agency, formed pursuant to State law (Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) 50-8-80 et seq. or *Act 5*), is also one of 12 regional commissions (RCs) established by the Georgia Planning Act of 1989 (OCGA 50-8-30 et seq.). In the event of any conflict between the two laws, the law creating RCs states that the ARC's enabling law shall control and govern.

The Commission's federally assisted planning responsibilities include designation as a Metropolitan Planning Organization (MPO) for transportation planning, in addition to being the Area Agency on Aging, which has the responsibility for providing nutrition, health, social services, employment programs for the elderly, and promoting lifelong communities. The ARC's state-assigned planning responsibilities include, but are not limited to, environmental, land use, parks and open space, housing and human services. It is noteworthy that the Commission is the single governing body providing unified policy direction to each of the cited programs. The ARC carries out these programmatic responsibilities through a fully integrated, interfunctional planning process. In addition, the ARC acts as the administrative agent of the Atlanta Regional Workforce Board to provide a broad array of services to expand job skills of workers and assist businesses with their employment needs in seven counties. ARC also serves as staff to the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District.

The Commission exercises extensive review and comment responsibilities. Under Presidential Executive Order 12372, it reviews proposed applications for federal assistance within the region. O.C.G.A. 50-8-80 thru 50-8-103, provides for the ARC to review and comment on any "Area Plan," defined as a proposed plan that affects more than one governmental jurisdiction. The 1989 planning act extended this authority by requiring all regional development centers to review developments of regional impact (DRIs) or certain large-scale proposals that portend intergovernmental impacts. In addition, the Metropolitan River Protection Act requires the ARC's review of development proposals in the Chattahoochee River Corridor.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Atlanta Regional Commission operates.

Local Economy. The 2010 Census of the Atlanta Regional Commission 10-county area showed that the Region grew by 678,000 people over the 2000s, for an average annual growth of 1.8 percent, and was home to 4.1 million people as of April 1, 2010. From 2010 to 2017, ARC estimates that the region added 372,350 persons to total 4.48 million people, an average annual growth rate of 1.2 percent (up from 1.1 percent between 2010 and 2015). The 2010-2017 average annual population increase of 53,193 was still significantly lower than the

67,837 new residents averaged per year during the 2000s, and far lower than the 87,158 new residents per year averaged during the 1990s. However, the 78,300 increase of 2016-2017 trailed 2015-2016 only slightly as the largest annual growth during the decade to date.

The impact of the severe national and regional recession that began in December 2007 and ended in June 2009 was both lagged and resilient. Population growth slowed significantly, as did job growth even more dramatically. For the calendar years of 2014-2017, however, housing permit levels bounced back substantially, though still not to pre-recession levels in almost all jurisdictions. 2017 saw some slowing compared to 2016 levels. The vacant home oversupply of the recession and its aftermath has almost totally abated, particularly due to significant strength in the market for existing homes. While there is the good news of foreclosure problems receding to pre-recession levels except in a few hot-spots, there has been a corollary effect of constraining marketplace supply of existing homes. There are now under four months of supply in most single-family price segments. While there is some momentum for new single-family construction, most activity underway is focused on higher-priced market niches. Multifamily construction boomed 2014-2015 (particularly in core areas such as the City of Atlanta condo market) and continues in those core areas with tapering in 2016 and significant slowing in 2017. As for commercial space, while office and industrial vacancies are dropping, retail vacancies are increasing with the shift of consumer demand away from brick and mortar stores to online shopping. There is significant new construction (largely build to suit, but spec development increasing) only in the industrial market.

Yet while construction in most sectors has rebounded to an extent, things are not now and are not likely to be "business as usual", at least not as the phrase would be defined in prior decades. Series 15 ARC forecasts indicate that population increase through to the end of its forecast horizon will average about 1.5 percent per year, lagging the 3% average annual increases of the 1980s and 1990s, and just behind the 1.8% average annual growth in the 2000s.

Since 1980, the Atlanta region's population has increased by almost 140 percent, adding 2.58 million new residents. Put another way, over 60 percent of the region's growth since 1900 has occurred after 1980. Over the 65+ years since 1950, Atlanta's population has grown at an average annual rate of 2.6 percent. Sustaining so high a rate over this period clearly demonstrates the underlying strength of the region's diversified economy.

Overall, the regional economy remains well balanced and serves as an economic development engine for the Southeast and for the nation. Between 1980 and 2000, the Region added 1,090,343 jobs, (121 percent). The two major recessions of the 2000s (the dotcom bust of the early decade followed by the Great Recession of 2007-2009) "shifted downward" the historical growth trend over the past decade. Unemployment rates in the metro area soared from 3.6% in 2001 to 10.7% in January 2010, but back down to 3.6 percent as of April, 2018.

For the ARC 10-county region, the job base declined by almost 400,000 jobs 2000-2010 (20 percent). Since 2010, the job base has slowly bounced back, with data from the Georgia Department of Labor showing consistent positive (monthly) trends in employed persons for the Atlanta Regional Commission. By late 2013, the job base had finally recovered to the pre-recession levels of late 2007. Unemployment rates have dropped significantly from the highs of 2010 -- to 5.1% as of March 2016 and then down even more sharply to 3.6% by April of 2018. This recent rate is a dramatic decline from the 10.0% reported in March 2010 and is lower than pre-recession rates. Over the long term, ARC forecasts that the Region will average about 42,000 new jobs per year. While impressive net growth, this is appreciably lower than the record job growth (approaching 90,000 jobs per year) observed in the late 1990s.

From 1980 to present, the mix of jobs has shifted toward the Services and Trade sectors at the expense of the relative ranking of Government and Manufacturing, which have both declined in jobs. Services and Trade account for 90% of the Region's increase in jobs over the 35+-year period. Despite the dominance of Services and Trade, all major industry groups (besides Government and Manufacturing) posted net gains in jobs during

this period. Part of this shift in industry is illusory, as privatization of public facilities such as hospitals shifted thousands of jobs from Government to Services.

Other economic "macro trends" should be mentioned as well. Critical elements of the recent recovery have been the large share of "net new" jobs that are part-time and low-paying, the stagnation of wage and job growth in middle-wage and middle-wage sectors, and the rapidly increasing educational expectations of employers in both the middle-skill and higher-skill sectors. While industry demand for workers in Services is likely to increase, the future may bring downward trends (or at least lower net growth) in Retail and Wholesale Trade employment. The uncertain impacts of automation along with demographically and skill-driven shrinkage in the labor force also present challenges of longer-term economic health of the region.

Long-term financial planning. Two provisions of Act 5 give the ARC a level of stability that is distinctive among the nation's substate planning agencies. These are mandatory funding by the ten counties and the City of Atlanta and prior approval by the Georgia General Assembly before a county may withdraw from the Commission.

In addition, management prepares financial forecasts to help anticipate future financial resources needed to maintain critical programs for the ARC service area. Relying on these forecasts, the Commission's Budget and Audit Review Committee garnered the support of the full Board for a dues increase. The legislation authorizing the dues increase provided the ARC's local funding to rise from \$.80 per capita to \$.90 effective January 1, 2002 and to \$1.00 effective January 1, 2003. In addition, the law gave the Board sole authority over future increases when triggered by rises in the Consumer Price Index. During the 2017 Budget preparation, the ARC Board of Directors authorized a \$.10 per capita dues increase effective January 1, 2017.

Major Initiatives. ARC's Transportation Access and Mobility Group (TAMG) has two primary core products that it develops; 1) the Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) and the 2) Transportation Improvement Program (TIP). *The Atlanta Region's Plan*, a major joint effort involving all ARC groups, was completed and adopted by the ARC Board in February 2016. The Plan includes significant updates to regional land use and growth strategies, including population forecasts, while updating regional policies and transportation concepts through the year 2040. As part of *The Atlanta Region's Plan*, the RTP includes over \$93 billion in investments through the year 2040, including major updates to the regional managed lane and transit strategies. Since the plan's original adoption, ARC has undertaken five amendments and nine rounds of quarterly administrative modifications. The next major quadrennial update of the plan will be completed in early 2020.

Several initiatives in 2018 continue to build on the foundation of *The Atlanta Region's Plan*:

- ARC will assist in reviewing and implementing regional transit governance (ATL Authority) legislation passed by the Georgia General Assembly during the 2018 session.
- TAMG will coordinate with the Mobility Services Group on completing an update to the regional transit vision, a process which began in late 2016.
- TAMG will complete the development of a Regional Truck Parking Assessment and a Regional Bicycle and Pedestrian Safety Action Plan, both of which got underway in 2017.
- TAMG manages the County Transportation Program (CTP), providing funding and staffing for countylevel long range transportation planning initiatives as well as the City of Atlanta. The City of Atlanta and Gwinnett County completed CTP updates in 2016, with work ongoing in Clayton County, Fayette County, Forsyth County and northern Fulton County. All four of those updates will be completed in 2018. Procurement and contracting activities will also be underway in the latter half of 2018 for updates in Cobb County, DeKalb County and southern Fulton County. The first two updates will focus on establishing transit visions for those jurisdictions and preparing for possible future funding referenda under the ATL legislation.

- TAMG will be managing several new regional planning studies using consultant assistance, including an update to the Regional Transportation System Management & Operations Vision and ITS Architecture Plan, development of the Chattahoochee Greenway Trail Plan, development of an outreach and engagement plan for the next TIP/RTP update, and conducting a transit onboard survey used for regional travel demand model calibration.
- TAMG will be providing management oversight over numerous local planning studies, including four freight cluster plans, identified through a TIP funding solicitation process which got underway in 2017 and will be completed via TIP/RTP amendments in 2018.
- TAMG will be managing the procurement process on behalf of MARTA, Cobb County and SRTA to identify a vendor for implementation of a Regional Bus Stop Signage Program.
- ARC continues to be actively involved in reviewing and implementing federal rulemaking requirements related to transportation performance measures and targets.

ARC's Mobility Services Group is responsible for supporting and coordinating transportation demand management activities, regional transit service providers, human service transportation service planning and provision as well as the development of technological solutions to transportation related issues. In 2017, the division undertook a number of significant initiatives:

- Regional Transit Vision Update The regional transit vision update process continued through 2017 finalizing the project list, evaluating and determining the best technologies available to evaluate the projects and developing evaluation criteria. All projects were evaluated and the plan update will be complete mid-2018.
- Fulton County Transit Master Plan Mobility Services staff developed the scope and managed the Fulton County Transit Master Plan process. This involved extensive stakeholder and community outreach, oversight of the development of the financial model, funding scenarios, and mode selection. Mobility Services staff also planned and executed a transit scouting trip to Los Angeles to ensure Fulton County leaders experienced and fully understood BRT and LRT options.
- Group TAM Plan Mobility Services staff initiated a Group TAM Plan for CPACS, and Gwinnett, Henry and Douglas Counties. This TAM Plan will outline current targets for State of Good Repair (SGR) for each asset class owned and operated by the group plan participants. The plan will also outline policies and procedures required to maintain SGR and will prioritize and project capital replacement costs. This plan will be completed by October 2018.
- Regional Bus Stop Sign Mobility Services staff continued work on the regional procurement process for fabricating and installing new bus stop signs at all shared stop locations in the CobbLinc, GCT, SRTA and MARTA service areas. Technical documents for design and installation and an RFP were developed and procurement will be complete mid-2018.
- Georgia Commute Options (GCO) As the regional transportation demand management (TDM) arm for the region, the Mobility Services Group officially assumed management of the Georgia Commute Options program in April/May of 2017 and procured several program consultants to assist with employer outreach, incentives management, performance evaluation and marketing and communications for the program. In addition, the GCO team facilitated the transition of all marketing elements, employer outreach functions, incentives' operations and schools' management.

Extensive research and analysis was conducted on the program to aid in the development of the new marketing and communications plan, the employer outreach approach and methodology and the schools' engagement strategy.

In 2017, GCO promoted and/or launched several mode-specific promotions and TDM-related programs such as the TDM Regional Summit, FlexWork Summit, Biketober: Atlanta Bike Challenge and National School Bus Safety Week. In addition, Mobility Services assists regional transportation management associations (TMAs) with modal shift marketing campaign and strategies.

• Transportation Technology– Mobility Services coordinated and managed the inaugural ConnectATL Summit in 2017. This summit was largely successful and provided a framework for how community leaders, civic leaders and business leaders can work together to create a stronger, better connected and more prosperous Atlanta region. A second ConnectATL Summit is scheduled for 2018.

In 2017, the Community Development Group conducted a Strategic Planning framework with SixPitch Inc., to determine how the Group should view projects and update the Livable Centers Initiative Program. The result of this work, led to the development of the four core values of: Mobility; Equity; Resiliency; and Prosperity.

In 2017, the Community Development Group in partnership with the Aerotropolis Atlanta Alliance (the Alliance), supported the transition of the Aerotropolis Atlanta Alliance (the Alliance), to be a self-supporting organization with an Executive Director with the continued support of ARC, the Alliance will continue to focus on coordination among local efforts, marketing and branding of the airport area and to increase private investment in the communities surrounding the airport.

The Community Development Group continues to provide resources to implement plans at MARTA rail station areas. In 2017, ARC continued to support the TransFormation Alliance by hosting its Managing Director. The Community Development Group's previous work in supporting MARTA TOD led to the construction of TOD Developments at two MARTA stations, and the Community Development Group is continuing to work with MARTA on other opportunities.

ARC continued to implement The Atlanta Region's Plan to meet not only its state requirements for regional planning but to align local, state and regional policies to continue to support future growth. These elements included a Regional Resource Plan, Minimum Standards for Local Government Implementation and a detailed Unified Growth Policy Map (UGPM) coordinated with local government Comprehensive Plans.

The Community Development Group continued reviews of Developments of Regional Impact (DRI) and reviewing local Comprehensive Plans, Short Term Work Programs and Capital Improvement Elements. ARC reviewed 32 DRIs in 2017.

In 2012, the Georgia Department of Community Affairs mandated regional commissions to assist local governments in meeting their basic planning requirements with no financial contribution from local governments. The Community Development Group completed 10 plans in 2017. Since 2012, the Community Development Group has completed 56% of all Comprehensive Plans within the region.

ARC's Natural Resources Group continues to provide administrative and technical planning support to the Metropolitan North Georgia Water Planning District, which provides regional planning for water resources and water quality in the 15 counties surrounding and including the City of Atlanta. The District completed work on the update to the Water Resource Management Plan which was adopted in June 2017. Technical planning included support for the newly adopted Water Resource Management Plan. The District started the Single-Family Toilet Rebate Program in March 2008. Between March 2008 and December 31, 2017, the District rebate program and partners have replaced over 130,000 old, inefficient toilets with new low-flow toilets.

ARC continued the Green Communities program, certifying 8 communities in 2017. ARC also continued the Sustainable Connections Internship Program in 2017, matching 4 students with 4 communities on projects ranging from green certification to materials reuse and recycling. In addition, ARC continued its role in administration of the Chattahoochee Corridor Plan under the Metropolitan River Protection Act. ARC provided technical support and several workshops for communities related to the update to the Georgia Stormwater Manual completed in early 2016. ARC also coordinated legal and technical support for ongoing efforts related to water supply in the Apalachicola-Chattahoochee-Flint and Alabama-Coosa-Tallapoosa river basins.

In 2017, The Research and Analytics Group (RAG) completed major jurisdiction estimates for population in 2017, and finished a portion of preparatory work for development of 2017 employment estimates. For the geographic information specialists of the group, extensive work went into beginning a new round of spatial data collection, and refining associated city boundaries in the region. The GIS group continued assisting GDOT's MAP-21 effort both in terms of project management and technical work—all to update the geography of and attributes for the state's street spatial database. With completion of the Boundary Annexation Survey (BAS) assistance in 2016, 2017 was a significant "ramp-up" year for the Local Update of Census Addresses (LUCA) process, involving aid to local governments in generating updated lists for the 2020 Census count.

2017 marked a transition from a forecast production hiatus in 2016 to a year of earnest planning and early work on a new forecast series for the 2020 Atlanta Region's Plan update. The primary work of the modeling groups in 2017 zeroed in on completion of needed refinements and calibrations for the transportation-focused Activity-Based Model (ABM), the land use/ socioeconomic focused REMI (regional forecast) and PECAS (small-area allocation) models—with the overarching goal of better performance on the forthcoming conformity forecast series. Modeling for the region's updated Transportation Improvement Plan (TIP) was completed in 2017. The PECAS model was also used in initial evaluations of the impacts of growth scenarios for the City of Atlanta.

The Neighborhood Nexus program, having in 2016 hired a new Executive Director and reestablished Board linkages, shifted into a new gear of activity in 2017. Both number of projects and revenues from fee-for-service efforts set records in 2017. The Nexus program was awarded host duties for a National Neighborhood Indicators Partnership Spring Partners Meeting in May of 2018. A draft business case statement was completed, and funding was explored for a consultant to perform a Resource Development Plan to more fully refine future direction and focus.

The Research & Analytics Group also continued adding value to services offered to seven internal clients and constituent governments by increasing use of ESRI Business Analyst Online, On the Map (Census Bureau), Burning Glass, and JobsEQ. The group in 2017 continued to use A to Z Databases for current business information to assist the Mobility Group, as well as Infograph's Historical Business Database to assess patterns in economic development. The Economic Analysis Program (EAP) via REMI TranSight maintained momentum as a tool providing custom economic impact modeling on-demand to public and private clients. The 33 Degrees North blog (launched in 2015) continued to evolve in 2017 as a "one-stop shop" for the Group's data products, hosting current and historical regional snapshots. The blog serves as a vehicle to post current "hot" content multiple times each week. Additional tools (Tableau, AMCharts, Venngage, and ArcGIS Online) were the core for the data visualizations "served" on the blog, website pages, Nexus, and Facebook/ Twitter feeds. The expansion and refinement of the group's Open Data Portal further enhanced internal and external customer access to datasets.

Research and Analytics continued to ensure the success of the Workforce Business Solutions (WBS) Division at ARC, as well as that of local stakeholders, via (a) ongoing licensing and use of Burning Glass labor demand data database, and (b) continued access to and use of (via consortium) the JobsEQ labor supply data tool. The division used these tools to "seed" numerous presentations for both WBS staff as well as other internal and external clients, provide updated data to the Atlanta Regional Workforce Plan adopted in 2016, information for the Targeted Industries Plan, and updates to in-demand occupation lists

Other projects included administering the Metro Atlanta Speaks Survey (MAS) and exploring implementation of the QuestionPro panel survey tool. The 2017 MAS was the fifth edition, and the largest of its kind in Metro Atlanta and Georgia. The 2017 version asked over 5,400 of Atlanta region residents 27 questions about their regional and local attitudes, perceptions, and behaviors. As with the 2016 survey, statistical significance was available down to the level of each of the 13 counties surveyed, with the City of Atlanta again presented as a statistically significant subset. The United Way continued as the primary sponsor of the survey, with all other

partners from 2016 continuing their sponsorship. Though the greatest number of questions continued to focus on civic engagement, others tested perceptions of public education, traffic and transit, and economic health and resilience (including new questions on financial resiliency and food insecurity. The results were made publicly available and served as a central part of the messaging for the year's ARC State of the Region breakfast, which was attended by over 1,200 civic and business leaders.

The Aging and Independence Services Group continued to improve the delivery of long term care services in the metro region with the goal of streamlining access and ensuring that the right people are getting the right services in the state's long term care system. As the state of Georgia undergoes a significant re-design of its home and community based services system, the Aging and Independence Services Group will implement the redesign across the services that ARC administers directly and those it administers with partner agencies.

As individuals live longer, it is essential that the system of services and supports reflect the broad and comprehensive nature of their needs. The Aging and Independence Services Group continues to focus on a number of emerging issues for the older adult population in the Atlanta area, they include: defining ARC's role in the expansion of supportive housing in the metro area, identifying critical needs for workforce expansion among home and community based service providers, improving quality of life through more specific integration with Aging and the Arts, work with other partners to improve the healthcare system in the metro area and enhanced utilization of technology to address the increasing number of isolated older adults.

The Atlanta Regional Commission's Workforce Solutions Group serves as the sub-grant recipient for the Atlanta Regional Workforce Development Board (ARWDB). The Board is responsible for policy development and systems oversight for residents of Cherokee, Clayton, Douglas, Fayette, Gwinnett, Henry and Rockdale counties.

Several major initiatives currently being addressed by Workforce Solutions are:

Implementation of workforce development services for adult or dislocated workers at one stop career resource centers, or the Mobile Workforce Unit, in each of the seven counties in the Atlanta region service area.

Provide a system of youth services in the Atlanta regional service area to qualified youth that are seeking continued education, receiving a credential, or entering employment.

Provide a system of Individual Training Accounts for customers to access training opportunities and provide regional processes for implementation of the Eligible Training Provider Listing.

Participate in Rapid Response activities with the Georgia Department of Economic Development Workforce Division and Georgia Department of Labor to disseminate information about retraining services to employees and employers experiencing layoffs and implement services.

Implement the SNAP Works 2.0 Grant funded through the U.S. Department of Agriculture and Georgia Department of Labor in six metro counties with the goal to increase the number of SNAP work registrants who obtain unsubsidized employment, increase their earned income, and reduce their reliance on public assistance.

Implement the HDCI Sector Partnership Grant from the Georgia Department of Economic Development to build and support regional, employer-led workforce development collaboratives in three key sectors: healthcare, information technology, and transportation, distribution, & logistics.

The Homeland Security & Recovery Group has been a unit under the management control of the Atlanta Regional Commission beginning in March 2015. Over the period, a new program structure was created which consist of an expanded policy board, an advisory board of 25 public safety practitioners, and 4 committees

focused on outcome based projects to increase the region's preparedness capabilities. Over 150 public and private sector representatives are engaged in the work of coordinating the plans, training and exercises in the event of a terrorist attack. Three (3) of the many specific accomplishments in 2017 include the installation and testing of a new regional interoperable radio frequency system; the creation, implementation and practicing of a SWAT tactical response Concept of Operations Plan, and completing a Full Scale Exercise in conjunction with Emory University and the Center for Diseases Control & Prevention (CDC). Since 2015, 17 seminars, trainings, drills and exercises have been conducted involving over 650 jurisdictional representatives and partnering stakeholders as work continues to build toward a multiyear training and exercise plan. Examples of some of the training completed so far have been the focus of Urban Area Security Initiative (UASI) efforts in anticipation of various major national sporting events within the region.

Relevant Financial Policies and Controls. The ARC's Financial Policies and Controls include an Investment Policy, Budgetary Control, Internal Control Structure and Risk Management. In addition, the Commission's bylaws provide policy parameters for budget and finance, as well as define standards of ethical conduct.

The ARC Governance Committee is responsible for authorizing changes in the retirement and insurance programs for Commission employees. The Governance Committee consists of members of the ARC Board with the Chair of the Commission serving as the Chair of the Committee.

The Budget and Audit Review Committee (BARC) receives and reviews the ARC annual audit and the annual budget and work program. The Treasurer of the ARC Board serves as Chair of the BARC. The Chair along with four additional appointed Board members serve on the committee. The BARC meets from time to time during the year to review the financial status of the Commission.

The annual budget and work program serves as the foundation of the ARC's financial planning and control. All groups are required to submit work program information and funding requests to the Executive Director by mid-September each year. The Executive Director uses these requests to develop the proposed Annual Work Program and Budget that he presents to the Board for review at its October meeting. The budget document is also distributed to constituents and prospective funders for their review and comment. The ARC's Bylaws require the Board to adopt a final budget for the next fiscal year at its December meeting. During the year, the Executive Director presents to the Board, recommendations for revision of the work program and budget that are generally initiated by new sources of funding.

The Pension Board of Trustees is responsible for the investment of ARC's pension plan assets, which includes reviewing and altering investment objectives; selecting appropriate asset allocation strategies; monitoring the investment performance of the pension fund; and approving changes in pension investment funds, managers, and consultants. The Board of Trustees consists of five members: the ARC Board Chair, the ARC Budget & Audit Review Committee Chair, the ARC Executive Director, an employee of the Atlanta Regional Commission selected by the above three members, and one other member appointed by the above three members.

The Commission has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

Awards and Acknowledgements

Certificate of Achievement. The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Atlanta Regional Commission for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards

for preparation of state and local government financial reports. This is the 36th consecutive year that ARC has received the award. The award, which is valid for only one year, requires a governmental unit to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report that conforms to program standards. The report must also satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. We believe our current report continues to meet these standards and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the report was accomplished through the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Financial Services Group. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. They were assisted by the Commission's auditors, Nichols, Cauley & Associates, LLC, whose expertise, experience and judgment were extremely valuable.

Respectfully Submitted,

Douglas H. Hooker, P.E. Executive Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Atlanta Regional Commission Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2016

Christophen P. Monill

Executive Director/CEO

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COMMISSION MEMBERSHIP 2017 As of 12/31/2017

OFFICERS	Kerry Armstrong Chair	Charlotte Nash Secretary	Judy Waters Parliamentarian
	Kasim Reed Vice Chair	Robert Reeves Treasurer	
PUBLIC MEMBERS	City of Atlanta	Kasim Reed Mayor	Caesar C. Mitchell Council President
	Cherokee County	Buzz Ahrens Commission Chairman	Tim Downing Mayor, City of Holly Springs
	Clayton County	Jeff Turner Commission Chairman	Willie Oswalt Mayor, City of Lake City
	Cobb County	Mike Boyce Commission Chairman	Mark Mathews Mayor, City of Kennesaw
	DeKalb County	Michael Thurmond Chief Executive Officer	R. Eric Clarkson Mayor, City of Chamblee
	Douglas County	Romona Jackson Jones Commission Chairman	Harvey Persons Mayor, City of Douglasville
	Fayette County	Eric Maxwell Commission Chairman	Eric Dial Mayor, Town of Tyrone
	Fulton County	Bob Ellis Interim Commission Chairman	Jere Wood Mayor, City of Roswell and Clark Boddie Mayor, City of Palmetto
	Gwinnett County	Charlotte Nash Commission Chairman	Nancy Harris Mayor, City of Duluth
	Henry County	June Wood Commission Chairman	Robert Price Mayor, City of Locust Grove
	Rockdale County	Oz Nesbitt Commission Chairman	Randy Mills Mayor, City of Conyers
IEMBERS AT LARGE	Eddie Ausband District 1	Mike Houchard District 6	Minuard "Mickey" McGuire District 11
	Robert L. Stephens, Jr. District 2	Liane Levetan District 7	Julie Keeton Arnold District 12
	Robert Reeves District 3	Judy Waters District 8	Rob Garcia District 13
	Amol Naik District 4	Kerry Armstrong District 9	Dan Post, Jr. District 14
	Kip Berry District 5	W. Brandt Aden District 10	Dennis Burnette District 15

NON-VOTING MEMBER (Appointed by Georgia Department of Community Affairs)

EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Doug Hooker

Tread Davis, Jr.

Atlanta Regional Commission Executive Staff December 31, 2017

Office of the Executive Director

Executive Director

Douglas R. Hooker

Center for Strategic Relations

Director Manager, Government Affairs Manager, Communication & Marketing Div. Manager, Community Engagement

Center for Community Services

Director Manager, Aging & Health Resources Manager, Workforce Solutions Manager, Homeland Security and Recovery

Center for Livable Communities

Director Manager, Community Development Manager, Community Partnerships Manager, Natural Resource Division Manager, Research & Analytics Manager, Transportation Access Manager, Mobility Services

Business Services

Director Manager, General Services Manager, Financial Services Manager, Information Technology Services Manager, Talent Management Susan Chana Scott Haggard Paul Donsky Liz Sanford

John Hammond Becky Kurtz Rob LeBeau Greg Mason

Mike Alexander Sam Shenbaga Stephen Causby Katherine Zitsch Mike Carnathan John Orr Cain Williamson

Vacant Chris Burke Diane Pelletier Ray Randolph Sheila Benefield



NICHOLS, CAULEY & ASSOCIATES, LLC

1825 Barrett Lakes Blvd, Suite 200 Kennesaw, Georgia 30144 770-422-0598 FAX 678-214-2355 kennesaw@nicholscauley.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Members of the Atlanta Regional Commission Atlanta, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Atlanta Regional Commission (the "Commission"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness

of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Atlanta Regional Commission, as of December 31 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund, Transportation Programs Fund, Workforce Development Fund, Aging Programs Fund, and Natural Resources Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the other post employment benefits trust fund schedule of funding progress, the other post employment benefits trust fund schedule of employer contributions, the schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, and the schedule of pension contributions on pages 18-27 and 69-71 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Atlanta Regional Commission's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining nonmajor fund statements and schedules, statistical section and supplemental information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal*

Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, statistical section, and the remaining supplemental information have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 21, 2018 on our consideration of the Atlanta Regional Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Atlanta Regional Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Aichals, Cauley + associates, LAC

Nichols, Cauley & Associates, LLC

June 21, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis (unaudited)

As management of the Atlanta Regional Commission, we offer readers of the Atlanta Regional Commission's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC or the Commission) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 through 10 of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the ARC exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$7,256,445 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$5,159,177 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the Commission's ongoing obligations to the member local governments and creditors.
- The Commission's total net position increased by \$607,430. The majority of this increase is attributable to the decrease in unrestricted resources required to match grant proceeds and increases in population on which ARC receives local funding of \$1.10 per capita.
- Governmental Activities general revenues for the year were \$5,030,922. Of this amount, \$60,400 net was transferred to business-type activities.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the ARC's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$10,661,620, an decrease of \$1,622,434 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 98 percent of this amount, \$10,432,006, is *available for spending* at the Commission's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the fiscal year, total fund balance for the General Fund was \$10,661,620 or 12 percent of total governmental fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the ARC's basic financial statements. The ARC's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the ARC's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the ARC's assets, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and liabilities, with the difference being reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the ARC is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues

and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the ARC that are principally supported by grants and regional appropriations (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the ARC include general government, general government overhead, all grant funded activities and an internal service fund for information technology support. The business-type activities of the ARC include enterprise funds. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 31 of this report.

The ARC has no component units.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The ARC, like other similar governmental entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the ARC can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The ARC maintains eight governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General, Transportation Programs, Workforce Development, Aging Program and Natural Resources Funds which are considered to be major funds. Data for the other funds is combined into a single aggregate presentation. Individual data for these nonmajor funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The ARC adopts an annual budget for its funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided for each governmental fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 32 through 41 of this report. Budget comparisons for non-major funds are provided in schedules elsewhere in this report.

Proprietary funds. The ARC maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The ARC uses enterprise funds to account for its business type activities. The ARC's internal service fund is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the ARC's various functions. The ARC uses this internal service fund to account for its management

information technology systems. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, it has been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Conversely, the internal service fund is presented individually. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 42 through 44 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds are used to account for the ARC's Pension and OPEB Trust Funds. The fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the ARC's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds are much like that used for proprietary funds. The basic fiduciary financial statements can be found on pages 45 through 46 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 47 through 68 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* including ARC's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits to its employees, along with other supplementary information. Required and other supplementary information can be found on pages 69 through 86, and pages 113 through 130 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the ARC, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$7,256,445 at December 31, 2017, compared with assets and deferred outflows exceeding liabilities and deferred inflows by \$6,649,015 at December 31, 2016. Twenty-nine percent of the ARC's net position reflect its investment in capital assets (vehicles, furniture, fixtures and equipment). The ARC uses these capital assets to operate and to provide services; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. There is no debt outstanding on resources used to acquire these assets.

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to prior year.

	Governmental			Business-type			e											
		Activ	vities			Activ	vities		Total									
		2017		2016		2017		2017		2017		2017		2017		2016	2017	2016
Current and other assets	\$	26,731,371	\$	21,694,290	\$	-	\$	500	\$ 26,731,371	\$ 21,694,790								
Internal balances		(131,382)		(13,118)		131,382		13,118	-	-								
Capital Assets		2,097,268		188,798		-		-	2,097,268	188,798								
Total Assets		28,697,257		21,869,970		131,382		13,618	28,828,639	21,883,588								
Deferred Outflows of Resources		5,118,742		6,264,059					5,118,742	6,264,059								
Long-term liabilities outstanding		1,463,124		7,695,718					1,463,124	7,695,718								
Other Liabilities		17,078,513	_	10,499,171		131,382		13,618	17,209,895	10,512,789								
Total Liabilities		18,541,637		18,194,889		131,382		13,618	18,673,019	18,208,507								
Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,017,917		3,290,125					8,017,917	3,290,125								
Net Position:																		
Invested in capital assets		2,097,268		188,798		-		-	2,097,268	188,798								
Restricted								-	-	-								
Unrestricted		5,159,177		6,460,217		-		-	5,159,177	6,460,217								
Total net position	\$	7,256,445	\$	6,649,015	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 7,256,445	\$ 6,649,015								

Atlanta Regional Commission's Net Position

The balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$5,159,177, may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the ARC is able to report a positive balance in all categories of net position.

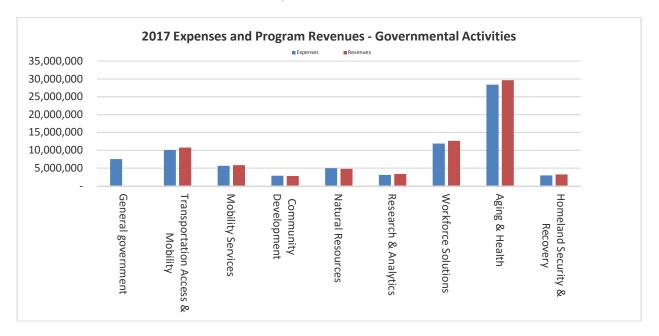
Governmental activities. Governmental activities increased the ARC's net position by \$607,430, thereby accounting for nine percent of the total net position and 100 percent of the growth of net position of the ARC at year-end. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

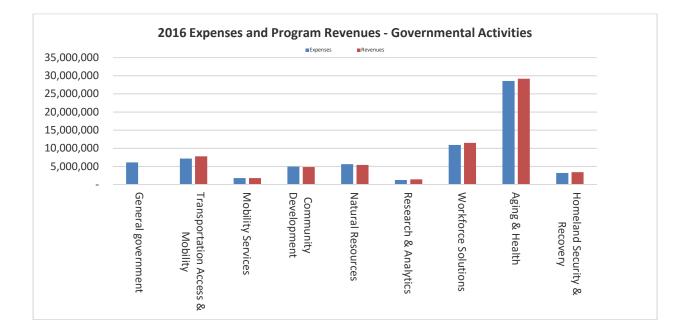
ARC's Changes in Net Assets

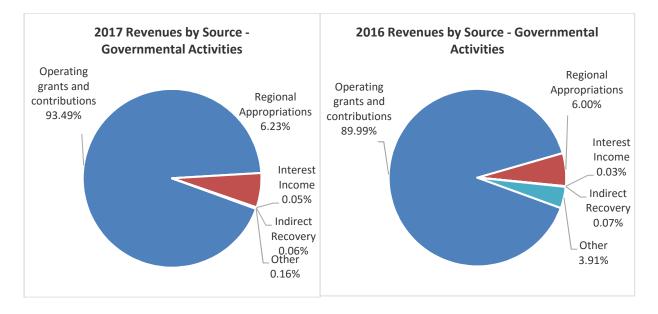
	Governmental Activities 2017	Activities Activities		Total 2017	Total 2016	
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$-	\$ -	\$1,022,246	\$ 953,508	\$ 1,022,246	\$ 953,508
Operating grants and contributions	72,973,915	65,261,750	-	-	72,973,915	65,261,750
General Revenues:				-		
Regional Appropriations	4,863,980	4,354,600	-	-	4,863,980	4,354,600
Interest Income	42,715	24,317	-	-	42,715	24,317
Indirect Recovery	50,036	48,224	-	-	50,036	48,224
Other	124,227	2,835,682	-	-	124,227	2,835,682
Total Revenues	\$ 78,054,873	\$72,524,573	\$1,022,246	\$ 953,508	\$ 79,077,119	\$ 73,478,081
Expenses						
General government	\$ 7,520,358	\$ 6,086,205	\$-	\$ -	\$ 7,520,358	\$ 6,086,205
Transportation Access & Mobility	10,083,526	7,154,785	-	-	10,083,526	7,154,785
Mobility Services	5,630,374	1,796,409	94,858	-	5,725,232	1,796,409
Community Development	2,870,636	4,933,897	630,793	637,845	3,501,429	5,571,742
Natural Resources	4,991,361	5,631,800	115,805	104,373	5,107,166	5,736,173
Research & Analytics	3,078,682	1,242,033	-	-	3,078,682	1,242,033
Workforce Solutions	11,855,815	10,915,323	-	-	11,855,815	10,915,323
Aging & Health	28,384,561	28,536,577	30,703	75,124	28,415,264	28,611,701
Communications	-	-	160,451	157,626	160,451	157,626
Homeland Security & Recovery	2,971,730	3,183,032	-	-	2,971,730	3,183,032
Indirect Expense Allocation	-	-	50,036	48,224	50,036	48,224
Total Expenses	\$ 77,387,043	\$69,480,061	\$1,082,646	\$1,023,192	\$ 78,469,689	\$ 70,503,253
Increase in net position before transfers	\$ 667,830	\$ 3,044,512	\$ (60,400)	\$ (69,684)	\$ 607,430	\$ 2,974,828
Transfers	(60,400)	(69,684)	60,400	69,684	-	· · ·
Change in net position	\$ 607,430	\$ 2,974,828	\$ -	\$-	\$ 607,430	\$ 2,974,828
Net Position - beginning,	\$ 6,649,015	\$ 3,674,187			\$ 6,649,015	\$ 3,674,187
Net Position - ending	\$ 7,256,445	\$ 6,649,015	\$ -	\$-	\$ 7,256,445	\$ 6,649,015

General government expenses in the amount of \$7,520,358 are net of indirect costs. The general government indirect expense allocation of (\$6,136,039), as shown in the Statement of Activities is the difference between total indirect recovery of \$6,701,509 and general government indirect expense of \$565,470. Total direct and indirect expenses for the general government are \$8,085,828.

The majority of the increase in Net Position in 2016 is attributable to the lease termination fee the Commission received to terminate its lease agreement.



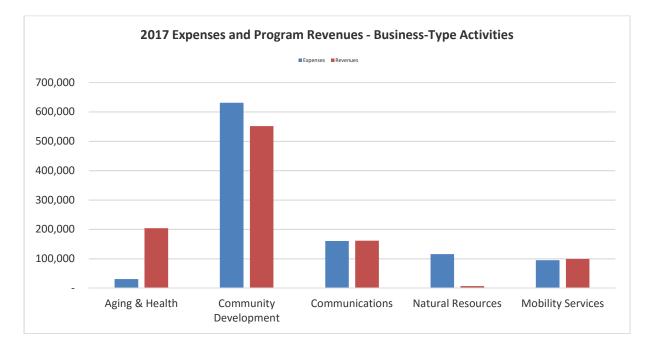


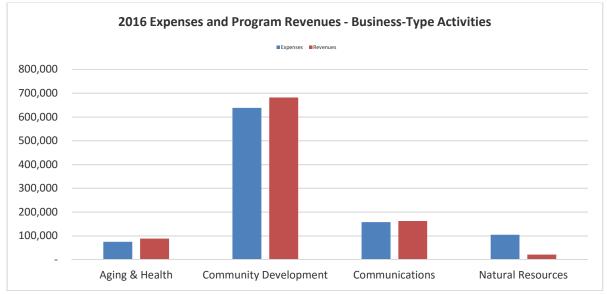


The ARC operates primarily from grant revenues; therefore, decreases in expenses closely parallel decreases in grant funding for services.

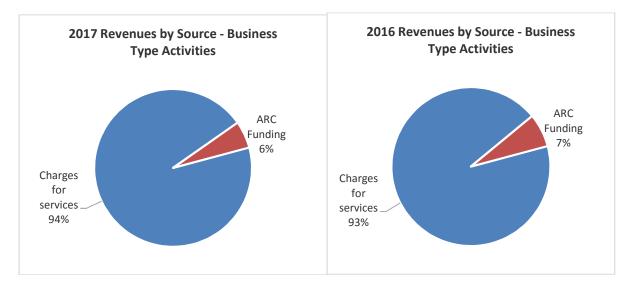
Business-type activities. Business-type activities received \$60,400 of ARC's unrestricted resources during 2017. Funding provided by the ARC is broken down as follows:

Activity	ARC resources used
Communications	\$ 1,206
Mobility Services	(4,234)
Community Development	79,251
Natural Resources	155,853
Aging & Health	(171,676)
Total	<u>\$60,400</u>





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Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the ARC uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the ARC's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the ARC's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the ARC's governmental funds reported an ending fund balance of \$10,661,620, a decrease of \$1,622,434 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 98 percent of this total amount \$10,432,806 constitutes unassigned *fund balance*, which is available for spending at the agency's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been designated for a variety of other restricted purposes.

The balance in ARC's General Fund decreased by \$1,622,434 during the 2017 fiscal year. The key factor of this decline is as follows:

• The majority of this decrease is attributable to the \$2.1 million capital outlay during our move to the new building in June 2017.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the ARC. The majority of the ARC's fund balance resides in the General Fund.

Proprietary funds. The ARC's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. It is the policy of the ARC to transfer to/from the General Fund any net income or loss resulting from proprietary fund activities, in order to maintain a zero fund balance in the proprietary funds. The internal service fund is reported within the governmental activities in the entity wide statements.

Factors concerning the finances of the enterprise fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the ARC's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

The following is a review of any significant differences between budget and actual for the General Fund:

Supplies, Indirect costs and Other expenditures exceeded budget by \$30,637, \$13,597 and \$420,906 respectively. Supplies and Other expenditures exceeded budget due to move to the new building at 229 Peachtree Street in June. Indirect costs exceeded budget due to adding new staff for a new program in 2017.

Capital Asset Administration

Capital assets. The ARC's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of December 31, 2017 was \$2,097,268 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes equipment, furniture and fixtures.

Capital assets of the ARC as of December 31, 2017, were as follows:

	Governi Activi		Total Percentage <u>Change</u>
	2017	2016	2016-2017
Equipment Leasehold Improvements	\$ 702,784 546,069	\$180,928 0	288%
Furnishings and Fixtures	<u>848,415</u>	<u>7,870</u>	10,679%
Total	<u>\$2,097,268</u>	<u>\$ 188,798</u>	

Atlanta Regional Commission's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation)

Additional information on the ARC's capital assets can be found in note III.C on page 56 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

A funding level that is distinctive among the nation's planning agencies supports the ARC. Two factors contributing to this stability are: mandatory funding by the ten counties and the City of Atlanta, and prior approval by the Georgia General Assembly before a county may withdraw from the Commission.

Based on financial forecasts, legislation was introduced and passed in March 2001, authorizing an increase in the ARC's local funding from \$.80 per capita to \$.90 effective January 1, 2002 and to \$1.00 effective January 1, 2003. In addition, the law gave the Board sole authority over future increases triggered by rises in the Consumer Price Index.

- The approved 2018 budget results in an increase of \$3,394 to the general fund balance. ٠
- The per capita rate paid by the local governments as appropriations remained at \$1.10 for 2017. Projected increases for the 2018 budget are in accordance with projected increases of approximately

2.9 percent of population. The 2018 Budget reflects the per capita rate of \$1.10 paid by local governments.

• Financial forecasts prepared by management help anticipate future financial resources needed to maintain critical programs for the ARC service area.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the ARC budget for the 2018 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of ARC's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Financial Services Manager, Atlanta Regional Commission, 229 Peachtree Street, NE, Suite 100, Atlanta, GA 30303.

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Atlanta Regional Commission Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

	Primary Government					
		Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,219,745	\$	-	\$	6,219,745
Advances due from subgrantee agencies		34,236		-		34,236
Receivables from grantors		20,384,438		-		20,384,438
Prepaid items		92,952		-		92,952
Internal balances		(131,382)		131,382		-
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation:						
Equipment, furnishings & fixtures		2,097,268		-		2,097,268
Total assets		28,697,257		131,382		28,828,639
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension		5,118,742		-		5,118,742
LIABILITIES						
Salaries payable		417,391		-		417,391
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		6,763,927		92,347		6,856,274
Unearned revenue		2,832,709		33,726		2,866,435
Advances from grantor agencies		1,461,185		-		1,461,185
Due to grantee agencies		4,040,886		528		4,041,414
Due to grantors		-		-		-
Other liabilities		552,843		4,781		557,624
Noncurrent liabilities:		4 000 570				4 000 570
Due within one year		1,009,572		-		1,009,572
Due in more than one year Total liabilities		1,463,124 18,541,637		- 131,382		1,463,124 18,673,019
i olai habiiilles		10,541,057		131,302		10,073,019
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension		8,017,917		-		8,017,917
NET POSITION						
Investment in capital assets		2,097,268		-		2,097,268
Unrestricted		5,159,177		-		5,159,177
Total net position	\$	7,256,445	\$	-	\$	7,256,445

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Atlanta Regional Commission Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

					Program
Functions/Programs		Expenses	 Indirect Expenses Allocation		harges for Services
Primary government:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$	7,520,358	\$ (6,136,039)	\$	-
Transportation Access & Mobility		10,083,526	1,383,533		-
Mobility Services		5,630,374	174,426		-
Community Development		2,870,636	584,621		-
Natural Resources		4,991,361	516,665		-
Research & Analytics		3,078,682	814,149		-
Workforce Solutions		11,855,815	732,846		-
Homeland Security & Recovery		2,971,730	233,235		-
Aging & Health		28,384,561	1,646,528		-
Total governmental activities		77,387,043	(50,036)		-
Business-type activities:					
Communications		160,451	1,982		161,227
Mobility Services		94,858	-		99,092
Community Development		630,793	-		551,542
Natural Resources		115,805	46,548		6,500
Aging & Health		30,703	1,506		203,885
Total business-type activities		1,032,610	50,036		1,022,246
Total primary government	\$	78,419,653	\$ -	\$	1,022,246
	-			_	

General revenues:

Regional appropriations (unrestricted) Interest income Miscellaneous income Transfers Total general revenues and transfers Change in net position

Net position-beginning

Net position-ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes In Net Position						
Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total				
\$-	\$ (1,384,319)	\$-	\$ (1,384,319)				
10,770,594	(696,465)	÷ _	(696,465)				
5,811,905	7,105	-	7,105				
2,764,717	(690,540)	-	(690,540)				
4,816,100	(691,926)	-	(691,926)				
3,364,412	(528,419)	-	(528,419)				
12,618,887	30,226	-	30,226				
3,205,819	854	-	854				
29,621,481	(409,608)	-	(409,608)				
72,973,915	(4,363,092)	-	(4,363,092)				
-	-	(1,206)	(1,206)				
-	-	4,234	4,234				
-	-	(79,251)	(79,251)				
-	-	(155,853)	(155,853)				
-	-	171,676	171,676				
-	-	(60,400)	(60,400)				
\$ 72,973,915	(4,363,092)	(60,400)	(4,423,492)				

4,863,980	-	4,863,980
42,715	-	42,715
124,227	-	124,227
(60,400)	60,400	-
4,970,522	60,400	5,030,922
607,430	-	607,430
6,649,015		6,649,015
\$ 7,256,445	\$ -	\$ 7,256,445

Atlanta Regional Commission Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

100570	General	Transportation Programs	Workforce Development	Aging Programs	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,219,745	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Receivables from grantors	418,560	φ - 6,190,042	- 4,946,435	- 7,516,867	
Prepaid items	92,152	800	4,940,400	7,510,007	
Due from other funds	11,030,375	205,385	586,987	218,333	
Advances due from subgrantee agencies	-	200,000		34,236	
Total assets	\$ 17,760,832	\$ 6,396,227	\$ 5,533,422	\$ 7,769,436	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Salaries payable	\$ 417,391	\$ -	 \$ -	\$ -	
Accounts payable	1,449,372	2,585,663	1,252,882	531.635	
Due to other funds	4,674,481	3,433,956	3,492,692	2,638,758	
Advances from grantor agencies	-	-,,	-, - ,	1,461,185	
Due to subgrantee agencies	-	177,260	725,768	3,137,858	
Unearned revenue	5,125	199,348	62,080	-	
Other liabilities	552,843	-	-	-	
Total liabilities	7,099,212	6,396,227	5,533,422	7,769,436	
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaids	92,152	800	_	_	
Committed for:	52,152	000			
Special Programs	136.662	-	_	-	
Unassigned	10,432,806	(800)	-	-	
Total fund balances	10,661,620				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 17,760,832	\$ 6,396,227	\$ 5,533,422	\$ 7,769,436	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the

statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial

resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.

Long-term liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the funds:

Accrued compensated absences

Net pension liability

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of Information Systems to individual funds. The net cumulative effect of internal service fund capital outlays and related depreciation charges to other funds are included in capital assets of the governmental activities in the statement of net position.

Other long-term assets and deferred outflows resources of are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are either reported as unavailable or not reported in the funds:

Deferred outflows related to pension

Net position of governmental activities

Natural Resources	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
\$ - 222,137 3,420,539 - \$ 3,642,676	\$ - 1,090,397 - 107,662 - - \$ 1,198,059	\$ 6,219,745 20,384,438 92,952 15,569,281 34,236 \$ 42,300,652			
\$ - 476,961 685,676 - 2,480,039 - 3,642,676	\$ - 332,649 779,293 -	\$ 417,391 6,629,162 15,704,856 1,461,185 4,040,886 2,832,709 552,843 31,639,032			
- - - \$ 3,642,676	- - - \$ 1,198,059	92,952 136,662 <u>10,432,006</u> 10,661,620			

2,097,268

(1,251,639)
(1,221,057)
(8,017,917)
(130,572)

5,118,742

\$ 7,256,445

Atlanta Regional Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	General	Transportation Programs	Workforce Development		
REVENUES	• • • • • • • • •	•	•		
Regional appropriations	\$ 4,863,980	\$	\$ -		
From grantor agencies	-	20,897,374	12,618,887		
indirect cost recovery-grantor agencies	5,583,545	-	-		
Dept indirect cost recovery-grantor agencies	1,117,964	-	-		
Interest income	42,715	-	-		
Subgrantee match	-	1,826,025	-		
Other income	124,227	-	-		
Total revenues	11,732,431	22,723,399	12,618,887		
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
General government	10,067,063	-	-		
Transportation Access & Mobility	-	11,520,931	-		
Mobility Services	-	5,811,906	-		
Community Development	-	2,476,712	-		
Natural Resources	-	-	-		
Research & Analytics	-	3,886,761	-		
Workforce Solutions	-	-	12,618,887		
Homeland Security & Recovery	-	-	-		
Aging & Health		557,853			
Total expenditures	10,067,063	24,254,163	12,618,887		
Excess (deficit) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	1,665,368	(1,530,764)			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers in	218,132	1,530,764	-		
Transfers out	(3,505,934)	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,287,802)	1,530,764			
Net change in fund balances	(1,622,434)	-	-		
Fund balances-beginning	12,284,054				
Fund balances-ending	\$ 10,661,620	\$-	\$		

Aging Programs	Natural Resources	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 4,863,980
¥ 27,723,428	Ф 4,816,100	ф 3,751,900	φ 4,000,000 69,807,689
-	-	-	5,583,545
-	-	-	1,117,964
-	-	-	42,715
1,340,201	-	-	3,166,226
-	-	-	124,227
29,063,629	4,816,100	3,751,900	84,706,346
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - 5,527,832 - - - - - -	- - 1,001,732 - 38,216 - 3,212,759 -	10,067,063 11,520,931 5,811,906 3,478,444 5,527,832 3,924,977 12,618,887 3,212,759 30,105,581
29,547,728	5,527,832	4,252,707	86,268,380
(484,099)	(711,732)	(500,807)	(1,562,034)
484,099	711,732	500,807	3,445,534 (3,505,934)
484,099	711,732	500,807	(60,400)
-	-	-	(1,622,434)
			12,284,054
\$-	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	\$ 10,661,620

Atlanta Regional Commission Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances-total governmental funds	\$ (1,622,434)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. When assets are sold or retired, the difference in the sales proceeds, if any, and the net book value of the assets is reported in the Statement of Activities as a gain or loss. In the current period, these amounts are:	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	2,244,787 (336,317) 1,908,470
Internal service fund expenses related to the usage of capital assets are included in the statement of activities. However, these transactions are not reported in governmental funds. In the current period, the effect of internal service fund depreciation expense is:	
Internal service fund capital outlays Internal service fund depreciation expense Net effect of Internal service fund expenses related to the usage of capital assets	(77,044) 114,185 37,141
Some items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. These activities consist of:	
Compensated absences Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources related to pension Deferred inflows of resources related to pension	(49,761) 6,207,123 (1,145,317) (4,727,792) 284,253
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 607,430

Atlanta Regional Commission General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget-		
	Original			Final		Actual Amounts		ve (Negative)
REVENUES								
Regional appropriations Agencywide central support services	\$	4,863,980	\$	4,863,980	\$	4,863,980	\$	-
indirect cost recovery from grantor agencies Departmental indirect cost recovery		5,393,051		5,418,770		5,583,545		164,775
from grantor agencies		1,132,277		1,128,059		1,117,964		(10,095)
Interest income		18,000		18,000		42,715		24,715
Other income		-		-		124,227		124,227
Total revenues		11,407,308		11,428,809		11,732,431		303,622
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Personnel		3,029,296		3,073,563		3,053,219		20,344
Fringe benefits		1,695,057		1,719,846		1,641,048		78,798
Travel		117,300		117,300		106,816		10,484
Equipment		275,500		275,500		52,352		223,148
Supplies		27,700		27,700		58,337		(30,637)
Contractual		1,150,000		1,250,000		1,026,887		223,113
Indirect costs		214,182		253,553		267,150		(13,597)
Other expenditures		1,272,605		1,272,605		1,693,511		(420,906)
Total expenditures		7,781,640		7,990,067		7,899,320		90,747
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over(under) expenditures		3,625,668		3,438,742		3,833,111		394,369
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		443,200		443,200		218,132		(225,068)
Transfers out		(4,061,411)		(3,801,807)		(3,505,934)		295,873
Total other financing sources (uses)		(3,618,211)		(3,358,607)		(3,287,802)		70,805
Net change in fund balances		7,457		80,135		545,309		465,174
Reconcilation to GAAP basis: Unbudgeted capital expenditures		-		-		2,167,743		-
Fund balances-beginning		12,284,054		12,284,054		12,284,054		-
Fund balances-ending	\$	12,291,511	\$	12,364,189	\$	10,661,620	\$	465,174

Atlanta Regional Commission Transportation Programs Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						-	riance with nal Budget-	
	Original		Final		Act	ual Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
From grantor agencies	\$	27,075,934	\$	27,329,257	\$	20,897,374	\$	(6,431,883)	
Subgrantee match		827,973		1,265,668		1,826,025		560,357	
Total revenues		27,903,907		28,594,925		22,723,399		(5,871,526)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Personnel		4,328,474		4,320,476		4,017,644		302,832	
Fringe benefits		2,239,114		2,234,634		2,132,051		102,583	
Travel		112,500		112,500		102,256		10,244	
Equipment		35,000		35,000		137,941		(102,941)	
Supplies		26,000		22,000		7,023		14,977	
Contractual		16,695,564		17,632,564		12,028,092		5,604,472	
Subgrantee matching costs		1,042,973		1,130,973		1,516,168		(385,195)	
Indirect costs		2,922,609		2,917,056		2,735,401		181,655	
Other expenditures		2,732,691		2,131,599		1,577,587		554,012	
Total expenditures		30,134,925		30,536,802		24,254,163		6,282,639	
Excess (deficit) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(2,231,018)		(1,941,877)		(1,530,764)		411,113	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		2,231,018		1,941,877		1,530,764		(411,113)	
Transfers out		-		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,231,018		1,941,877		1,530,764		(411,113)	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances-beginning									
Fund balances-ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

Atlanta Regional Commission Workforce Development Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amou	ints			-	riance with nal Budget-	
	Original			Final	Act	ual Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
From grantor agencies	\$	9,403,898	\$	9,403,898	\$	12,618,887	\$	3,214,989	
Total revenues		9,403,898		9,403,898		12,618,887		3,214,989	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Personnel		1,034,684		1,034,684		1,319,863		(285,179)	
Fringe benefits		516,214		516,214		598,579		(82,365)	
Travel		27,500		27,500		52,206		(24,706)	
Equipment		-		-		1,380		(1,380)	
Supplies		14,500		14,500		60,531		(46,031)	
Contractual		6,575,000		6,575,000		9,168,452		(2,593,452)	
Indirect costs		592,464		592,464		732,846		(140,382)	
Other expenditures		643,536		643,536		685,030		(41,494)	
Total expenditures		9,403,898		9,403,898		12,618,887		(3,214,989)	
Excess (deficit) of revenues									
over expenditures		-		-				-	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances-beginning		-		-					
Fund balances-ending	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

Atlanta Regional Commission Aging Programs Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			Variance with Final Budget-	
	Original			Final	Actual Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES								
From grantor agencies	\$	24,552,620	\$	24,020,580	\$	27,723,428	\$	3,702,848
Subgrantee match		-		691,338		1,340,201		648,863
Total revenues		24,552,620		24,711,918		29,063,629		4,351,711
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Personnel		2,862,272		2,910,684		2,822,824		87,860
Fringe benefits		1,588,500		1,615,611		1,468,184		147,427
Travel		62,360		62,360		59,554		2,806
Equipment		-		-		29,023		(29,023)
Supplies		18,324		18,324		63,417		(45,093)
Contractual		17,887,275		17,942,202		20,560,800		(2,618,598)
Subgrantee matching costs		-		-		1,340,201		(1,340,201)
Indirect costs		1,342,629		1,371,479		1,639,162		(267,683)
Other expenditures		1,346,542		1,346,544		1,564,563		(218,019)
Total expenditures		25,107,902		25,267,204		29,547,728		(4,280,524)
Excess (deficit) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(555,282)		(555,286)		(484,099)		71,187
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in		555,282		555,286		484,099		(71,187)
Total other financing sources (uses)		555,282		555,286		484,099		(71,187)
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-
Fund balances-beginning		-		_		-		-
Fund balances-ending	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	-

Atlanta Regional Commission Natural Resources Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	Αmoι	unts			-	iance with al Budget-
	Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	Positiv	ve (Negative)
REVENUES							
From grantor agencies	\$ 4,194,705	\$	4,279,230	\$	4,816,100	\$	536,870
Total revenues	 4,194,705		4,279,230		4,816,100		536,870
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Personnel	829,297		820,003		768,837		51,166
Fringe benefits	432,498		414,499		392,207		22,292
Travel	21,100		21,100		25,340		(4,240)
Equipment	5,000		5,000		15,922		(10,922)
Supplies	2,500		2,500		1,435		1,065
Contractual	2,918,500		3,048,500		3,541,835		(493,335)
Indirect costs	561,506		549,360		516,665		32,695
Other expenditures	 347,141		374,859		265,591		109,268
Total expenditures	 5,117,542		5,235,821		5,527,832		(292,011)
Excess (deficit) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 (922,837)		(956,591)		(711,732)		244,859
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	922,837		956,591		711,732		(244,859)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 922,837		956,591		711,732		(244,859)
Net change in fund balances	 		-		-		-
Fund balances-beginning	 -		-		-		-
Fund balances-ending	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	

Atlanta Regional Commission Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

	Busi Ac	n-Major ness-type ctivities prise Funds	Ac	ernmental tivities Service Fund
ASSETS				
Current assets				
Due from other funds	\$	131,382	\$	4,193
Total current assets		131,382		4,193
Noncurrent assets				
Capital assets:				
Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation		-		130,572
Total noncurrent assets		-		130,572
Total assets		131,382		134,765
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Unearned revenue Due to subgrantee agencies Other liabilities and customer deposits Total current liabilities Total liabilities		92,347 33,726 528 4,781 131,382 131,382		134,765 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
NET POSITION Investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit) Total net position		-	\$	130,572 (130,572)
	Ψ	-	Ψ	-

Atlanta Regional Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Bu	Ion-Major siness-type Activities rprise Funds	A	vernmental Activities I Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$	1,022,246	\$	1,976,513
Total revenues		1,022,246		1,976,513
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Personnel		74,995		566,077
Fringe benefits		39,379		311,341
Travel		12,593		3,045
Equipment		2,408		51,729
Supplies		824		1,965
Contractual		724,535		69,456
Depreciation		-		114,185
Indirect costs		50,036		298,322
Other operating expenses		177,876		560,393
Total expenses		1,082,646		1,976,513
Operating income (loss)				
before transfers		(60,400)		-
TRANSFERS				
Transfers in		278,532		-
Transfers out		(218,132)		-
Total transfers		60,400		-
Change in net position		-		-
Total net position - beginning		-		
Total net position - ending	\$	-	\$	-

Atlanta Regional Commission Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Bus A	on-Major iness-type ctivities prise Funds	Δ	vernmental activities Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,044,008	\$	1,976,513
Payments to suppliers		(735,267)		(64,101)
Payments to employees		(126,967)		(880,463)
Receipts from interfund services provided		(1,982)		-
Payments for interfund services used		(48,054)		(394,512)
Other payments		(192,138)		(560,393)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(60,400)		77,044
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Transfer from other funds		278,532		-
Transfers to other funds		(218,132)		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		60,400		
The cash provided (used) by honcapital infancing activities		00,400		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:				
Purchases of capital assets		-		(77,044)
Net cash provided (used) for capital and related financing activities				(77,044)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-		-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		-		-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	-	\$	-
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)	\$	(60,400)	\$	-
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	Ψ	(00,400)	Ψ	
Depreciation expense		-		114,185
Change in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(117,764)		(4,193)
(Increase) decrease in unearned revenue		26,226		-
(Increase) decrease in deposits and advances		500		-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other payables		91,538		59,049
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(500)		(91,997)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(60,400)	\$	77,044

Atlanta Regional Commission Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds December 31, 2017

	Pension/OPEB Trust Funds
ASSETS	
Receivables	
Accrued interest	\$ 381
Due from employees	343,650
Investments, at fair value	
Short term	471,735
Fixed	15,540,658
Equities	46,107,491
Total investments	62,119,884
Total assets	62,463,915
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Total liabilities	<u> </u>
	17,022
NET POSITION	
Restricted for pension benefits	52,014,455
Restricted for OPEB	10,435,138
	\$ 62,449,593

Atlanta Regional Commission Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Pension/OPEB Trust Funds	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions:		
Atlanta Regional Commission		
Pension fund	\$	1,886,796
Employees		
Pension fund		687,675
		2,574,471
Investment earnings:		
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair value of investments		7,409,780
Interest and dividends		1,397,905
Total investment earnings		8,807,685
Less investment expense		(38,568)
Net investment income (expenses)		8,769,117
Total additions		11,343,588
DEDUCTIONS		
Plan disbursements:		
Benefits paid		2,426,180
Premiums paid		214,561
Administrative expenses		49,069
Total deductions		2,689,810
Net Increase (decrease) in Net Position		8,653,778
Net Position - Beginning of year		53,795,815
Net Position - End of year	\$	62,449,593

I. Summary of significant accounting policies

A. Reporting entity

The Atlanta Regional Commission (ARC or the Commission) is a regional planning and intergovernmental coordination agency in the Atlanta Region created pursuant to legislation of the Georgia General Assembly. It is governed by a 39 member Board which consists of: all county commission chairs; two mayors from Fulton County; one mayor from each of the other 9 counties; the mayor of Atlanta; one member of the Atlanta City Council; 15 private citizens; and one member from the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The region has grown to its current size of 10 counties and 62 municipalities and is one of the 12 regional commissions in Georgia. Counties included in the region are Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Fulton, Gwinnett, Henry and Rockdale. The accompanying financial statements present the Commission's operations. Using the criteria set forth in GASB's 14, 34, 39 and 61, the Commission has no blended or discretely presented component units.

B. Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; with the exception of all interfund services provided and used. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by regional appropriations, intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees, charges and information sales.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirement of a particular function or segment. Regional appropriations and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Regional appropriations are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are due. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period if available. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant or contract requirements have been met. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Dues from member counties, interest and grant revenue associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All business-type revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the Commission.

The ARC reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the ARC's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Commission, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *transportation programs fund* is used to account for Georgia Department of Transportation Funded Unified (Transportation) Planning Work Program and Special Transportation Projects – within the following elements of the Commission's work program:

Transportation Access & Mobility Mobility Services Community Development Research & Analytics

The Federal Railroad Administration, the Federal Transit Administration, the Federal Aviation Administration, and the Georgia Department of Transportation provide grant funding.

The *workforce development fund* is used to account for the operations within the Workforce Solutions element of the Commission's work program. Funding is provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, through the Governor's Office of Workforce Development and other miscellaneous sources.

The *aging programs fund* is used to account for the operations of several subelements within the Aging & Health Resources element of the Commission's work program. Funding is provided by the U.S. Departments of Labor, Agriculture and Health and Human Services via the Georgia Department of Human Resources (Ga.DHR), from Ga.DHR, in-kind services provided by local service delivery agencies, and transfers from the Commission's General Fund.

The *natural resources fund* is used to account for selected operations of the Natural Resources subelement within the work program of Natural Resource Planning. Funding is provided by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency via the Environmental Protection Division of the Georgia Department of Natural Resources, a contract with the Metropolitan North Georgia Planning District, contracts with local governmental entities, and transfers from the Commission's General Fund.

The ARC has no major enterprise funds and instead combines all activities of the enterprise funds for reporting purposes.

Additionally, the ARC reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

The *internal service fund* accounts for data processing services provided to other divisions of the Commission, on a cost reimbursement basis.

The *pension and other post employment benefit trust funds* account for the activities of the Employees Retirement System, which accumulates resources for pension and OPEB benefit payments to qualified ARC employees.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the ARC's enterprise fund and internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise fund and internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and net position or fund equity

1. Deposits and investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

For reporting purposes, all investments reported by the Commission are recorded at fair value. The fair value of the Commission's investments is the value of the pool shares. (Also see Note III.A.)

2. Internal Balances and Due to/from Other Funds

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter-fund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are also reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the government activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

3. Prepaid items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than purchased.

4. Capital assets

Capital assets, which include furniture, fixtures, vehicles, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Commission as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the internal service fund, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Vehicles	5
Equipment	5
Furniture	7
Fixtures	7
Leasehold Improvements	15

5. Compensated absences

The ARC policies allow an employee to accumulate up to 360 hours of vacation pay and up to 525 hours of sick leave at December 31. Sick leave hours are accumulated at 3.0 hours per two-week pay period and vacation hours are accumulated at approximately 3.5 hours or more per two-week pay period, depending upon the years of service. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the ARC does not have a policy to pay any amounts for accumulated sick leave when employees separate from service with the Commission. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements.

In accordance with GAAP, in the fund financial statements, all of the compensated absences relating to vacation pay are considered long-term and, therefore, are not a fund liability and represent a reconciling item between the fund level and government-wide presentations.

6. Long-term obligations

Compensated absences due in more than one year which are reported in the government-wide financial statements, are the only long-term obligation of the Commission. The estimate of the long-term portion was computed by deducting a 3 year average of current year cost from the total obligation at year end.

7. Categories and classifications of fund balance

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The term "proceeds of specific revenue sources" establishes that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. Restricted or committed specific revenue sources should comprise a substantial portion of the fund's resources. If revenues are initially received in another fund, they should not be reported as revenues in the fund receiving them; instead, they should be recognized in the special revenue fund where they will be spent. The proceeds from these special revenue sources should be expected to continue to comprise a substantial portion of inflows.

The following classifications are used by the Atlanta Regional Commission:

- a. *Nonspendable Fund Balance*: the portion of a fund balance that includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in a spendable form (prepaid items, inventories of supplies) or be legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- b.*Restricted Fund Balance*: the portion of a fund balance that reflects constraints placed on the use of resources other than nonspendable items that are either externally imposed by creditors (grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments), or be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. *Committed Fund Balance*: the portion of a fund balance that includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board and remain binding unless removed in the same manner.
- d. *Assigned Fund Balance*: the portion of a fund balance that includes amounts that are constrained by the Agency's intent to be used for specific purposes but that are neither restricted nor committed, as established by the Board.
- e. *Unassigned Fund Balance*: that portion of a fund balance that includes amounts that do not fall into one of the above categories. The General Fund is the only fund that should report a positive unassigned balance.

The ARC uses restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit the use of restricted fund balance, such as grant agreements that require a dollar match. Additionally, the ARC would then use committed, assigned and lastly unassigned amounts from the unrestricted fund balance when expending funds.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the agency's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Atlanta Regional Commission that can, by resolution, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action (resolution) is taken to remove or revise the limitation. The Executive Director or his designee may assign fund balance. The ARC Fund Balance Policy outlining these procedures was adopted by the ARC Budget and Audit Committee on June 26, 2013.

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Commission only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred outflows relating to Pension.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Commission has only one item, deferred inflows relating to pension, that qualifies for reporting in this category.

II. Stewardship, compliance, and accountability

A. Budgetary information

Budgets for the general, special revenue funds, and proprietary funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. A proposed budget and work program for the ensuing fiscal year is submitted by the ARC Director to the Commission's Board during October of each year. The budget is prepared by cost centers within each fund and is organized into a General Fund budget, a budget for each special revenue fund and a combined total budget. The budget must be balanced. The Board votes to adopt the budget for the ensuing fiscal year, subject to amendment or modification, during its November-December meeting. The Director may, without explicit Board approval, authorize budget revisions if: (1) the cumulative absolute value of transfers among object classes within a fund does not exceed five percent of the total disbursements budget; (2) it causes no significant modifications or additions to the work program; and (3) the combined total disbursement budget is not increased. All other revisions are subject to the approval of the Board. In November or December of each year, the Commission adopts the final amendment to its current year budget incorporating all changes made during the year either administratively by the Director or by Board action.

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) for each legally adopted grant award is at the object level.

The budget is organized on a "fund" basis. A fund is an accounting entity used to account for revenues of like sources. The structure of funds at the ARC is as follows:

The Governmental Funds group accounts for funds received from other units of government or otherwise used in financing the routine operations of the ARC. The two types of funds within this category are:

- 1. General Fund. The General Fund is the basic operating fund of the ARC. It is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in another category.
- 2. Special Revenue Funds. These funds account for proceeds from specific revenue sources other than fiduciary functions and proprietary functions. For the ARC, grant funds are accounted for in Special Revenue funds.

The Proprietary Funds group accounts for funds received in the course of the operation of selfsupporting functions that receive their revenues from providing goods or services to internal or external customers. The two types of funds that make up this category are:

- 1. Enterprise Funds. Enterprise Funds account for operations carried out and financed like a business operation, usually designated to be self-supporting through fees for services and generating revenues from outside sources. Enterprise Funds are budgeted as separate cost centers but as integral parts of the work programs.
- 2. Internal Service Fund (ISF). An ISF accounts for financing goods or services provided by an organizational unit of the ARC to other units of the ARC, on a self-liquidating, fee-for-service basis. The ARC has one ISF, for Information Systems use and support, funded in this manner.

The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held in a trust capacity, not available for the ARC expenditure, but held and used in accordance with the direction of the donor party. Due to their nature, fiduciary funds do not require annual budget action.

Many inter-fund transactions take place within the finances of the ARC, resulting in monies flowing back and forth between funds. For example, the ARC matching shares for grants are paid from the General Fund to Special Revenue Funds while Special Revenue Funds pay indirect charges to the General Fund and fees for services to the Internal Service Fund.

B. Excess of expenditures over appropriations

For the year ended December 31, 2017:

General Fund exceeded budget in Supplies, Indirect costs and Other expenditures by \$30,637, \$13,597 and \$420,906 respectively. Supplies and Other expenditures exceeded budget due to the move to new building at 229 Peachtree Street in June. Indirect costs exceeded budget due adding new staff for a new program in 2017.

Equipment costs exceeded budget by \$102,941 in the Transportation Fund due to adding additional computers, printer and digital storage. Subgrantee match exceeded budget by \$385,195 increase due to new grants executed.

In the Workforce fund, personnel, fringe and indirect costs exceeded budget by \$285,179, \$82,365 and \$140,382, respectively, due to addition of new staff members. Equipment, supplies and other expenditures exceeded budget by \$1,380, \$46,031 and \$41,494, due to the move to the new building. Travel exceeded budget by \$24,706 due to increased trips to career centers. Contract exceeded budget by \$2,593,452 because of additional funding allocated by the state in 2017. Indirect cost exceeded budget by \$140,382 due to an increase in cost pool rate.

Aging fund expenditures exceeded budget in contracts and subgrantee match by \$2,618,598 and \$1,340,201 respectively. These expenditures exceeded budget due to extended and new grants added during the year. Equipment, Supplies and Other expenditures exceeded budget by \$29,023, \$45,093 and \$218,019 respectively, due to the move to the new building. Indirect cost expenditures exceed budget by \$267,683 due to an increase in cost pool rate.

Natural Resources exceeded its equipment budget by \$10,922 due to the purchase of additional computers. Travel exceeded budget by \$4,240 due to increased effort in Water Supply and Conservation. Contracts exceeded budget by \$493,335 due to increased expenditures in Water Wars.

III. Detailed notes on all funds

A. Deposits and investments

At December 31, 2017, the Commission's carrying amount of cash deposits and equivalents for all funds, except for the Pension Trust Fund and OPEB Trust Fund was \$6,219,745. The deposits and investments of the Pension Trust Fund and OPEB Trust Fund are held separately from other Commission funds.

The Commission's investments other than for the Pension Trust Fund are made in the State of Georgia's Local Government Investment Pool (Georgia Fund 1). Georgia Fund 1 is regulated by the oversight of the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital investment income, liquidity and diversification. The pool consists of U. S. Treasury obligations, securities issued or guaranteed by the U. S. Government or any of its agencies or instrumentalities, banker acceptances, overnight and term repurchase agreements with highly rated counterparties, and collateralized bank accounts. Fair value of the investment in Georgia Fund 1 is

equal to the value of the pool of shares. As of December 31, 2017, the Georgia Fund 1 had a weighted average maturity of 9 days and a credit rating of AAAf by Standard & Poor's. The Commission has classified the Georgia Fund 1 funds as cash and cash equivalents: therefore, at December 31, 2017, cash includes \$2,878,406 in Georgia Fund 1.

Custodial credit risk – deposits and investments

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties or municipalities. As of December 31, 2017, the Commission was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The amounts included in the Pension and OPEB Trust Funds as Investments are \$62,119,884.

This is invested as follows:

Short-term Investments	\$471,735
Fixed Income Securities	15,540,658
Equity Securities	46,107,491
	\$62,119,884

As of December 31, 2017, the ARC's Credit and Interest Rate Risk related to Fixed Income Securities is as follows:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Duration(Years)	Weighted Average Quality
Cohen Steers Preferred Sec	\$ 2,055,031	4.7	BB
Dodge & Cox Income Fund	4,246,189	4.2	BBB
Pimco Income Fund	4,668,498	2.4	A-
Diversified Income Fund	4,570,940	5.0	BAA+
	\$15,540,658	_	

Credit risk

Georgia law and the ARC Policy authorizes the Commission to invest in obligations of the United States (and of its agencies and instrumentalities); bonds or certificates of indebtedness of the State of Georgia (and of its agencies and instrumentalities); repurchase agreements where the underlying security is one of the foregoing, certificates of deposit; and in the State of Georgia's Local Government Investment Pool (Georgia Fund 1). The Pension and OPEB Trust Funds are also authorized to invest in securities consistent with ERISA prudence and diversity of risk standards, even though the Pension Trust Fund and OPEB Trust Fund need not legally conform to such ERISA requirements.

Interest Rate risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the Commission's Investment Policy adopts the following asset mix to achieve the lowest level of risk for the plan: Domestic securities between 20% and 55%, International equity securities between 5% and 20%, Domestic fixed income securities between 15% and 30% and Real return securities between 10% and 50%.

The ARC categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. Fair value is the exchange price that would be received for an asset (exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for an asset in an orderly transaction

between market participants on the measurement date. There are three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair values:

Level 1 inputs utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets that the entity has the ability to access.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset in active markets, as well as inputs that are observable for the asset (other than quoted prices), such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset which are typically based on the entity's own assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity.

The ARC's recurring fair value measurements as of December 31, 2017, fixed income securities and equity securities, are classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the ARC's individual major funds and non-major funds are as follows:

Receivables:	Due from Grantor	<u>Advances due</u> <u>from</u> Subgrantees	<u>Gross</u> <u>Receivables</u>
General Fund	\$ 418,560	\$ -	\$ 418,560
Transportation Programs	6,190,042	-	6,190,042
Workforce Development	4,946,435	-	4,946,435
Natural Resources	222,137	-	222,137
Aging Programs	7,516,867	34,236	7,551,103
Nonmajor Governmental			
Funds	1,090,397		1,090,397
Total	<u>\$20,384,438</u>	\$ 34,236	<u>\$20,418,674</u>

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds report *unearned revenue* in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds, enterprise funds, governmental activities, and business-type activities were as follows:

Unearned
\$ 3,299
1,826
22,707
63,774
112,867
60,855
1,225
2,399,845
80,108
86

GARC MAP-21 Project	3,978
ALFI Administration	19,145
Transformation Alliance	12,994
DCA LUCA 18	50,000
LINK	19,464
Arts & Culture ALMA	<u>14,262</u>
Total unearned revenue	<u>\$2,866,435</u>

C. Capital assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

Primary Government

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Equipment	\$ 277,983	\$ 661,391	\$ -	\$ 939,374
Furnishings	968,932	941,453	-	1,910,385
Software	294,876	-	-	294,876
Hardware	631,276	77,044	-	708,320
Leasehold Improvements		564,899		564,899
Total capital assets being depreciated	2,173,067	2,244,787	-	4,417,854
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Equipment	(264,768)	(102,394)	-	(367,162)
Furnishings	(961,062)	(100,908)	-	(1,061,970)
Software	(294,876)	-	-	(294,876)
Hardware	(463,563)	(114,185)	-	(577,748)
Leasehold Improvements		(18,830)		(18,830)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,984,269)	(336,317)	-	(2,320,586)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 188,798</u>	<u>\$ 1,908,470</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,097,268</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the government as follows: Governmental Activities:

Sovernmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 222,132
Internal Service Fund	114,185
	<u>\$ 336,317</u>

D. Inter-fund receivables, payables, and transfers

Due to/from other funds:

All cash accounts are held by the General Fund which results in payables between the General Fund and all other funds. These inter-fund balances represent short-term loans between the respective funds. The composition of inter-fund balances as of December 31, 2017, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund	Transportation Programs	\$ 3,433,956
General Fund	Workforce Development	3,492,692
General Fund	Aging Programs	2,638,758
General Fund	Natural Resources	685,676
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	779,293
General Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	-
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	-
		11,030,375
Transportation Programs	General Fund	205,385
Workforce Development	General Fund	586,987
Aging Programs	General Fund	218,333
Natural Resources	General Fund	3,420,539
		4,431,244
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	107,662
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	General Fund	131,382
		239,044
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	4,193
		\$ 15,704,856

Inter-fund transfers:

Funds are transferred from the General Fund to special revenue funds to provide for grant matching requirements and for under-funded projects. Transfers to and from enterprise funds are due to the over or under collection of revenues to cover their costs.

	General <u>Fund</u>	Major Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Non-Major Governmental <u>Funds</u>	Non-Major Enterprise <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Transfers In:					
From General Fund	\$ -	\$ 2,726,595	\$ 500,807	\$278,532	\$3,505,934
From Non-major Enterprise Funds	218,132	-	-	-	218,132
From Aging Programs	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers Out:					
To General Fund	-	-	-	(218,132)	(218,132)
To Transportation Programs	(1,530,764)	-	-	-	(1,530,764)
To Workforce Development	-	-	-	-	-
To Aging Programs	(484,099)	-	-	-	(484,099)
To Natural Resources	(711,732)	-	-	-	(711,732)
To Non-major Governmental Funds	(500,807)	-	-	-	(500,807)
To Non-major Enterprise Funds	(278,532)	-	-	-	(278,532)
Total Transfers	\$(3,287,802)	\$ 2,726,595	\$ 500,807	\$ 60,400	\$ -

E. Leases

The ARC office has entered into a 15-year lease commencing July 2017 with Peachtree Center. The Loudermilk lease terminated July 2017. The Commission also leases office facilities and career resource centers for the Workforce Development Program. Clayton County career resource center has a 5-year lease term and Gwinnett County career resource has a 9-year lease term. Total cost for such leases were \$1,400,371 for the year ended December 31, 2017. The future minimum lease payments for these leases, subject to cancellation provisions, are as follows:

	Peachtree Center (Exp. 7/31/2032)	Clayton County <u>Office Space</u>	Gwinnett County <u>Office Space</u>	Total
	(Exp: //01/2002)	(Exp. 2/28/2022)	Exp. (8/31/2020)	<u>10tur</u>
2018	\$1,087,147	\$113,025	\$171,201	\$1,371,373
2019	1,119,774	116,431	176,353	1,412,558
2020	1,153,148	119,923	119,908	1,392,979
2021	1,187,518	123,537	-	1,311,055
2022	1,223,134	52,619	-	1,275,753
2023-2027	6,689,503	-	-	6,689,503
2028-2032	6,921,128	-	-	6,921,128
Total	\$19,381,352	\$525,535	\$467,462	\$20,374,348

F. Long-term debt

Changes in long-term liabilities:

Long-term liability activity for the year ended December 31, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Compensated Absences	\$1,201,878	\$977,435	\$927,674	\$1,251,639	\$1,009,572
Net Pension Liability	7,428,180	5,136,465	11,343,588	1,221,057	
	<u>\$8,630,058</u>	<u>\$6,113,900</u>	<u>\$12,271,262</u>	<u>\$2,472,696</u>	<u>\$1,009,572</u>

Compensated absences and the pension liability are liquidated by the General Fund.

IV. Other information

A. Risk management

The ARC has the responsibility for making and carrying out decisions that will minimize the adverse effects of accidental losses that involve the ARC's assets. Accordingly, commercial insurance coverages are obtained to include general liability, property and casualty, workers' compensation, employee and automobile liability, fidelity, public officials' liability and certain other risks. The amounts of settlements during each of the past three fiscal years have not exceeded insurance coverage.

The Commission has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the Commission is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The Commission is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the Commission in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the Commission within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation, or defense.

When applicable, the basis for estimating the liabilities for claims is an incurred but not reported calculation as established by an actuary. The ARC is not aware of any claims that the ARC is liable for the deductible amount, which were outstanding and unpaid as of December 31, 2017. No provisions have been made in the financial statements of the Commission for the year ended December 31, 2017, for any estimate of potential unpaid claims.

Additionally, the Commission provides health, dental and pharmaceutical coverage to its employees and

their dependents. On January 1, 2009, Blue Cross replaced the previous insurance program that the Agency provided.

The ARC believes it is more economical to retain the risk related to state unemployment compensation. The ARC sets aside sufficient assets (see Note IV.E.) for claim settlement and pays for such claims on a reimbursement basis as they become due. The amount of the committed assets for state unemployment compensation is adjusted to one percent of budgeted personnel costs or the total amount of estimated liabilities for unpaid claims, whichever is greater. The State of Georgia provides the ARC with notice of an unemployment compensation claim deemed eligible and the total amount of the ARC liability for the claim. At year-end, the following year's reserve is calculated at one percent of budgeted personnel costs plus projected liability of existing claims.

Basis for Estimating the Reserve for Unemployment Compensation

a) 1 percent of 2017 budgeted personnel cost	\$136,662
b) Total projected liability	
c) The sum of a) plus b) above	<u>\$136,662</u>

There have been no significant reductions of insurance coverage, and settlement amounts have not exceeded coverage, for the current year or the three prior years.

B. Regional Appropriations

The bulk of the revenues reported in the General Fund are received from the City of Atlanta and the ten counties within the Atlanta Region.

Georgia law stipulates a mandatory annual local funding formula, under which the ARC received the following amounts during 2017 from the local units of government:

Unit	Amount
City of Atlanta	\$ 292,136
Cherokee County	266,110
Clayton County	299,660
Cobb County	813,250
DeKalb County	779,792
Douglas County	154,900
Fayette County	125,530
Fulton County	815,842
Gwinnett County	966,810
Henry County	247,960
Rockdale County	101,990
Total	<u>\$4,863,980</u>

C. Subgrantee match and matching costs

Subgrantees in Government Funded Aging Programs and in Special Transportation Projects are required to provide matching funds. Subgrantees matching funds and matching costs are reported to the ARC and are included in the ARC's financial statements. Funds provided by the subgrantee, which exceed the required match, are not included in the ARC's financial statements.

D. Indirect cost rates

Agency-wide central support services costs are recorded in the General Fund as indirect costs in the ARC's accounting system and recovered from the grantor agencies, through the special revenue and proprietary funds based upon a predetermined indirect cost rate. Indirect costs are defined by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) Subpart A, as costs "(a) incurred for a common or joint purpose benefiting more than one cost objective, and (b) not readily assignable to the cost objectives specifically benefited, without effort disproportionate to the results achieved." Recently, the U.S. Department of Commerce has been designated as the cognizant agency for the federal government with responsibility for negotiation, approval and audit of the Commission's agency-wide central support services cost allocation plan. Previously, the Commission has submitted its plan to HHS annually for approval. Beginning with the cost allocation plan developed in 1983 for use in 1984, HHS notified the Commission annually prepare and retain its plan for approval by HHS. HHS only required that the Commission annually prepare and retain its plan for subsequent HHS review unless directed by HHS to submit the plan for approval. The Commission prepared and is retaining its plan for 2017. The plan established a fixed rate of 34 percent of direct salaries, wages and fringe benefits.

Departmental indirect costs for the departments Community Services and Livable Communities are recovered from grantor agencies through the cost centers managed by these departments within other special revenue or proprietary funds, based upon a predetermined indirect cost rate for each department. The Commission prepared a departmental indirect cost allocation plan for each department for 2017. The plans established a fixed rate with carry-forward of 4.2 percent for the Community Services Department and 10.5 percent for Livable Communities. The indirect cost rates are applied to the labor base, made up of salaries, wages, and fringe benefits charged directly to benefiting cost centers.

E. Committed for Specific Fund Purposes

Committed for Unemployment Self-Insurance. In 1985, the Commission established this commitment to provide for the direct reimbursement to the State of Georgia for unemployment compensation claims. See Note IV.A. for an explanation of the basis for establishing the amount of the designation. The 2017 target amount was \$136,662 (one percent of 2017 budgeted personnel costs).

Committed Fund Balance for Unemp	<u>oloyment</u>	
_	2017	<u>2016</u>
Balance - January 1	\$139,285	\$131,969
Claims processed against reserve	-	-
Increase (Decrease)	(2,623)	7,316
Balance - December 31	<u>\$136,662</u>	<u>\$139,285</u>

F. Contingent liabilities

Use of federal, state, and locally administered federal and other grant funds is subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grant. To the extent that such disallowances involve expenditures under subcontracted arrangements, the ARC generally has the right of recovery from such third parties. Some of these third parties are state or local governmental subrecipients or non-profit subrecipients which are covered by the audit provisions of U.S. Office of Management and Budget Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The Uniform Guidance requires subrecipients to have made periodic independent audits of their operations. The Uniform Guidance requires the ARC to obtain copies of such audits and permits the ARC to rely on such audits if they meet the requirements of the applicable Uniform Guidance.

Many of these subrecipients' audits for or including the year ended December 31, 2017 have not yet been performed. Accordingly, the ARC's compliance with the Uniform Guidance requirement will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of subrecipient expenditures which may be disallowed by the ARC after reviewing these subrecipients' audits cannot be determined at this time although the ARC expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial. Based upon prior experience and audit results, management believes that the ARC will not incur significant losses on possible grant disallowances.

The Commission and the Georgia Department of Human Resources have provided a portion of in-kind contributions through the use of donated space to subgrantees. The Administration on Aging (a unit of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services) made a determination in 1985 that donated space should not constitute administrative match. In addition, the Administration on Aging contended that funds allocated to the nutrition component could not be used in program administration. The Commission and the Georgia Department of Human Resources feel justified in using these funds as match and program administration and the Georgia Department of Human Resources has appealed to the federal court system to settle this issue. The State has recently elected to pay the principal portion of the amount in appeal to stop the accrual of interest. The Commission's general counsel has indicated that the possible liability, if any, to the Commission cannot be determined at this time. Therefore, no amounts have been provided for any possible loss in these basic financial statements.

The ARC is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the ARC's counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Commission.

G. Deferred Compensation Plan

The Atlanta Regional Commission Deferred Compensation Plans, defined contribution plans, were created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 403(b)/457 and are administered by the Atlanta Regional Commission. The plans allow employees to save a portion of their salary by making pre-tax contributions to the plans through automatic payroll deductions. All regular full and part time employees can participate with no waiting period and a six month waiting period for the employer match. Participation in the plans is optional. The ARC Board of Directors can amend plan provisions. There are several investment options available to employees through Lincoln Financial Group, Fidelity Investments and Vanguard. The Commission provides a 50% match to employee contributions for up to 3% of salaries. For the year ended December 31, 2017, employee contributions to the 403(b)/457 plans were \$713,227 while the Commission's contribution to the plans totaled \$113,440. The fair values of the Fidelity 403(b) and 457 plans at December 31, 2017 were \$4,320,395 and \$963,704, respectively. The fair values of the Lincoln 403(b) and 457 at December 31, 2017 were \$7,213,723 and \$226,669, respectively. The fair value of the Vanguard 403(b) at December 31, 2017 was \$748,882.

The Commission has only minor administrative involvement and does not perform any investing for the plan. Due to the fact the Commission's role in the management of the plan's assets is limited to transmitting payroll contributions to a third party administering the plan, the Commission does not report the assets of the plans in the Commission's financial statements.

H. Other post-employment benefits

Plan description. In addition to the pension benefits described in Note IV.I., the Commission provides post-employment health care benefits. These benefits are provided through a single employer, defined benefit plan which was established under the authority of, and may be amended by the ARC Board. Substantially all of the Commission's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Commission (or reach early retirement age with at least 25

years of service). Those and similar benefits for active employees are to be provided through an insurance company whose premiums will be based on the benefits paid during the year.

Effective January 1, 1988, the Commission began pre-funding those post-employment benefits by accruing the actuarially determined estimated cost of such benefits in the OPEB Trust Fund to the extent permitted under the Internal Revenue Code. The insurance premiums for eligible retirees will be paid by the OPEB Trust Fund. The most recent actuarial valuation of these benefits was as of January 1, 2017. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7 percent per year, compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 3.00 percent per year, compounded annually, and (c) the monthly health and dental insurance premium paid by the plan on behalf of single retirees under age 65 is assumed to be \$570.72 per month and the premium paid on behalf of married retirees who have earned at least 20 years of service as of January 1, 2004), \$781.74 per month (for those future retirees who have earned at least 12 years of service as of January 1, 2004), or \$570.72 otherwise.

At age 65 and older, the premiums are assumed to be \$304.32 for single retirees and \$602.94 for married retires. All premiums are assumed to increase at the rate of 5.00% per year after 2017.

The Plan issues a stand-alone financial report. This report can be obtained from the Atlanta Regional Commission at the following address:

Atlanta Regional Commission Financial Services Division 229 Peachtree Street, NE Suite 100 Atlanta, GA 30303

Funding Policy. The policy regarding the amount of contributions to the plan is established, and may be amended, by the ARC Board. Contributions for the year ended December 31, 2017 were based upon actuarial calculations made from the January 1, 2016 census data.

Annual OPEB Cost. The contribution for the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2017 was \$0, in accordance with actuarially determined contribution requirements determined through an actuarial valuation performed at January 1, 2016. The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2017 and the two preceding years were as follows:

		Percentage of	
	Annual	Annual OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributed	Obligation(Asset)
12/31/2015	\$108,989	100%	\$0
12/31/2016	\$0	100%	\$0
12/31/2017	\$0	100%	\$0

Funding status and progress. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on

the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The "Aggregate Cost Method" was used to determine the recommended contribution for the 401(h) medical accounts. Under the "aggregate cost method", there is no unfunded actuarial accrued liability determined and amortized. As a result, the information about the funded status and funding progress presented below is done using the entry age actuarial cost method, which is intended to serve as a surrogate for the funding progress information of the plan.

Funding status and progress. The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2017 was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$5,412,822
Actuarial Value of plan assets	<u>9,225,050</u>
Unfunded (Overfunded) actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	<u>\$(3,812,228)</u>
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets / AAL)	170.4%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$11,970,540
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	(31.9%)

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Assumptions.

Date of Last Actuarial Valuation	January 1, 2017
(a) Actuarial Cost Method	Aggregate
(b) Rate of Return on Investments	7.0%
(c) Projected Salary Increase	3.0%
(d) Post-employment Benefit Increase	n/a
(e) Inflation Rate	2.5% Included in
	projected salary increase
(f) Healthcare Trend Rate	5.0%
(g) Amortization Method of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability	level dollar
(h) Remaining Amortization Period	11 years
(i) Asset Valuation Method	Two year average market value

As of January 1, 2017, the number of plan participants included 46 retirees receiving benefits and 166 active employees.

I. Employee retirement systems and pension plans

Defined benefit plan

Plan description. The ARC maintains, Atlanta Regional Commission Plan, a single employer, contributory, defined benefit retirement plan (the Plan) covering substantially all employees. Effective January 1, 2015, the Plan implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans - an amendment of GASB Statement

No. 25, which significantly changed the disclosures required related to the Plan. The Plan provides retirement, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. U.S. Bank administers the Plan as trustee. Control over the operation and administration of the Plan, except investment decisions, is vested in the trustee along with custody of certain Plan assets. An independent third party investment advisor makes investment recommendations which must be approved by the Plans' board. The Plan provides that the ARC has no liability with respect to payments or benefits or otherwise under the Plan except to pay over to the trustee such actuarially determined contributions as are required under Georgia Code §47-20-10 and to provide the benefits thereunder. If terminated, the Plan provides that if there are funds remaining after the satisfaction of all liabilities such funds shall not revert to the ARC but shall be allocated to the employees.

The Plan was formed under the authority of the ARC board of directors and the board has the authority to amend and/or terminate the Plan at any time. In 1998, the Plan's fiscal year-end was changed from June 30 to December 31 to coincide with the fiscal year-end of the ARC.

For the plan year ended December 31, 2017, total plan year payroll for the employees covered by the Plan was \$11,970,540, while total plan year payroll for all employees was \$15,427,130.

As of January 1, 2017, Plan membership consisted of:

(a) Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	46
(b) Terminated employees entitled to deferred benefits but not yet receiving them	94
(c) Active plan participants	71
(d) Active employees - partially vested	0
(e) Active employees - non-vested	95
(f) Eligible for medical benefits only	<u>10</u>
Total Participants	<u>316</u>

This compares with the number of plan participants at January 1, 2016, as follows:

(a) Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	42
(b) Terminated employees entitled to deferred benefits but not yet receiving them	85
(c) Active plan participants	77
(d) Active employees - partially vested	0
(e) Active employees - non-vested	105
(f) Eligible for medical benefits only	<u>10</u>
Total Participants	<u>319</u>

Benefits and funding policy. The ARC provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits to plan members. The Plan provides that normal retirement is at the earlier of (a) attainment of age 55 and the completion of 25 years of service (only if hired prior to January 1, 2008) or (b) attainment of age 62 with at least 30 years of credited service or (c) attainment of age 65. At that time, the employee is entitled to a lifetime pension equal to 2.5 percent of his "high-three" year average compensation for each year of service. In addition, the Plan provides that no participant will receive less than what he would have received under the Plan in effect on June 30, 1987. After retirement, the lifetime pension is indexed to reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index. An employee vests at the rate of 10 percent per year for the first four years. In each subsequent year, the employee vests at the rate of 20 percent per year to a maximum of 100 percent after seven years. The vesting schedule is extended to a seven-year cliff schedule for participants hired after December 31, 2007.

Contributions. Entry age normal actuarial cost method is used to establish the actuarial position of the plan and to determine an appropriate level of contributions for all benefits except 401(h) medical accounts. Employer contributions represented 15.76% of the current year covered payroll. Employees are required to contribute 5% of gross wages. Total employer and employee contributions to the general pension plan for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 were \$1,886,796 and \$687,675 respectively.

Net Pension Liability. The ARC's total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2017 and was rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017.

Actuarial Assumptions.

Projected Salary Increase:	3.00% per annum
Rate of Return on Investments:	7.0%

Mortality rates were based on sex-distinct rates set forth in the RP-2000 Mortality Table for annuitants, projected to 2007 by Scale AA, as published by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) for purposes of Internal Revenue Code (IRC) section 430; future generational improvements in mortality have not been reflected.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a long normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Investment Category	Target Allocation	Expected Long-Term Real Return
U.S. Large Cap Equity	35.00%	5.25% per annum
International Equity	10.00%	5.50% per annum
Absolute Return Investments	35.00%	4.00% per annum
U.S. Core & Fixed Income Investments	20.00%	2.88% per annum
Total	100.00%	4.36% per annum

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.61% per annum (2.25% per annum is attributable to long-term inflation); this rate was used to discount all future benefit payments. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate of 5% and the Employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through the year 2107. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Atlanta Regional Commission NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

Increase (Decrease)									
	Total Pension Liability	Fiduciary Net Position	Net Pension Liability						
Balances at 12/31/16	\$52,039,453	(\$44,611,273)	\$7,428,180						
Changes due to:									
Service cost	2,140,284	-	2,140,284						
Expected Interest growth	3,486,631	(2,952,300)	534,331						
Unexpected investment incom	ne -	(4,343,416)	(4,343,416)						
Demographic experience	(2,004,676)	-	(2,004,676)						
Employer contributions	-	(1,886,796)	(1,886,796)						
Employee contributions	-	(687,675)	(687,675)						
Benefit payments & refunds	(2,426,180)	2,426,180	-						
Administrative expenses	-	40,825	40,825						
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-						
Assumption changes	-	-	-						
Balance at 12/31/17	\$53,235,512	(\$52,014,455)	\$1,221,057						

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the ARC, calculated using the discount rate of 6.61%, as well as what the ARC's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.61%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.61%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	Current Discount Rate	<u>1% Increase</u>
	(5.61%)	(6.61%)	(7.61%)
Net pension liability (asset)	\$7,881,477	\$1,221,057	\$(4,270,797)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued report. The plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as that used by the plan. The ARC issues a publicly available financial report that includes the applicable financial statements and required supplementary information. This report can be obtained from the Atlanta Regional Commission at the following address:

Atlanta Regional Commission Financial Services Division 229 Peachtree Street, NE Suite 100 Atlanta, GA 30303

Summary of significant accounting policies – basis of accounting and valuation of investments. The ARC financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The ARC's contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Investment income is recognized as earned by the General Plan. The net

Atlanta Regional Commission NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2017

appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments held by the General Plan is recorded as an increase (decrease) to investment income based on the valuation of investments as of the date of the statement of net position. Expenses are recorded when the corresponding liabilities are incurred, regardless of when payment is made. All plan investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price on the ARC's balance sheet date. Securities without an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of resources Related to Pensions. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the ARC recognized pension expense of \$1,552,782. At December 31, 2017, the ARC reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows <u>Of Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows <u>Of Resources</u>
\$1,380,814	\$4,097,649
3,737,928	1,902,023
-	2,018,245
\$5,118,742	\$8,017,917
	Outflows <u>Of Resources</u> \$1,380,814 3,737,928

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31		
2018	(\$	474,985)
2019	(\$	624,287)
2020	(\$1	,240,042)
2021	(\$1	,032,405)
2022	(\$	163,721)
Thereafter	\$	636,265

Atlanta Regional Commission Required Supplementary Information

Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund Schedule of Funding Progress (Unaudited)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (b)	Underfunded (Overfunded) UAAL (b)-(a)	Funded Ratio (a)/(b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll _ [(b)-(a)]/(c)
1/1/2012	5,945,504	6,905,038	959,534	86.1%	8,392,997	11.4%
1/1/2013	6,727,823	7,548,574	820,751	89.1%	9,356,015	8.8%
1/1/2014	7,985,798	7,058,866	(926,932)	113.1%	10,204,932	(9.1%)
1/1/2015	8,745,470	5,125,116	(3,620,354)	170.6%	11,114,204	(32.6%)
1/1/2016	8,644,463	5,392,655	(3,251,808)	160.3%	12,964,900	(25.1%)
1/1/2017	9,225,050	5,412,822	(3,812,228)	170.4%	11,970,540	(31.8%)

(1) Entry age normal cost method has been used to determine the accrued liability

(2) See methodologies and assumptions used for this schedule in the notes to the financial statements

Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund Schedule of Employer Contributions (Unaudited)

Year Ended 31-Dec	Annual Required Contribution	Percentage Contributed	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage Contributed
2012	229,644	100%	229,644	100%
2013	477,682	100%	477,682	100%
2014	514,644	100%	514,644	100%
2015	108,989	100%	108,989	100%
2016	0	100%	0	100%
2017	0	100%	0	100%

Atlanta Regional Commission Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	2017	2016	2015	2014
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$ 2,140,284	\$ 2,309,795	\$ 2,142,577	\$ 1,968,114
Interest	3,486,631	3,154,070	2,923,933	2,785,920
Changes of benefit terms	-	40,394	151,716	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(2,004,676)	4,498,442	(286,874)	-
Change of assumptions	-	(2,428,875)	-	-
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions	(2,426,180)	(2,350,942)	(1,781,615)	(2,492,409)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	1,196,059	5,222,884	3,149,737	2,261,625
Total Pension Liability – Beginning	52,039,453	46,816,569	43,666,832	41,405,207
Total Pension Liability – Ending (a)	\$53,235,512	\$ 52,039,453	\$46,816,569	\$ 43,666,832
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	• • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • •
Contributions – employer	\$ 1,886,796	\$ 3,023,959	\$ 2,472,050	\$ 1,443,396
Contributions – employees	687,675	641,440	687,622	355,776
Net investment income	7,295,716	3,700,025	(472,566)	1,689,420
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions	(2,426,180)		(1,781,615)	(1,354,931)
Administrative expense	(40,825)	(51,678)	(14,387)	(26,175)
Other	-	-	-	
Net Changes in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 7,403,182	\$ 4,962,804	\$ 891,104	\$ 2,107,486
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Beginning	44,611,273	39,648,469	38,757,365	36,649,879
Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Ending (b)	\$ 52,014,455	\$44,611,273	\$ 39,648,469	\$ 38,757,365
			· · · ·	· · · ·
Net Pension Liability – Ending (a)–(b)	\$ 1,221,057	\$ 7,428,180	\$ 7,168,100	\$ 4,909,467
Dian Fiducian Net Desition of a new system of the				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	97.71%	85.73%	84.69%	88.76%
	07.7170	00.7070	04.0070	00.7070
Covered-employee payroll	\$11,970,540	\$ 12,964,900	\$11,114,204	\$ 10,204,932
Net Pension Liability as a	10.0001	57 000/	04.400	
percentage of Covered Payroll	10.20%	57.29%	64.49%	48.11%

Notes to schedule:

2014 is the first year that data has been measured in accordance with GASB Statement 68.

Schedule is intended to display ten years of data. Additional years data will be added as it becomes available.

Atlanta Regional Commission Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Pension Contributions

		2017	2016	2015	2014
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	1,886,796	\$ 3,023,959	\$ 2,472,050	\$ 1,443,396
actuarially determined contribution		1,886,796	3,023,959	2,472,050	1,443,396
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$	11,970,540	\$ 12,964,900	\$ 11,114,204	\$ 10,204,932
Contributions as a percentage of					
covered-employee payroll		15.76%	23.32%	22.24%	14.14%
Notes to Schedule: Valuation Date:	Jan	uary 1, 2016			
Methods and assumptions to determine contribution	rates	:			
Actuarial cost method	Ent	ry Age			
Remaining amortization period	30	years			
Asset valuation method	Ma	rket Value			
Inflation	2.5	0%			
Salary increases	3.0	0%			
Investment rate of return	7.0	0%			

2014 is the first year that data has been measured in accordance with GASB Statement 68. Schedule is intended to display ten years of data. Additional years data will be added as it becomes available.

The Atlanta Regional Commission Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year ended December 31, 2017

Nonmajor Funds – *Special revenue funds* are used to account for proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

Atlanta Regional Commission Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	 esearch Analytics	mmunity elopment	S	omeland ecurity & Recovery	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS					
Receivables from grantors	\$ 69,875	\$ 45,228	\$	975,294	\$ 1,090,397
Due from other funds	 86,117	 9,940		11,605	 107,662
Total assets	\$ 155,992	\$ 55,168	\$	986,899	\$ 1,198,059
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 16,846	\$	315,803	\$ 332,649
Due to other funds	69,875	38,322		671,096	779,293
Unearned revenue	86,117	-		-	86,117
Total liabilities	 155,992	 55,168		986,899	 1,198,059
Fund balances:					
Unassigned	-	-		-	-
Total fund balances	 -	 -		-	 -
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 155,992	\$ 55,168	\$	986,899	\$ 1,198,059

Atlanta Regional Commission Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	-	search & nalytics	mmunity velopment	S	lomeland ecurity & Recovery	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
From grantor agencies	\$	411,590	\$ 134,491	\$	3,205,819	\$ 3,751,900
Total revenues		411,590	 134,491		3,205,819	 3,751,900
EXPENDITURES Current						
Community Development		437,461	564,271		-	1,001,732
Research & Analytics		38,216	-		-	38,216
Homeland Security & Recovery		-	 -		3,212,759	 3,212,759
Total expenditures		475,677	564,271		3,212,759	 4,252,707
Excess (deficit) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(64,087)	 (429,780)		(6,940)	 (500,807)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		64,087	 429,780		6,940	 500,807
Total other financing sources (uses)		64,087	 429,780		6,940	 500,807
Net change in fund balances		-	-		-	-
Fund balances-beginning		-	 -		-	 -
Fund balances-ending	\$		\$ 	\$		\$

Atlanta Regional Commission Research & Analytics Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	l Amour	nts				ance with I Budget-	
	0	Driginal		Final	Actua	al Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
From grantor agencies	\$	407,106	\$	391,556	\$	411,590	\$	20,034	
Total revenues		407,106		391,556		411,590		20,034	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Personnel		167,082		164,462		178,667		(14,205)	
Fringe benefits		93,575		92,111		99,679		(7,568)	
Contractual		75,000		75,000		70,838		4,162	
Indirect costs		116,012		114,196		123,863		(9,667)	
Other expenditures		19,237		32,337		2,630		29,707	
Total expenditures		470,906		478,106		475,677		2,429	
Excess (deficit) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(63,800)		(86,550)		(64,087)		22,463	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		63,800		86,550		64,087		(22,463)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		63,800		86,550		64,087		(22,463)	
Net change in fund balances		-							
Fund balances-beginning									
Fund balances-ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Atlanta Regional Commission Community Development Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			-	ance with I Budget-	
	C	Priginal		Final	Actu	al Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES									
From grantor agencies	\$	65,000	\$	94,900	\$	134,491	\$	39,591	
Total revenues		65,000		94,900		134,491		39,591	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Personnel		181,406		183,775		157,195		26,580	
Fringe benefits		85,344		86,671		78,376		8,295	
Travel		27,000		27,000		22,696		4,304	
Equipment		5,000		5,000		4,700		300	
Supplies		2,000		2,000		431		1,569	
Contractual		13,000		138,000		129,999		8,001	
Indirect costs		118,710		120,355		104,831		15,524	
Other expenditures		129,169		158,143		66,043		92,100	
Total expenditures		561,629		720,944		564,271		156,673	
Excess (deficit) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(496,629)		(626,044)		(429,780)		196,264	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		496,629		626,044		429,780		(196,264)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		496,629		626,044		429,780		(196,264)	
Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-	
Fund balances-beginning		-		-		-			
Fund balances-ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Atlanta Regional Commission Homeland Security & Recovery Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Budgeted	l Amou	ints			-	riance with nal Budget-
	Original		Final	Actu	ual Amounts	Posit	ive (Negative)
REVENUES							
From grantor agencies	\$ 4,455,000	\$	4,455,000	\$	3,205,819	\$	(1,249,181)
Total revenues	 4,455,000		4,455,000		3,205,819		(1,249,181)
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Personnel	465,741		465,741		456,205		9,536
Fringe benefits	145,719		145,719		154,355		(8,636)
Travel	14,600		14,600		60,187		(45,587)
Equipment	-		-		3,548		(3,548)
Supplies	3,500		3,500		3,247		253
Contractual	3,372,966		3,372,966		2,134,421		1,238,545
Indirect costs	233,584		233,584		233,235		349
Other expenditures	 233,890		233,890		167,561		66,329
Total expenditures	 4,470,000		4,470,000		3,212,759		1,257,241
Excess (deficit) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 (15,000)		(15,000)		(6,940)		8,060
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in	 15,000		15,000		6,940		(8,060)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 15,000		15,000		6,940		(8,060)
Net change in fund balances	 -		-		-		
Fund balances-beginning	 		-		-		-
Fund balances-ending	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

The Atlanta Regional Commission Non-Major Enterprise Funds Year ended December 31, 2017

Enterprise Funds are to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

The Atlanta Regional Commission maintains the following Non-major Enterprise Funds:

- 1. Aging Programs Provides (1) through Aging Connection Plus, enhanced information services to businesses to improve the quality of services to their older customers, (2) all other information-based services offered by the Aging Services Division to corporations and to other service partners, and (3) the Metropolitan Partnership in Aging, a consortium of ten county-based aging programs developing partnerships to expand services to older adults.
- 2. **Metropolitan River Protection Act Reviews** Covers review responsibilities assigned to ARC by the Metropolitan River Protection Act (MRPA) to monitor compliance with Chattahoochee Corridor Plan standards.
- 3. **State of the Region** Covers operating expenses and registration fees directly related to ARC's annual State of the Region Conference for leaders from the public, business, and nonprofit sectors.
- 4. **Regional Leadership Institute & Memberships** Includes only those activities involved in the direct operation of the one-week Institute conducted annually to develop a network of leaders from all sectors to address region wide problems and opportunities.
- 5. Arts & Culture Programs Covers registration fees and operating expenses related to training provided to develop "regional" cultural agencies and cultural plans.
- 6. **LINK Program** Activities involved in hosting the Leadership, Involvement, Networking & Knowledge (LINK) trip which is a cross-sector, cross-county leadership exchange that brings together the region's most influential leaders to learn how metropolitan areas throughout the country are addressing the same issues and challenges we face in the Atlanta region.
- 7. **Miscellaneous Programs** Activities of ARC's Miscellaneous Program include cultural forums in each of the 10 metro counties, inventories of non-profit cultural groups and cultural facilities, an overview of for-profit "creative industries" in the region and the cultural plans, agencies, policies and ordinances in the region.

Atlanta Regional Commission Combining Statement of Net Position Non Major Enterprise Funds December 31, 2017

	Aging Program	IS	-	tate of Region	Le: In:	egional adership stitute & nberships		Arts & Culture	P	LINK rogram	 Total
ASSETS											
Due from other funds	\$ 8,21	9	\$	6,145	\$	17,496	\$	14,262	\$	85,260	\$ 131,382
Total current assets	8,21	9		6,145		17,496	17,496 14,2 17,496 14,2 17,496 14,2 12,187 14,2 528 14,2	14,262		85,260	131,382
Total assets	8,21	9		6,145		17,496		14,262		85,260	 131,382
LIABILITIES Current liabilities						17,496 14,2 12,187 - 14,2 528 4,781 17,496 14,2					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	8,21	9		6,145			-		65,796	92,347	
Unearned revenue		-		-			14,262		19,464	33,726	
Due to Subgrantee Agencies		-		-			-		-	528	
Other liabilities and customer deposits		-		-	- 14,262 528 - 4,781 - 17,496 14,262	-		-	 4,781		
Total current liabilties	8,21			6,145			85,260	 131,382			
Total liabilities	8,21	9		6,145		17,496		14,262		85,260	 131,382
NET POSITION											
Unrestricted (deficit)		-		-		-		-		-	-
Total net position	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

Atlanta Regional Commission Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Non Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	P	Aging rograms	Pro	ropolitan River otection Reviews	State of e Region	Le: In:	egional adership stitute & nberships
OPERATING REVENUES							
Charges for services	\$	203,885	\$	6,500	\$ 161,227	\$	98,796
Total revenues		203,885		6,500	 161,227		98,796
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Personnel		2,526		67,054	5,415		-
Fringe benefits		1,415		37,550	414		-
Travel		-		18	205		2,360
Equipment		-		-	-		-
Supplies		-		-	759		-
Contractual		24,128		3,022	101,337		180,623
Indirect costs		1,506		46,548	1,982		-
Other operating expenses		2,633		7,559	52,322		27,640
Total expenses		32,208		161,751	 162,434		210,623
Operating Income (Loss)		171,677		(155,251)	 (1,207)		(111,827)
NONOPERATING REVENUE(EXPENSES)							
Transfers in		2,900		155,251	1,207		111,827
Transfers out		(174,577)		-	-		-
Total transfers		(171,677)		155,251	 1,207		111,827
Change in net position		-		-	-		-
Total net position - beginning		-		-	 -		-
Total net position - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

Arts & Culture	F	LINK Program		cellaneous rograms	Total
\$ 20,643	3 \$	432,104	\$	99,091	\$ 1,022,246
20,643	3	432,104		99,091	1,022,246
	-	-		-	74,995
	-	-		-	39,379
	-	5,180		4,830	12,593
2,408	3	-		-	2,408
	-	53		12	824
	-	331,444		83,981	724,535
	-	-		-	50,036
19,952	<u> </u>	61,134		6,636	177,876
22,360)	397,811		95,459	1,082,646
(1,717	7)	34,293		3,632	(60,400)
5,217 (<mark>3,50</mark> 0		(34,293)		2,130 (5,762)	278,532 (218,132)
1,717		(34,293)	-	(3,632)	60,400
		-		-	-
\$	\$	-	\$	-	\$-

Atlanta Regional Commission Combining Statement of Cash Flows Non Major Enterprise Funds For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Aging Programs	Metropolitan River Protection Act Reviews	State of the Region
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	ф 000 00F	ф <u>с</u> 500	¢ 101007
Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers	\$ 203,885 (24,128)	\$ 6,500 (3,022)	\$ 161,227 (102,096)
Payments to employees	(24,128) (3,941)	(104,622)	(102,098) (6,034)
Receipts from interfund services provided	(0,0+1)	(104,022)	(1,982)
Payments for interfund services used	(1,506)	(46,548)	(1,002)
Other payments	(2,633)	(7,559)	(52,322)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	171,677	(155,251)	(1,207)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Transfer from other funds	2,900	155,251	1,207
Transfer to other funds	(174,577)	-	-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(171,677)	155,251	1,207
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	- - \$ -	- - \$-	- - \$ -
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Change in assets and liabilities:	\$ 171,677	\$ (155,251)	\$ (1,207)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(7,719)	-	(6,145)
(Increase) decrease in unearned revenue	-	-	-
(Increase) decrease in deposits and advances	-	-	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts and other payables	7,719	-	6,145
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	-		- (1 007)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 171,677	\$ (155,251)	\$ (1,207)

Regional Leadership Institute & Memberships	Arts & Culture	LINK Program	Miscellaneous Programs	Total
\$ 98,796 (180,623) (2,360) - - (27,640) (111,827) 111,827	\$ 34,905 (2,408) - - (34,214) (1,717) 5,217	\$439,604 (\$338,997) (5,180) - - (61,134) 34,293	\$ 99,091 (83,993) (4,830) - - - (6,636) 3,632 2,130	\$ 1,044,008 (735,267) (126,967) (1,982) (48,054) (192,138) (60,400) 278,532
<u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> <u>-</u> -	(3,500) 1,717	(34,293) (34,293) - -	(5,762) (3,632)	(218,132) 60,400
<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> - \$ (1,717)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>
(13,539) - 500 13,539 (500) \$ (111,827)	(14,262) 14,262 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(76,099) 11,964 - 64,135 - \$ 34,293	- - - - - - \$ 3,632	(117,764) 26,226 500 91,538 (500) \$ (60,400)

The Atlanta Regional Commission Fiduciary Funds Year ended December 31, 2017

Fiduciary Funds

Pension Trust Fund –The Employee Retirement Trust Fund accounts for resources accumulated from pension benefits within a defined benefit plan.

Other Post Employment Benefits – The Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Fund accounts for the current and future cost of health benefits provided by the Commission to retirees and their dependents.

Atlanta Regional Commission Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Pension Trust Fund, and OPEB Trust Fund December 31, 2017

		ension st Fund		PEB t Fund	 Total on Trust Fund PEB Trust Fund
ASSETS					
Receivables					
Accrued interest	\$	316	\$	65	\$ 381
Due from employees		343,650		-	343,650
Investments, at fair value					
Short term		392,473		79,262	471,735
Fixed	12	2,929,493	2,6	611,165	15,540,658
Equities	38	8,360,439	7,7	47,052	46,107,491
Total investments	51	1,682,405	10,4	37,479	62,119,884
Total assets	52	2,026,371	10,4	37,544	 62,463,915
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable		11,916		2,406	14,322
Total liabilities		11,916		2,406	14,322
NET POSITION					
Net position restricted for pension benefits	52	2,014,455		-	52,014,455
Net position restricted for OPEB		-	10,4	35,138	10,435,138
Total net position	\$ 52	2,014,455	\$ 10,4	35,138	\$ 62,449,593

Atlanta Regional Commission Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Defined Benefit Pension Plan and OPEB Trust Fund For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	т	Pension rust Fund	OPI Trust I		 Total on Trust Fund EB Trust Fund
ADDITIONS					
Contributions					
Atlanta Regional Commission					
Pension fund	\$	1,886,796	\$	-	\$ 1,886,796
Employees					
Pension fund		687,675		-	687,675
		2,574,471		-	2,574,471
Investment earnings:					
Net appreciation (depreciation) in					
fair value of investments		6,164,777	1,24	45,003	7,409,780
Interest and dividends		1,163,027	23	34,878	1,397,905
Total investment earnings		7,327,804	1,4	79,881	8,807,685
Less investment expense		(32,088)		(6,480)	(38,568)
Net investment income		7,295,716	1,4	73,401	8,769,117
Total additions		9,870,187	1,4	73,401	 11,343,588
DEDUCTIONS					
Benefits paid		2,426,180		-	2,426,180
Premiums paid		-	2	14,561	214,561
Administrative expenses		40,825		8,244	49,069
Total deductions		2,467,005	22	22,805	 2,689,810
Net Increase (decrease) in Net Position		7,403,182	1,2	50,596	8,653,778
Net Position - Beginning of period		44,611,273	9,18	84,542	 53,795,815
Net Position - End of period	\$	52,014,455	\$ 10,43	35,138	\$ 62,449,593

This part of Atlanta Regional Commission's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statement, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the agency's overall financial health.

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services the commission provides and the activities it performs.	107

Except where noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Atlanta Regional Commission's comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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Atlanta Regional Commission Table I

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year										
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012		2013	2014 (a)		2015		2016		2017
Governmental activities Investment in capital assets	\$ 165,777	\$ 81,935	\$ 123,903	\$ 93,109	\$ 326,133	\$	352,295	\$ 244,369	Ŷ	378,567	÷	188,798	\$	2,097,268
restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	- 5,318,976 \$5,484,753	- 5,526,463 \$5,608,398	5,709,875 \$5,833,778	5,781,600 \$5,874,709	- 6,218,701 \$ 6,544,834	φ	- 6,822,796 7,175,091	2,796,042 \$3,040,411	θ	- 3,295,620 3,674,187	φ	- 6,460,217 6,649,015	φ	- 5,159,177 7,256,445
Business-type activities Investment in capital assets														
Restricted Unrestricted														
Total business-type activities net position	' ھ	' ه	' ھ	ھ	' ھ	θ	ſ	۔ م	φ		φ	ľ	φ	'
Commission Investment in capital assets Bostricted	\$ 165,777	\$ 81,935	\$ 123,903	\$ 93,109	\$ 326,133	÷	352,295	\$ 244,369	θ	378,567	θ	188,798	÷	2,097,268
nearricted Unrestricted Total Commission net position	5,318,976 \$5,484,753	5,526,463 \$5,608,398	5,709,875 \$ 5,833,778	5,781,600 \$5,874,709	- 6,218,701 \$ 6,544,834	\$	- 6,822,796 7,175,091	2,796,042 \$3,040,411	ŝ	3,295,620 3,674,187	ഗ	6,460,217 6,649,015	÷	- 5,159,177 7,256,445

(a) - as restated

Atlanta Regional Commission Table II

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Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) Fiscal Year

2016 2017		807,305 \$ 1,384,319	-	1,796,409 5,804,800	5,920,111 3,455,257	6,082,335 5,508,026	1,535,339 3,892,831	11,478,215 12,588,661			29,985,666 30,031,089		69,431,837	1E7 606 ¢ 160 100	Ð			144,28/ 102,353			637,845 630,793	1,023,192 1,082,646	70,455,029 \$ 78,419,653		÷	÷	65,261,750 72,973,915		162,303 161,227		0,	20,999 6,500		88,526 203,885	681,680 551,542	953 508 1 022 246
2015		\$ 408,341 \$		1,784,313 1		7,180,851 6	1,142,599 1				30,210,858 29		/1,641,098 69	4 1 1 0 0 1 4 4	100,001	•		131,433		149,486	564,092	1,003,875	\$ 72,644,973 \$ 70			æ	68,022,983 65		124,733			5,224	ı	172,647	616,041	918.645
2014 (a)		\$ 8,852,799	7,727,112	1,345,561	3,408,180	4,164,578	3,624,262	10,569,900			27,151,552		00,843,944	4 1 CO 07 1	-	5,547		132,125	•	255,724	570,404	1,117,624	\$ 67,961,568			\$ 62,955,053	62,955,053		118,835	5,547		15,500		170,805	523,700	834.387
2013		\$ 23,221,402	9,515,139	1,486,078	2,401,616	3,586,319	2,168,051	10,770,978	151,250		26,858,367	121,100	80,716,924	000 CC F			111	114,5/3	•	195,202	538,567	972,310	\$ 81,689,234			\$ //,311,498	77,311,498		98,376			3,250	ı	177,691	510,813	790,130
2012		\$ 7,313,958	5,314,942	3,108,760	2,816,244	2,829,484	2,085,371	11,483,015	40,340		26,696,479 670.064	01 9,001	62,367,654	407 FOF	2	3,868	100 55 1	108,504	•	135,976	597,874	978,063	\$ 63,345,717			\$ 58,994,526	58,994,526		107,759	5,500		4,250	·	169,087	547,912	834.508
2011		\$ 5,313,370	6,900,612	3,690,060	2,288,088	4,031,275	2,074,596	11,714,023	35,746		23,424,396 707 700	001,101	60,269,902	¢ 01 011			010	132,970	•	166,641	582,230	973,791	\$ 61,243,693			\$ 56,248,629	56,248,629		95,344	. '		9,500	·	171,354	570,110	846,308
2010		\$ 5,062,417	7,508,785	2,150,827	2,587,720	4,929,836	1,876,920	13,544,536	854,039		25,269,407	++0.011	64,559,831	Ф 101	00			214,101	•	136,084	547,540	930,160	\$ 65,489,991			\$ 60,/83,/48	60,783,748		104,918	. '		11,500	ı	143,897	496,347	756,662
2009		\$ 1,898,190	7,608,988	5,612,437	2,350,555	5,197,199	1,737,002	12,645,134	330,783		22,653,037	00 101 100	60, / 35, 139	0000	00,970	G 7	100	143,598	30,300	128,219	615,009	998,129	\$ 61,733,268			\$ 56,877,816	56,877,816		90,178	6,685		12,250		136,413	578,353	823,879
2008		\$ 1,180,497	7,526,698	5,438,439	2,568,302	4,936,299	1,841,705	7,826,524	385,460	·	22,568,771	140,202	1/9//	00 000	90,0UU 1,000	1,908	7 77 177	142,414	4	277,512	540,559	1,061,997	\$ 56,079,974			50,9/0,558	50,970,558		101,371	1,658		16,195	42	277,818	590,424	987,508
	Expenses Governmental activities:	General government	Transportation Access & Mobility	Mobility Services	Community Development	Natural Resources	Research & Analytics	Workforce Solutions	Geographic information systems	Homeland Security & Recovery	Aging & Health		l otal governmental activities expenses	Business-type activities:		I ransportation Access & Mobility	Mobility Services		Geographic information systems	Aging & Health	Community Development	Total business-type activities expenses	Total primary government expenses	Program Revenues	Governmental activities:	Operating Grants and Contributions	Total governmental activities program revenues	Business-type activities: Charges for services:	Communications	Transportation Access & Mobility	Mobility Services	Natural Resources	Geographic information systems	Aging & Health	Communituy Development	Total business-type activities program revenues

	2009	0102	1	LLOZ	2012		2013	2014		2015	2016	2016	
(4,047,419) { (74,489)	\$ (3,857,323) (174,250)	<pre>\$ (3,776,083) (173,498)</pre>	\$ (4,0	(4,021,273) (127,483)	\$ (3,373,128 (143,555	28) \$ 55)	(3,405,426) (182,180)	\$ (3,888,891 (283,237)1) \$ (7)	(3,618,115) (85,230)	\$ (4,170,087) (69,684)	\$ (4,363,092) (60,400)	363,092) (60,400)
(4,121,908)	\$ (4,031,573)	\$ (3,949,581)	\$ (4,1	(4,148,756)	\$ (3,516,683)	83) 8	(3,587,606)	\$ (4,172,128)	8	(3,703,345)	\$ (4,239,771)	\$ (4,423,492	,492)
	\$ 4,121,600 26.078	\$ 4,146,300 15,281	\$ 4,1	177,800 11 887	\$ 4,164,30	00 \$	4,201,500 15 576	\$ 4,241,60 12 84	00 \$ 81	4,294,300 16 242	\$ 4,354,600 24.317	\$ 4,863,980 42 715	363,980 42 715
2,203	7,540	13,380			, 1 , 0, 1	68	787	95,24	6	26,579	2,835,682	124,	124,227
74,489)	(174,250)	- 173,498	티	27,483)	(143.5)	<u>55)</u>	(182, 180)	(283,25		(85,230)	(69,684)	(60,	(60, 400)
4,100,105	3,980,968	4,001,463	4,()62,204	4,043,2	53	4,035,683	4,066,46	<u>0</u>	4,251,891	7,144,915	4,970,522	,522
74,489	174,250	173,498	1	27,483	143,55	55	182,180	283,25	17	85,230	69,684	60,	60,400
74,489	174,250	173,498		27,483	143,5;	55	182,180	283,25	37	85,230	69,684	60,	60,400
4,174,594	\$ 4,155,218	\$ 4,174,961	\$ 4,1	189,687	\$ 4,186,80	08 \$	4,217,863	\$ 4,349,69	97 \$	4,337,121	\$ 7,214,599	\$ 5,030,922	,922
52,686 <u>-</u> 52,686	\$ 123,645 - <u>123,645</u>	\$ 225,380 <u>-</u> <u>3 225,380</u>	ର ର	40,931 - 40,931	\$ 670,12 <u>-</u> \$ 670,12	52 52 52	630,257 - 630,257	\$ 177,56 <u>-</u> 177,56	ନ କ ତ	633,776 - 633,776	\$ 2,974,828 - <u>\$ 2,974,828</u>	\$ 607, \$ 607,	607,430 - <u>-</u> 607,430
051,400 2,203 2,203 7,4,489 174,489 174,489 52,686 52,686 52,686	đ	ю ю ю ю	\$ 4,121,600 \$ 26,078 26,078 7,540 7,540 174,250 3,980,968 174,250 174,250 \$ 4,155,218 \$ \$ 123,645 \$ \$ 123,645 \$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 4,121,600 \$ 4,146,300 \$ 4,177,800 \$ 4,164,300 \$ 4,177,800 \$ 4,164,300 \$ 4,177,800 \$ 4,177,800 \$ 4,141,817 $21,419$ $15,576$ $12,243$ $2,243,500$ \$ 4,234,500 \$ 4,337,600 \$ 4,334,600 $1,14,4,915 $				

(a) The effect of implemeting GASB 68 to previously reported changes in net position has not been determined.

Atlanta Regional Commission Table III Fund Balance of Governmental Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year							
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013		2014	2015	2016	2017
General fund Reserved	\$	۰ ب	۰ ب	م	م	\$	\$		، ج	م	۰ ب
Nonspendable				70,653	86,415	11(10,216	7,070	273,163	220,469	92,152
Committed				102,720	105,368	10		120,480	131,969	139,285	136,662
Unassigned	6,321,561	6,521,736	6,651,160	6,575,548	6,874,336	7,68	7,685,646 8,	8,184,722	8,858,932	11,924,300	10,432,806
Total general fund	\$ 6,321,561	\$ 6,521,736	\$ 6,651,160	\$ 6,748,921	\$ 7,066,119	\$ 7,905,09	 _	\$ 8,312,272	\$ 9,264,064	\$ 12,284,054	\$ 10,661,620
All other governmental funds	e	÷	÷	÷	÷	ŧ	÷		÷	÷	÷
Reserved	۰ ج	' ج	۰ ج	י א	י א	÷	ب	' ((·	·	
Committed	1			I				009	800	800	800
Assigned					243.109		1 1				
Unassigned							,	(200)	(800)	(800)	(800)
Total all other governmental funds	۔ ج	۔ ج	۔ ج	' ډ	\$ 243,109	\$	\$		\$	\$	۰ ډ

(1) GASB Statement No. 54 was implemented by the Commission in 2011.

Atlanta Regional Commission Table IV Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

				Fiscal Year						
Revenues	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Regional Appropriations From grantor agencies	\$ 4,051,400 48,362,280	\$ 4,121,600 54,935,331	<pre>\$ 4,146,300 58,428,271</pre>	\$ 4,177,800 54,338,142	\$ 4,164,300 57,042,487	\$ 4,201,500 74,839,196	\$ 4,241,600 60,709,395	\$ 4,294,300 65,748,324	\$ 4,354,600 62,766,643	\$ 4,863,980 69,807,689
Agency wate central support services indirect cost recovery	4,074,828	4,675,834	5,165,928	4,376,034	4,262,761	4,421,434	4,693,886	4,941,048	4,736,311	5,583,545
Departmental indirect cost recovery Interest Income	1,097,637 120.991	1,057,852 26.078	1,230,623 15.281	1,292,869 11.887	1,346,982 21.419	763,683 15.576	835,869 12.848	757,816 16.242	852,086 24.317	1,117,964 42.715
Subgrantee match	2,608,278	1,942,482	2,355,478	1,910,486	1,952,036	2,093,917	2,245,659	2,274,659	2,495,107	3,166,226
Other Income Total governmental activities expenses	2,203 60,317,617	7,540 # 66,766,717 #	13,380 13,380 13,355,261	- 66,107,218	1,089 68,791,074	379,174 86,714,480	95,249 72,834,506	26,579 78,058,968	2,835,682 78,064,746	124,227 84,706,346
Expenditures										
General government Transportation Access & Mobility	6,155,785 7.526.698	7,556,138 7.608.988	11,554,925 7.508.717	10,925,443 6.900.611	13,033,519 5.314.940	28,440,910 9.515.033	14,152,944 7.727.112	5,943,833 5.937.614	6,303,346 8.423.251	10,067,063 11.520.931
Mobility Services	5,438,439	5,612,437	2,150,827	3,690,060	3,108,760	1,486,078	1,345,561	1,784,313	1,796,409	5,811,906
Community Development	2,568,302	2,350,554	2,587,720	2,288,088	2,816,244	2,353,092	3,408,179	8,678,778	5,928,307	3,478,444
Natural Resources	4,936,299	5,197,201	4,929,837	4,031,275	2,829,484	3,586,319	4,164,578	7,168,410	6,086,221	5,527,832
Research & Analytics	1,841,705	1,737,002	1,876,920	2,074,596	2,085,371	2,168,051	3,550,962	1,134,977	1,538,021	3,924,977
Workforce Solutions	7,827,126	12,644,532	13,544,536	11,714,023	11,483,015	10,770,978	10,569,900	11,112,760	11,483,501	12,618,887
Geographic Information systems	385,459	330,783	854,039	35,746	40,340	062,161	/3,300	5 110 AAB	3 115 300	3 010 760
Aging & Health	22,568,771	22,652,843	25,269,474	23,424,396	26,696,478	26,858,476	27,151,552	30,150,813	30,000,714	30,105,581
Governmental & Human Services	745,283	701,814	775,344	797,736	679,061	606,250	1			J
Capital outlay Total expenditures	60,006,692	66,392,292	71,052,339	- 65,881,974	68,087,212	85,936,437	72,144,088	77,021,946	74,975,072	86,268,380
Excess (deficiency)of revenues over (under) expenditures	310,925	374,425	302,922	225,244	703,862	778,043	690,418	1,037,022	3,089,674	(1,562,034)
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	3,859,503	3,944,576	3,413,567	3,477,815	3,069,418	3,722,513	3,272,781	3,253,490	3,555,382	3,445,534
I ransters out Total other financing	(3,933,992)	(4,118,826)	(3,587,065)	(3,605,298)	(3,212,973)	(3,904,693)	(3,556,018)	(3,338,720)	(3,625,066)	(3,505,934)
sources (uses)	(74,489)	(174,250)	(173,498)	(127,483)	(143,555)	(182,180)	(283,237)	(85,230)	(69,684)	(60,400)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 236,436	\$ 200,175	\$ 129,424	\$ 97,761	\$ 560,307	\$ 595,863	\$ 407,181	\$ 951,792	\$ 3,019,990	\$ (1,622,434)

Atlanta Regional Commission Table V

Expenditures by Element (Elements 1-9)

Element Description	2008	2009	2010	2011
Base Data for Planning	\$ 2,029,362	\$ 2,067,784	\$ 2,730,959	\$ 2,123,909
Comprehensive Planning	2,568,302	2,350,555	2,587,720	2,288,087
Natural Resources	4,936,299	5,197,201	4,929,836	4,031,275
Workforce Development	7,826,824	12,644,532	13,544,536	11,714,023
Economic Development/Mobility Services	108,490	100,601	145,896	113,091
Transportation Planning	13,622,655	13,455,022	9,659,544	9,755,800
Community Development	70,971	52,662	47,983	108,199
Aging	22,461,229	22,652,843	25,269,475	24,245,701
Community Services	542,208	548,551	581,465	576,446
Homeland Security				
Total	\$ 54,166,340	\$ 59,069,751	\$ 59,497,414	\$ 54,956,531

 (1) Expenditures by Element includes only governmental funds, excluding general fund.	\$ 76,201,317
For 2017 Less Communication Programs Recorded in General Fund	-
Plus General Fund expenses Total Governmental Funds	76,201,317 10,067,063 \$ 86,268,380

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 2,139,113	\$ 2,333,031	\$ 3,624,262	\$ 3,516,486	\$ 3,911,326	\$ 3,924,977
2,817,744	2,401,616	3,089,035	3,235,457	3,555,001	3,478,444
2,829,484	3,586,319	4,164,578	7,168,410	6,086,221	5,527,832
11,483,015	10,770,978	10,569,900	11,112,760	11,483,501	12,618,889
133,358	-	-	-	-	3,655,800
8,026,953	10,816,421	9,072,673	10,752,555	10,219,661	13,677,034
93,814	557,724	319,144	-	-	-
27,078,324	27,029,438	27,151,552	30,181,996	30,000,714	30,105,581
451,889	-	-	-	-	-
			5,110,448	3,415,302	3,212,760
\$ 55,053,694	\$ 57,495,527	\$ 57,991,144	\$ 71,078,112	\$ 68,671,726	\$ 76,201,317

Atlanta Regional Commission Table VI General Fund Revenues from External Sources Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year	Regional Appropriations	State Grant	Investment Income	Other	Total (1)
0000	4 051 400		100.001	0.000	4 174 504
2008	4,051,400	-	120,991	2,203	4,174,594
2009	4,121,600	1,292,720	26,078	7,540	5,447,938
2010	4,146,300	4,682,293	15,281	13,380	8,857,254
2011	4,177,800	4,743,316	11,887	-	8,933,003
2012	4,164,300	6,713,967	21,419	1,089	10,900,775
2013	4,201,500	22,732,782	15,576	787	26,950,645
2014	4,241,600	8,236,691	12,848	95,249	12,586,388
2015	4,294,300	-	16,242	26,579	4,337,121
2016	4,354,600	-	24,317	2,835,682	7,214,599
2017	4,863,980	-	42,715	124,227	5,030,922

(1) Total Revenues on this schedule do not include Indirect Recov	ries	
For 2017, Revenues from external sources	\$	5,030,922
Indirect Recoveries		6,701,509
Revenues as reported in financial statements	\$	11,732,431

Table VII

Atlanta Regional Commission Miscellaneous Statistical Data

FORM OF MANAGEMENT:	Commission-Director
ENABLING LEGISLATION:	Sections 50-8-30 et seq and 50-8-80 et seq of the Official Code of

AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY: 3,018 Square miles, 10 Counties, and 70 Municipalities

POPULATION OF COUNTIES AND MUNICIPALITIES IN THE ATLANTA REGION:

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
Cherokee County Unemployment Rate	203,000 5.3%	205,900 <i>8.6%</i>	214,346 <i>9.7%</i>	218,500 <i>8.6%</i>	220,800 <i>7.2%</i>	223,300 <i>6.7%</i>	230,985 <i>5.6%</i>	233,300 <i>4.5%</i>	240,100 <i>4.3%</i>	243,100 <i>3.3%</i>
Personal Income (PI) Per capita PI	\$7,365 \$35,051	\$7,643 \$36,012	\$7,802 \$36,256	\$ 8,356 \$ 38,378	\$ 8,869 \$ 40,172	\$ 8,502 \$ 38,417	\$ 9,223 \$ 39,930	\$ 9,545 \$ 40,912	\$ 10,351 \$ 43,878	\$ 11,250 \$ 46,547
Ball Ground Canton Holly Springs Mountain Park* Nelson* Waleska	855 19,003 8,382 10 467 604	852 20,072 8,974 10 467 596	1,433 22,958 9,189 14 514 644			1,450 23,910 9,670 10 562 660	1,658 24,801 10,237 22 577 871	1,675 25,050 10,340 22 593 880	1,641 26,854 10,600 22 610 740	1,820 27,410 11,190 20 630 620
Woodstock <u>Clayton County</u> Unemployment Rate	22,245 281,400 <i>7.6%</i>	23,095 281,900 <i>11.3%</i>	23,896 259,424 <i>12.6%</i>	260,000 <i>12.3%</i>	262,300 11.1%	24,750 263,700 <i>10.0%</i>	27,823 267,542 <i>9.8%</i>	28,102 266,900 <i>7.2%</i>	27,910 270,600 <i>6.8%</i>	28,990 276,300 <i>5.2%</i>
Personal Income (PI) Per capita PI	\$6,709 \$24,307	\$6,279 \$24,143	\$6,400 \$24,634	\$ 6,799 \$ 25,884	\$ 6,487 \$ 24,357	\$ 7,290 \$ 27,417	\$ 7,182 \$ 26,846	\$ 7,018 \$ 26,295	\$ 7,130 \$ 26,025	\$ 7,507 \$ 26,862
College Park* Forest Park Jonesboro Lake City Morrow Riverdale	1,738 21,915 5,033 2,498 6,047 14,872	1,843 21,741 5,933 2,478 7,115 14,825	1,333 18,468 4,724 2,612 6,445 15,134			1,361 18,550 4,720 2,730 6,560 15,080	1,308 18,949 4,624 2,671 7,167 15,669	1,305 18,904 4,613 2,665 7,150 15,631	1,368 18,763 4,954 2,835 6,926 15,214	1,370 19,350 5,070 2,920 7,000 15,600

POPULATION: (continued)

	0000	0000	0040	0011	0010	0010	0014	0045	0010		0047
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>
Cobb County	674,200	676,800	688.078	693,600	699,500	707,500	730,981	727,600	737,500		750,400
Unemployment Rate	5.6%	8.8%	10.1%	9.2%	8.1%	7.3%	6.1%	4.8%	4.6%		3.6%
Personal Income (PI)	\$31,260	\$28,103	\$28,740	\$ 30,754	\$ 31.329	\$ 33.326	\$ 35.038	\$ 36,193	\$ 36.401	\$	38.386
Per capita Pl	\$44.352	\$41.040	\$41.671	\$ 44.090	\$ 44,260	\$ 47.108	\$ 47.933	\$ 49.743	\$ 49,101	\$	51,308
r er oapna r r	φ11,00L	φ11,010	φ11,071	φ 11,000	φ 11,200	φ 17,100	φ 17,000	φ 10,7 10	φ 10,101	Ψ	01,000
Acworth	18,913	18,728	20,425			24,330	21,867	21,766	22,209		22,900
Austell*	6,266	6,199	6,483			6,690	6,943	6,911	7,310		7,680
Kennesaw	27,004	27,517	29,783			30,720	32,400	32,250	31,494		32,340
Marietta	60,439	61,574	56,579			58,270	60,014	59,736	61,224		61,880
Powder Springs	15,422	15,231	13,940			14,000	14,590	14,523	14,683		15,020
Smyrna	47,763	47,153	51,271			52,400	54,958	54,704	53,070		54,220
DeKalb County	727,600	731,200	691,893	694,400	700,700	706,600	722,161	718,400	725,000		735,300
Unemployment Rate	6.4%	9.6%	10.7%	10.5%	9.3%	8.2%	7.5%	5.7%	5.5%		4.2%
Personal Income (PI)	\$28,104	\$25,152	\$25,527	\$ 27,624	\$ 27,701	\$ 29,807	\$ 30,018	\$ 31,964	\$ 31,467	\$	33,644
Per capita PI	\$37,957	\$36,417	\$36,863	\$ 39,571	\$ 39,090	\$ 42,154	\$ 41,568	\$ 44,493	\$ 42,819	\$	45,445
Atlanta*	33,100	33,200	29,000	29,050	29,110	29,190	30,544	30,018	30,737		31,340
Avondale Estates	2,523	2,503	2,960			2,910	2,832	2,783	2,888		2,920
Brookhaven	NA**	NA**	NA**			NA**	NA**	NA**	52,473		2,920
Chamblee	12,053	12,673	9,892			10,050	16,112	15,835	16,725		17,280
Clarkston	7,198	7,176	7,554			7,810	7,846	7,711	7,925		8,180
Decatur	18,721	18,557	19,335			20,150	20,380	20,029	20,729		21,400
Doraville	9,863	9,694	8,330			8,540	10,714	10,530	10,820		10,900
Dunwoody	NA**	NA**	46,267			47,210	48,000	47,174	49,036		50,270
Lithonia	2,075	2,035	1,924			2,090	1,998	1,964	2,122		2,480
Peachtree Corners	NA**	NA**	NA**			NA**	NA**	NA**	40,565		41,720
Pine Lake	674	671	730			720	754	741	691		700
Stone Mountain	6,906	6,873	5,802			5,720	6,052	5,948	5,899		6,130
Danalas O.	107 000	100.000	100 10-	100.00-	100.005	101 - 205	100 770	107 100	100.000		
Douglas County	127,800	128,800	132,403	133,000	133,900	134,700	138,776	137,400	139,000		141,900
Unemployment Rate	6.5%	10.4%	11.6%	10.8%	9.2%	8.6%	7.7%	6.0%	5.7%	•	4.3%
Personal Income (PI)	\$3,764	\$3,808	\$3,767	\$ 3,959	\$ 3,993	\$ 4,136	\$ 4,272	\$ 4,412	\$ 4,516	\$	4,689
Per capita PI	\$29,383	\$29,001	\$28,400	\$ 29,718	\$ 29,842	\$ 30,875	\$ 30,789	\$ 32,109	\$ 32,089	\$	32,966
Austell*	98	98	98			101	42	42	44		50
Douglasville	30,316	31.004	30.961			31.570	32,523	32,201	32,086		33,110
Lithia Springs	NA**	NA**	NA**			NA**	NA**		-		-
Villa Rica*	4,716	4,716	5.259			5,483	5,924	5,865	5913.925		15,020
	.,	.,	-,00			2,100	-,	-,- 50			-,

POPULATION: (continued)

	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>201</u>	17
											_
Fayette	106,000	106,700	106,567	107,100	107,500	108,200	109,664	110,700	112,300	112,90	
Unemployment Rate	5.2%	8.1%	9.3%	8.1%	7.9%	7.1%	6.1%	5.0%	4.7%	3.69	%
Personal Income (PI)	\$4,838	\$4,718	\$4,770	5125.078	5325.75	\$ 5,097	\$ 5,309	\$ 5,872	\$ 6,019	\$ 6,33	6
Per capita Pl	\$45,474	\$44,721	\$44,582	47805	49583	\$ 47,406	\$ 48,413	\$ 53,047	\$ 54,361	\$ 56,75	9
Brooks	535	540	524			550	540	545	546	56	0
Fayetteville	14,915	15,187	15,945			15,900	16,725	16,883	16,331	16,71	0
Peachtree City	34,546	34,770	34,364			34,490	35,063	35,394	34,784	35,86	0
Tyrone	6,517	6,571	6,879			6,990	7,135	7,202	7,096	7,29	0
Woolsey	172	170	158			150	163	165	166	17	0
Fulton County	951,500	957,900	920,581	928,200	936,100	945,400	996,319	970,400	985,700	1,022,80	0
Unemployment Rate	6.5%	9.8%	10.9%	10.6%	9.6%	8.6%	7.4%	5.7%	5.4%	4.29	%
Personal Income (PI)	\$54,295	\$56,313	\$57,518	\$ 62,207	\$ 62,264	\$ 56,259	\$ 57,909	\$ 63,938	\$ 70,716	\$ 75,82	25
Per capita Pl	\$53,579	\$62,189	\$62,112	\$ 65,465	\$ 63,677	\$ 57,537	\$ 58,123	\$ 65,888	\$ 69,977	\$ 74,09	5
Alpharetta	52,392	52,204	57,551			66,690	63,038	61,398	62,424	63,97	0
Atlanta*	444,200	447,500	391,000	391,650	392,490	393,610	425,458	414,390	424,308	432,70	0
Chattahoochee Hills	N/A	2,553	2,378			2,430	2,610	2,542	2,543	2,72	0
College Park*	17,501	17,436	12,609			12,879	13,290	12,944	13,574	13,60	0
East Point	41,150	41,279	33,712			33,380	35,488	34,565	35,301	36,12	
Fairburn	10,557	10,634	12,950			13,670	13,696	13,340	14,003	14,65	
Hapeville	6,007	6,070	6,373			6,650	6,669	6,496	7,034	7,04	
Johns Creek	69,268	68,278	76,728			79,950	83,102	80,940	83,225	84,91	
Milton	30,092	28,402	32,661			34,570	36,662	35,708	37,758	38,77	
Mountain Park*	501	507	547			547	557	543	551	56	-
Palmetto*	4,116	4,259	3,906			3,986	4,437	4,322	4,458	4,44	
Roswell	84,004	84,392	88,346			90,620	94,089	91,641	93,976	95,77	
Sandy Springs	87,539	88,787	93,853			97,550	101,908	99,257	101,799	103,07	
Union City	17,477	18,370	19,456			19,780	20,427	19,896	21,060	22,26	0

POPULATION: (continued)

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>
	750 000								077 400	
Gwinnett County	752,800	757,300	805,321	814,100	823,100	832,200	877,922	859,800	877,100	911,900
Unemployment Rate	5.6%	8.7%	9.8%	8.8%	7.8%	7.3%	6.2%	5.0%	4.7%	3.7%
Personal Income (PI)	\$26,504	\$25,370	\$25,487	\$ 27,668	\$ 28,477	\$ 28,766	\$ 29,902	\$ 31,056 \$ 36,120	\$ 33,240 \$ 37,106	\$ 35,050
Per capita PI	\$33,527	\$31,861	\$31,533	\$ 33,545	\$ 33,911	\$ 34,162	\$ 34,061	\$ 30,120	\$ 37,100	\$ 38,638
Auburn*	286	284	283			289	223	218	222	230
Berkeley Lake	1,696	1,689	1,574			1,620	1,983	1,942	2,138	2,230
Braselton*	2,084	2,114	7,511			3,602	8,727	8,547	9,487	10,140
Buford*	10,779	11,060	11,894			12,532	12,367	12,112	12,484	12,830
Dacula	4,480	4,468	4,442			4,550	4,971	4,868	5,452	6,140
Duluth	25,447	25,827	26,600			27,330	28,838	28,243	28,644	30,020
Grayson	2,375	2,367	2,666			2,800	2,780	2,723	3,461	4,060
Lawrenceville	27,845	29,416	28,546			29,490	30,212	29,588	31,141	31,650
Lilburn	11,400	11,475	11,596			11,930	12,543	12,284	12,494	12,850
Loganville*	2,080	2,071	2,289			2,366	2,663	2,608	2,795	2,870
Norcross	9,895	9,596	9,116			9,280	16,349	16,012	16,183	16,710
Rest Haven*	108	108	55			56	34	33	38	40
Snellville	19,697	19,893	18,242			18,520	19,439	19,038	19,244	19,710
Sugar Hill	15,931	16,098	18,522			19,260	20,821	20,391	21,200	21,670
Suwanee	13,471	14,117	15,355			16,130	18,164	17,789	17,715	18,510
Henry County	190,700	192,800	203,922	207,800	209,500	211,300	213,896	218,700	223,600	224,100
Unemployment Rate	6.1%	9.3%	10.8%	10.0%	9.0%	8.1%	7.4%	5.9%	5.6%	4.3%
Personal Income (PI)	\$5,769	\$6,105	\$6,182	6537.991	6603.586	\$ 6,587	\$ 6,682	\$ 7,224	\$ 7,549	\$ 7,980
Per capita Pl	\$30,278	\$30,580	\$30,133	31583	31688	\$ 31,509	\$ 31,242	\$ 33,033	\$ 34,671	\$ 35,985
Hampton	6,354	6,207	6,987			4,580	7,305	7,469	7,482	7,630
Locust Grove	5,237	5,124	5,402			4,300 5,780	5,702	5,830	6,336	6,500
McDonough	19,011	19,330	22,084			22,880	23,004	23,521	25,198	25,920
Stockbridge	21,666	21,381	15,636			25,870	27,619	28,239	26,893	27,370
Otockbridge	21,000	21,001	10,000			20,070	27,015	20,200	20,000	27,070
Deekdele Country	04.000	05 000	05 045		00 100	00 700	07 75 4	00.400	00.000	00 100
Rockdale County	84,600	85,000	85,215	85,600	86,100	86,700	87,754	89,400	90,900	90,100
Unemployment Rate	6.9%	10.7%	12.1%	11.2%	10.1%	9.3%	8.2%	6.1%	5.8%	4.6%
Personal Income (PI)	\$2,722	\$2,492	\$2,499	\$ 2,614 \$ 00,550	\$ 2,587 © 00.010	\$ 2,843	\$ 2,854 \$ 00,504	\$ 2,759	\$ 2,866 \$ 00,050	\$ <i>2,978</i>
Per capita PI	\$32,638	\$29,442	\$29,258	\$ 30,552	\$ 30,210	\$ 33,122	\$ 32,534	\$ 30,861	\$ 32,259	\$ 33,329
Conyers	13,754	13,873	15,195			15,560	15,718	16,013	15,776	16,100

*Part in this county only **The City of Lithia Springs was dissolved in 2001

POPULATION: (continued)

MUNICIPALITIES THAT CROSS the ARC BOUNDARY

	2008	2009	2010	2011	<u>2012</u>	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Auburn										
Gwinnett	286	284	283			289	223	223	222	230
Barrow	7,203	7,225	6,604			6,741	7,031	7,031	6,993	7,150
Braselton										
Barrow & Jackson	3,481	2,114	4,208			4,588	5,016	5,016	5,751	6,210
Gwinnett	1,582	1,659	3,303			3,602	3,259	3,259	3,736	4,040
Buford										
Gwinnett	10,779	11,060	11,894			12,532	12,367	12,367	12,484	12,830
Hall	208	259	311			328	1,025	1,025	1,035	1,060
Loganville										
Gwinnett	2,080	2,071	2,289			2,366	2,668	2,668	2,795	2,870
Walton	6,874	7,393	8,169			8,444	8,359	8,359	8,758	8,990
Palmetto										
Fulton	4,116	4,259	3,906			3,986	4,437	4,437	4,458	4,440
Coweta	512	566	582			594	310	310	312	310
Rest Haven										
Gwinnett	108	108	55			56	34	34	38	40
Hall	40	40	7			6	32	32	36	40
Villa Rica										
Douglas	4,716	4,716	5,259			5,483	5,924	5,924	5,914	6,050
Carroll	7,776	7,799	8,697			9,067	8,776	8,776	8,761	8,970
College Park										
Fulton	17,501	17,436	12,609			12,879	13,290	12,944	13,574	13,600
Clayton	1,738	1,843	1,333			1,361	1,308	1,305	1,368	1,370
Austell										
Cobb	6,266	6,199	6,483			6,690	6,943	6,911	7,310	7,630
Douglas	98	98	98			101	42	42	44	50
Atlanta										
DeKalb	33,100	33,200	29,000	29,050	29,110	29,190	30,544	30,018	30,737	31,340
Fulton	444,200	447,500	391,000	391,650	392,490	393,610	425,458	414,390	424,308	432,700
Mountain Park										
Cherokee	10	10	14	16	19	20	22	22	22	20
Fulton	501	507	547	547	547	547	557	543	551	560
Nelson										
Cherokee	N/A	N/A	527	537	549	562	577	593	610	630
Pickens	N/A	N/A	787	797	807	814	820	826	829	850

Notes:

2000 figures are adjusted for census undercoun

Personal Income (PI) and PI per capita are only provided

on a three (3) year rotation and not available for interim

Personal Income is in thousands

Due to the lack of detailed 100% census count data, currently city level (municipalities) data will not be

available for this annual report

Sources:

Georgia Department of Labor

Table VIII

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS IN ATLANTA REGION

2017

2008

			Ī				
		Percentage of Regional				Percentage of Regional	
Employer	Employees	Employment	Rank	Employer	Employees	Employment	Rank
Delta Air Lines	31,530	1.46%	÷	Delta Air Lines	27,000	1.41%	-
Emory University	25,560	1.18%	N	Emory University	22,200	1.15%	0
Gwinnett County Public Schools	21,100	0.98%	ო	Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	17,700	0.91%	e
WellStar Health System Inc.	18,170	0.84%	4	Gwinnett County Public Schools	17,200	0.89%	4
AT&T Inc.	16,000	0.74%	5	BellSouth Corp.	15,800	0.82%	5
Northside Hospital	14,700	0.68%	9	Cobb County School System	13,800	0.71%	9
Cobb County Public Schools	13,720	0.64%	7	Dekalb County School System	13,000	0.67%	7
Emory Healthcare	13,330	0.62%	8	Publix Supermarkets	10,700	0.55%	8
Fulton County Schools	11,360	0.53%	6	WellStar Health System	10,100	0.52%	6
Publix Super Markets Inc.	10,090	0.47%	10	U.S. Army Garrison	10,000	0.52%	10
The Home Depot	10,000	0.46%	11	City of Atlanta	9,000	0.46%	5
Piedmont Healthcare	9,710	0.45%	12	United States Postal Service	8,500	0.44%	12
Georgia Institute of Technology	8,880	0.41%	13	Clayton County School System	8,000	0.41%	13
Cox Enterprises Inc.	8,740	0.41%	14	IBM Corp.	7,500	0.39%	14
United Parcel Service Inc. (UPS)	7,400	0.34%	15	Dekalb County Government	7,500	0.39%	15
Children's Healthcare of Atlanta	7,290	0.34%	16	Georgia Dept. of Human Resources	7,400	0.38%	16
SunTrust Banks Inc.	7,290	0.34%	17	United Parcel Services Inc.	7,400	0.38%	17
State Farm	7,000	0.32%	18	SunTrust Banks Inc.	7,300	0.38%	18
Northeast Georgia Health System	6,670	0.31%	19	Emory Healthcare	6,700	0.35%	19
Georgia State University	5,430	0.25%	20	Lockheed Martin Aeronautics Co.	6,300	0.32%	20
Turner Broadcasting System	5,390	0.25%	21	Cox Enterprises Inc.	6,200	0.32%	21
Gwinnett County Government	5,040	0.23%	22	Waffle House	6,100	0.31%	22
Lockheed Martin Aeronautics Co.	5,000	0.23%	23	Centers for Disease Control and Prevention	6,000	0.31%	23
Fulton County Government	4,790	0.22%	24	Wachovia Bank, N.A.	5,900	0.30%	24
Grady Health System	4,690	0.22%	25	Turner Broadcasting System Inc.	5,750	0.30%	25

Source: Metro Atlanta Chamber of Commerce; Atlanta Business Chronicle; ARC; GADoL Note: Number of employees are estimates and represents employers with more than 5,000 employees

EDUCATION FACILITIES:

School Districts

Atlanta City Schools Buford City Schools Cherokee County Schools Clayton County Schools Cobb County Schools Decatur City Schools DeKalb County Schools Douglas County Schools Fayette County Schools Gwinnett County Schools Henry County Schools Marietta City Schools Rockdale County Schools

Junior Colleges, Colleges, Universities and Technical Schools

Academy of Somatic Healing Arts Agnes Scott College American InterContinental University/Dunwoody Argosy University/Atlanta Atlanta Beauty Academy Atlanta College of Art Atlanta Institute of Music Atlanta Metropolitan College Atlanta School of Massage Atlanta Technical College Atlanta's John Marshall Law School Aviation Institute of Maintenance/Atlanta **Bauder College** Beauty College of America Beulah Heights University Brenau University/Fairburn Brenau University/Norcross Brown College of Court Reporting Brown Mackie College/Atlanta Carver Bible College Chattahoochee Technical College/Austell Chattahoochee Technical College/Canton Chattahoochee Technical College/Marietta Chattahoochee Technical College/Mountain View Chattahoochee Technical College/Woodstock Christian College of Georgia Clark Atlanta University Clayton State University Clayton State University/Fayette Clayton State University/Henry

Cobb Beauty College Columbia Theological Seminary DeVry University/Alpharetta DeVry University/Atlanta Cobb-Galleria Center DeVry University/Cobb-Galleria DeVry University/Decatur DeVry University/Duluth DeVry University/Stockbridge Embry-Riddle Aeronautical University/Marietta Emory University Empire Beauty School/Dunwoody Empire Beauty School/Gwinnett Empire Beauty School/Kennesaw Empire Beauty School/Morrow Everest Institute/Jonesboro Everest Institute/Marietta Everest Institute/Norcross Fayette Beauty Academy Fortis College Gammon Theological Seminary Georgia Career Institute Georgia Gwinnett College (Renamed) Georgia Highlands College/Douglasville Georgia Highlands College/Marietta Georgia Institute of Technology Georgia Perimeter College/Alpharetta Georgia Perimeter College/Clarkston Georgia Perimeter College/Decatur Georgia Perimeter College/Dunwoody

Georgia Piedmont Technical College/DeKalb (Renamed) Georgia State University Georgia State University/Henry Grady Health System Professional Schools **Gupton-Jones College of Funeral Service** Gwinnett College/Lilburn Gwinnett College/Sandy Springs Gwinnett Technical College/Gwinnett Place Mall Gwinnett Technical College/Lawrenceville Herzing University High-Tech Institute-Atlanta Interactive College of Technology Interactive College of Technology/Chamblee Interactive College of Technology/Morrow Interdenominational Theological Center International School of Skin, Nailcare & Massage Therapy **ITT Technical Institute/Atlanta** ITT Technical Institute/Duluth ITT Technical Institute/Kennesaw Iverson Business School Kennesaw State University Laurus Technical Institute/Decatur Laurus Technical Institute/Jonesboro Le Cordon Bleu College - Atlanta Le Cordon Bleu College of Culinary Arts Life University Lincoln College of Technology/Marietta Luther Rice University Medtech Institute/Marietta Medtech Institute/Morrow Medtech Institute/Northlake Mercer University/Atlanta Mercer University/Douglas Mercer University/Henry Morehouse College Morehouse School Of Medicine Morris Brown College **Oglethorpe University Omnitech Institute** Paul Mitchell School/Atlanta Paul Mitchell School/Roswell

Medicine/Suwanee Point University Portfolio Center Pro Way Hair School Profile Institute of Barber-Styling Reinhardt College Saint Leo University/Gwinnett Saint Leo University/Marietta Saint Leo University/Morrow Sanford-Brown College Savannah College of Art and Design/Atlanta Shorter College/Atlanta Shorter College/College Park Shorter College/Gwinnett Southern Crescent Technical College/Henry Spelman College Straver University/Chamblee Strayer University/Cobb Strayer University/Douglasville Strayer University/Lithonia Strayer University/Morrow Strayer University/Roswell The Art Institute of Atlanta The Creative Circus The Medical Management Institute The Process Institute of Cosmetology The Salvation Army Evangeline Booth College Toni & Guy Hairdressing Academy/Atlanta Troy University/Atlanta **UEI/Morrow** University of Georgia/Atlanta University of Georgia/Gwinnett University of Phoenix/Alpharetta University of Phoenix/DeKalb University of Phoenix/Gwinnett University of Phoenix/Marietta University of Phoenix/McDonough University of Phoenix/Sandy Springs University of Phoenix/Snellville West Georgia Technical College/Douglas Westwood College/Midtown

Westwood College/Northlake

Philadelphia College of Osteopathic

Source: Atlanta Regional Commission

TABLE X

AREA HOSPITALS:

Cherokee County

Northside Cherokee Hospital CHOA at Cherokee

Clayton County

Anchor Hospital Riverwoods Southern Regional Psychiatric Center Southern Regional Medical Center

Cobb County

Devereaux Center Ridgeview Institute Wellstar Cobb Hospital Wellstar Kennestone Hospital Wellstar Windy Hill

DeKalb County

CHOA Egleston

DeKalb Medical Center - North (Decatur) DeKalb Medical Center - Hillandale (Lithonia) Emory University Hospital (Clifton) Georgia Regional Hospital Laurel Heights Hospital Emory University Orthopedics and Spine Hospital Peachford Behavioral Health System of Atlanta Veterans Affairs Medical Center Wesley Woods Geriatric

Douglas County

Inner Harbour for Children and Families Wellstar Douglas

Fayette County

Lafayette Nursing and Rehab Center Piedmont Fayette Community Hospital

Fulton County

WellStar Atlanta Medical Center WellStar Atlanta Medical Center - South **CHOA Scottish Rite** Emory University Hospital (Midtown) Grady Memorial Hospital Hillside Hospital **CHOA Hughes Spalding** Kindred Hospital - Atlanta WellStar North Fulton Regional Hospital Northside Hospital **Piedmont Hospital** Shepherd Spinal Center St. Joseph's Hospital Wesley Woods Geriatric Hospital Emory Johns Creek Hospital CHOA at North Point

Gwinnett County

Emory Eastside Medical Center Joan Glancy Memorial Gwinnett Medical Center (Duluth) Gwinnett Medical Center (Lawrenceville) Summit Ridge CHOA at Satellite Boulevard

Henry County

Piedmont Henry Hospital CHOA at Hudson Bridge

Rockdale County

Rockdale Medical Center

Source: Atlanta Regional Commission

TABLE XI

ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION REVIEW AND COMMENT ACTIVITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>Total</u>
A-95/E.O. 12372	25	15	1	0	0	0	1	6	0	0	48
Area Plans	0	1	1	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	7
Developments of Regional Impact	44	10	8	6	11	8	12	20	30	32	181
Certificates of Need (S.H.P.A.)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Local Comprehensive Plans	48	36	29	36	27	36	29	21	36	36	334
Solid Waste Plans	6	3	4	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	15
Environmental Impact Statements and Notices of Findings of No Significant Effect	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	6
Metropolitan River Protection Act Reviews	18	12	12	7	8	13	19	9	19	22	139
Corps of Engineers Permits	8	1	0	0	0	0	7	9	6	7	38
Total	<u>151</u>	<u>79</u>	<u>55</u>	<u>51</u>	<u>48</u>	<u>57</u>	<u>71</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>92</u>	<u>97</u>	<u>768</u>

Source: ARC Review Database and Files

TABLE XII

Atlanta Regional Commission Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Fu	ll-Time Equi	Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of December 3	yees as of De	cember 31			
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function										
Office of the Executive Director	5	9	9	5	4	3	3	5	5	4
Business Services										
Business Services Director	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
General Services	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Financial Services	L	7	L	7	7	L	7	7	7	5
Talent Management	3	ŝ	С	С	33	3	ŝ	4	4	4
Information Technology Services	L	7	L	L	7	7	7	7	7	8
Center for Strategic Relations	6	10	10	10	10	13	14	12	12	13
Center for Community Services										
Community Services		·	·	ı	·	ı	ı	ı	ı	2
Aging and Health Resources	39	41	34	45	50	53	99	60	44	46
Department of Homeland Security~	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	c,	5
Governmental Services*	L	8	8	5	7	0	0	0	0	0
Workforce Solutions	6	6	6	10	11	12	13	15	14	16
Center for Livable Communites										
Livable Communites	5	5	4	ю	33	4	4	4	4	4
Community Development*	L	7	7	8	8	13	14	13	14	13
Mobility Services	12	12	10	10	5	9	10	12	11	14
Natural Resources	13	11	10	6	6	11	12	12	12	10
Research & Analytics	14	11	11	11	11	11	15	14	15	14
Transportation Access & Mobility	23	24	24	21	27	25	19	17	19	16
Total	163	164	153	157	165	171	190	189	174	175

~In 2015 The Department of Homeland Security became a division in the Atlanta Regional Commission *In 2013, Land Use and Governmental Services merged to become Community Development.

ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION DEVELOPMENT GUIDES: PAST AND PRESENT 2017

Pursuant to Section 50-8-92 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, the Atlanta Regional Commission prepares and adopts development guides which consist of policy statements, goals, standards, programs, and maps prescribing an orderly and economic development, public and private, of the Atlanta Region. The development guides are based upon and encompass physical, economic, and health needs of the Region taking into consideration future development.

New or Updated in 2017:

- HST Plan Update: Managing Mobility in the Atlanta Region (February 2017)
- The Atlanta Region's Plan RTP Amendment and TIP Update (August 2017)
- Regional Trail Plan (February 2017)
- Bike to Ride Regional Bike-Transit Access Strategies Guide (July 2017)

Active:

- Aging
 - Lifelong Communities Principles of Good Design (May 2008).
- Environmental
 - 1997 Atlanta Regional Water Supply Plan Amendment (August 2000).
 - Atlanta Region Solid Waste Management Plan (May 1992).
- Land Use
 - ARC Alternative DRI Procedures and Thresholds (March 2013)
 - Area Plan Review-Memorial Drive Bus Rapid Transit Corridor (February 2006).
 - Chattahoochee Corridor Plan, as amended September 1998.
 - Green Communities Program (October 2008).
 - Policy on Coordination of Greenway and Trail Planning (September 2005).
 - Policy on Development of Regional Impact Reviews in Small Water Supply Watersheds (April 2005).
 - Land Use Strategy (May 2000).
- Transportation
 - Strategic Regional Thoroughfare Plan (July 2011).
 - ARC Strategic Plan (June 2011).
 - Regional Transit Governance Proposed Legislative Language (January 2011).
 - ARC Position, Draft Criteria for the *Transportation Investment Act* (September 2010).

- Atlanta Metropolitan Transportation Planning Boundary Update following 2000 Census (October 2003).
- Atlanta Urban Area Boundary Update, Highway Functional Classification System Update, National Highway System Update following 2000 Census (August 2003).
- Atlanta Regional Policy for the Allocation of FTA Section 5307 Urbanized Area Formula Funds (January 2003).
- Charter Review Committee Recommendations (December 2007).
- Congestion Mitigation Task Force Recommendations (February 2006).
- GRTA, ARC, and GDOT MOU on Transportation Project Prioritization (December 2007).
- Endorsing IT3 Recommendations (January 2009).
- Managed Lanes Policies for the Atlanta Region (June 2007).
- Quad Party Agreement for Transportation Planning Amended to include RTC Roles and Responsibilities (December 2009).
- Transit Planning Board Concept 3 Recommendations (December 2008).
- Transportation Reauthorization Position Paper (February 2009).
- Plans and Programs
- Studies
 - Atlanta Regional Freight Mobility Plan (February 2008).
 - Atlanta Strategic Truck Route Master Plan (ASTRoMaP) (June 2010).
 - Buford Highway Multimodal Corridor Study Recommendations (June 2007).
 - I-285 Corridor Transit Feasibility Study Findings Adoption (May 2002).
 - Southern Regional Accessibility Study Recommendations (September 2007).
 - State Route 6 Multimodal (February 2008).
 - Tara Boulevard/US19/41 Multimodal Corridor Study (April 2007).

Archive:

- PLAN 2040-Regional Plan including the Regional Development Guide and Unified Growth Policy Map, Local Government Plan Implementation, ARC Implementation Program, Regional Implementation Partners, and Regional Resource Plan (December 2013).
- Vision, Goals and Objectives to Guide Development of Plan 2040 (July 2010).
- 2040 Unified Plan Process (February 2009).
- Regional Agenda for the Atlanta Region (March 2007), as used for FY 2011-2015 (June 2010).
- Regional Development Plan (December 1997), as amended through December 2005
- Regional Resource Plan (October 2010)
- A Guide for the Development of Multipurpose Senior Centers in the Atlanta Region (February 1977).

- Envision6- Regional Development Policies, as amended through May 2006, Unified Growth Policy Map, as amended through February 2010, Regional Development Types Matrix (May 2005).
- Recommendations for Services to Non-English Speaking Groups (June 1980).
- Review Criteria for Adult Developmental Disabilities Projects (February 1980).
- Review Criteria for Human Services Planning Review of Federally and State Assisted Human Services Projects (January 1981).
- Guide for Services to Abused and Neglected Children in the Atlanta Region (March, 1977), Amendment of Administrative Policy Component (August 1981).
- Policy on Funding and Services for Dependent Children in the Atlanta Region (May 1980).
- Goals and Objectives for Transportation for the Handicapped and Elderly (August 1975), incorporated into Regional Transportation Plan.
- Priorities for Park Acquisition and Development Projects Proposed for Funding in FY 1981 (March 1980).
- Recommendations for Funding of Local Government Pre-applications for FY 1982 Land and Water Conservation Funds (April 1981).
- Regional Open Space and Recreation Planning Objectives (June 1976).
- Land Use Guidelines for Growth (April 1968), as amended by the Regional Development Plan (1975) and superseded by the 1984 Regional Development Plan.
- Preliminary Development Plan (August 1968), as superseded by the Regional Development Plan (1975) and superseded by the 1984 Regional Development Plan.
- Emergency Medical Services Position Paper (March 1973), Repealed (March, 1978).
- Hospital Development Guide, Volume I (April 1973), Hospital Development Guide Update, 1974 (February 1975), Repealed (March 1978).
- Water and Sewer Priority Ranking System (May 1973), superseded by Areawide Wastewater Management Plan.
- Housing Goals and Objectives (June 1973),
- Peachtree Trail Bikeway Plan (February 1974).
- Nursing Home Development Guide (February 1975), Nursing Home Development Guide Update (December, 1975), Repealed (March 1978).
- Home Care Services Program (April 1975).
- Regional Improvements Program (April 1975), superseded by Areawide Capital Improvements Programs.
- Five-year Family Planning Service Delivery Plan (September 1975), Repealed (March 1978).
- Regional Development Plan (September, 1975), Amendment to Regional Development Plan (March 1977) as updated and superseded by 1984 Regional Development Plan and superceded by the 1997 Regional Development Plan.
- Transit Development Program (November 1975), incorporated into Regional Transportation Plan.
- Regional Housing Plan (February 1976).

- Transportation Systems Management Plan (March 1976), amendment to Transportation Systems Management Plan (April 1976), incorporated into Regional Transportation Plan.
- Comprehensive Health Plan, First Edition (April 1976), Quantified Projections of Future Need for Facilities, Manpower, or Services, Repealed (March 1978).
- Areawide Wastewater Management Plan (June 1976), as amended November, 1983, and June, 1992.
- Mental Health Position Paper (August 1976). Mental Retardation Policies Repealed (April 1982).
- Proposed Nature Preserves for the Atlanta Region (October 1976), as amended February, 1983 and February, 1986.
- Health Policy Plan for the Atlanta Region (December 1976).
- Renal Dialysis Position Paper (June 1974), Repealed (March, 1978).
- Human Services Planning Goals (June 1978)
- Hispanic Policy Recommendations (April 1980).
- Appalachian Regional Commission Priorities (July 1980); Amended (September 1981).
- Environmental Water Supply Plan (March 1988) as amended April,1988; August, 1990; February, 1991; and May, 1992. Repealed and replaced with the 1997 Atlanta Region Water Supply Plan (December 1997).
- Areawide Capital Improvements Program, 1989-1993 (February 1989).
- Human Services Investment Strategy (July 1990).
- Project Prioritization Framework for Envision6 RTP (August 2006)
- Envision6 Implementation Strategy (December 2006)
- Standards for Peace Officer Training in Juvenile Law (October 1980).
- Criminal Justice in the Atlanta Region 1978 Update (October 1977), Amendment (January 1978), 1979 Update to the Plan (September, 1978), Amendment of JJDP Policies (August 1981).
- Regional Transportation Plans –Envision6 2030 RTP adopted in October 2007, the Mobility 2030 RTP adopted in December 2004 and the Transportation Solutions 2025 RTP adopted in July 2000.

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ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards	For the Year Ended December 31, 2017
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Grantor Agency	Grant Number	Program Name	CFDA NO.	Federal Passed through to Subrecpients	Federal Expended	State Expended
U.S. Department of Commerce Pass through United Way of Greater Atlanta Direct Assistance Total U. S. Department of Commerce	REVWD1700 ED17ATL3020019	Aerotropolis Atlanta Workforce Collective Regional Economic Development Plan	11.302 11.302		1,178 80,013 \$81,191	
Department of Homeland Security Passed through Georgia Emergency Management Agency 2015. EMW Total Department of Homeland Security	Agency 2015-SS-00065-S01 EMW-2016-SS-00007-S01	Urban Areas Security Initiative (UASI) Urban Areas Security Initiative (UASI)	97.067 97.067	1,604,569 - \$1,604,569	3,006,789 199,031 \$3,205,820	
Corporation for National & Community Service Direct Assistance 175 Total Corporation for National & Community Service	14SRSGA003 17SRSGA002 sivice	Retired & Senior Volunteer Program Retired & Senior Volunteer Program	94.002 94.002		39,553 46,327 85,880	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed through Georgia Dept. of Human Services	42700-373-0000049685 42700-373-0000060323	Aging Cluster Title III , Part A & B - Supportive Services Title III , Part A & B - Supportive Services	93.044 93.044	761,624 958,814 1,720,438	791,070 1,069,312 1,860,382	46,534 62,901 109,435
	42700-373-0000049685 42700-373-0000060323	Title III, Part C1 - Congregate Meals, Part C2 - Home Deivered Meals Title III, Part C1 - Congregate Meals, Part C2 - Home Deivered Meals	93.045 93.045	1,288,286 1,860,432 3,148,718	1,431,428 2,067,147 3,498,575	84,202 121,597 205,799
	42700-373-0000049685 42700-373-0000060323	Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSIP) Nutrition Services Incentive Program (NSIP)	93.053 93.053	309,236 370,805 680,041	309,236 370,805 680,041	•••
		Total Aging Cluster		5,549,197	6,038,998	315,234
	42700-373-0000049685 42700-373-0000060323	Title III, Part D - Health Promotion Services Title III, Part D - Health Promotion Services	93.043 93.043		279,462 252,921 532,383	3,217 2,685 5,902
	42700-373-0000049685 42700-373-0000060323	Title III, Part E - Family Caregiver Support Title III, Part E - Family Caregiver Support	93.052 93.052	182,393 112,355 294,748	476,421 429,960 906,381	76,916 56,353 133,269
	42700-373-0000049685 42700-373-000060323	Social Services Block Grant (SSBG) Social Services Block Grant (SSBG)	93.667 93.667	118,256 219,018 337,274	749,667 726,411 1,476,078	
	42700-373-0000049685 42700-373-0000060323	Money Follows the Person Money Follows the Person	93.791 93.791	6,850 405 7,255	689,058 542,734 1,231,792	98,535 - 98,535
		Medicaid Cluster				

See separately issued Single Audit Report

ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Grantor Agency	Grant Number	Program Name	CFDA NO.	Federal Passed through to Subrecpients	Federal Expended	State Expended
	42700-373-0000049685	Balancing Incentive Progr	93.778		250,505	·
Passed through Georgia Dept. of Community Health 42700-373-0000049685 2017002	alth 42700-373-0000049685 2017002	Community Care Service Program (CCSP) Community Care Service Program (CCSP) Total Medicaid Cluster	93.778 93.778	216,019 971,322 1,187,341	1,351,528 1,282,412 2,884,445	1,351,528 1,282,412 2,633,940
Passed through Fulton County	2017-NU58DP005568-03-00	PICH - Partnership in Comm Health	93.331	78,928	218,868	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	ervices			\$7,454,743	\$13,288,945	\$3,186,880
U.S. Department of Labor Passed through Georgia Dept. of Economic Development	elopment	WIA Cluster				
	11-15-15-03-007 11-15-16-03-007	WIA, Adult Program WIA, Adult Program	17.258 17.258	66,378 226,064	103,677 412,469	
	11-16-16-03-007		17.258 17.258	261,086 2 487 126	387,985	
	11-17-17-03-007		17.258	41,327	243,540	
	11-17-18-03-007	WIA, Aduit Program	17.258	3,081,981	3,402 4,860,314	•
	15-15-15-03-007	Youth Programs	17.259	40,888	61,878	
	15-16-16-03-007	Youth Programs	17.259	1,720,594	2,331,840	
	15-17-03-007	Youth Programs	17.259	1,062,544 2,824,026	1,257,845 3,651,563	•
	31-15-15-03-007	WIA, Dislocated Worker	17.278	159,929	248,680	
	31-15-16-03-007	WIA, Dislocated Worker	17.278	672,318	893,623	
	31-16-16-03-007	WIA, Dislocated Worker	17.278	158,180	310,756	•
	31-16-17-03-007	WIA, Dislocated Worker	17.278	720,932	1,393,000	•
	31-17-18-03-007 31-17-18-03-007	WIA, Dislocated Worker WIA Dislocated Worker	17.278		33,129 73 938	
	36-16-17-03-007	WIA, Dislocated Worker	17.278	698,373	908,084	
	44-15-15-03-007	WIA, Dislocated Worker	17.278		11,480	
	44-16-17-03-007	WIA, Dislocated Worker	17.278	2,409,732	7,873 3,882,563	
		Total WIA Cluster		8,315,739	12,394,440	ı
Total U.S. Department of Economic Development U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Assistance - Federal Transit Administration	eut			\$8,315,739	\$12,394,440	9
		Federal Transit Capital & Oper Asst Grants	1			
	GA-90-X339 GA-2017-013-00	Regional Transit Implementation 5007 Eutiton County Transit Master Plan	20.507 20.507	CCC FC	337,289 644,766	
	GA-95-X026-00	Atlanta Beltine Project	20.507	163,207 163,207 300,207	200,000 204,009 1,436,064	
	GA-26-0008-00 GA-2017-009-00	TMC Platform for One-Click Rides to Wellness	20.514 20.514	6,252 6,252	72,917 96,290 169,207	

Grantor Agency	Grant Number	Program Name	CFDA NO.	Federal Passed through to Subrecpients	Federal Expended	State Expended
Docod thereich Coords Doct of Limon Documo		Transit Services Program Cluster				
ר מספס נוויסטטר ספסוקוג סרקטי. טר דומוו מוו רפסיסוק	42700-362-0000037972 42700-362-0000054731	5310 5310	20.513 20.513	57,205 431,996 489,201	159,251 969,049 1,128,300	
		Total Transit Services Program Cluster		489,201	1,128,300	
		Total Federal Transit Capital & Oper Asst Grants		795,660	2,733,571	
Passed through Georgia Dept. of Transportation	0014102	Highway Planning and Construction Cluster Highway Planning and Construction (PL)	20.205		5,227,340	,
	009596	Georgia Commute Options Program	20.205	ı	3,655,429	ı
	0010500	Regional Rideshare Program	20.205	,	1,742,948	ı
	0010935	TDM Employer Services	20.205	1,379,907	1,724,885	ı
	0013754 0015281	SHRP2 SHRP2	20.205 20.205		82,040 208,660	
	0010464	ACL CDSM Education	20.205	1,318,737	1,648,421	
	0015577	Invest Program	20.205	ı	4,809	ı
	0015626	Aerotropolis Greenway Planning	20.205	45,013	56,266	ı
	0010462 0010463	Livable Centers Initiative Policy Studies Livable Centers Initiative Policy Studies	20.205 20.205	373,051 231,730	466,314 489,991	
	0014992 0010466	Surface Transporation Program County Comprehensive Transportation Plan Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster	20.205 20.205	- 447,221 3,795,659	331,716 1,125,018 16,763,837	•••
	T006522	Federal Transit Technical Studies Grants	20.505		1,992,435 1,992,435	249,054 249,054
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				\$4,591,319	\$21,489,843	\$249,054
Total Schedule of Federal Assistance				\$21,966,370	\$50,546,119	\$3,435,934

ATLANTA REGIONAL COMMISSION Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Atlanta Regional Commission Schedule of Agency Wide Central Support Services and Indirect Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (With comparative totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2016)

	Adn	ninistration	Strategic Relations	Information Office	Ма	Talent nagement
Salaries	\$	435,324	\$ 1,047,615		\$	333,675
Fringe benefits		243,782	581,662			182,740
Travel		21,876	15,400			2,168
Equipment		4,712	10,149			5,368
Supplies		3,974	9,852			6,435
Contracts		215,098	179,532			74,207
Depreciation & amortization		-	-			-
Other expenditures		157,165	 192,691			120,608
	\$	1,081,931	\$ 2,036,901	\$-	\$	725,201

 nance and ccounting	 acilities nagement	_	Non Federal xpenses	De	cember 31, 2017	De	cember 31, 2016
\$ 606,402	\$ 124,253	\$	33,713	\$	2,580,982	\$	2,601,601
339,585	60,994		34,631		1,443,394		1,395,720
10,791	11,148		26,582		87,965		100,612
9,134	4,632		2,600		36,595		37,670
7,124	23,505		-		50,890		22,688
47,992	47,451		441,330		1,005,610		1,223,688
-	222,132		-		222,132		88,423
 249,044	 347,168		123,931		1,190,607		1,094,580
\$ 1,270,072	\$ 841,283	\$	662,787	\$	6,618,175	\$	6,564,982

Atlanta Regional Commission Schedule of Agency Wide Central Support Services Indirect Costs and Recoveries For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Personnel Fringe benefits Travel Equipment Supplies Contractual Depreciation & amortization Other	\$ 2,580,982 1,443,394 87,965 36,595 50,890 1,005,610 222,132 1,190,607	
Total		\$ 6,618,175
Less: Non federal expenses	(662,787)	
Total under (over) recoveries & non-federal		(662,787)
Net indirect costs allowable adjusted for non-federal		
Less: Indirect costs recovered from		5,955,388
application of indirect rate		(5,583,545)
General Fund Contribution		(590,001)
Indirect costs under (over)-recovery		\$ (218,158)

Atlanta Regional Commission Schedule of Fringe Benefits and Recoveries For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (With comparative totals for the Year Ended December 31, 2016)

	Expen	diture	es	% of Regula	r Salaries
	 2017		2016	 2017	2016
Health Insurance Life Insurance	\$ 1,645,266 148,836	\$	1,825,147 115,375	13.40% 1.21%	15.54% 0.98%
Dental insurance	64,543		69,175	0.53%	0.59%
Long-term disability insurance Retirement fund contribution	18,317 1,886,796		20,206 3,023,959	0.15% 15.36%	0.17% 25.75%
Retirement fund administration Post-employment health insurance contribution	-		2,500	0.00% 0.00%	0.02% 0.00%
Unemployment compensation Medicare (Employer's share)	4,719 208,584		35,330 198,479	0.04% 1.70%	0.30% 1.69%
Social security (Employer's share) Workers' compensation	62,675 91,245		60,477 83,895	0.51% 0.74%	0.52% 0.71%
Various leave compensation Other fringe benefits	1,881,497 307,642		1,983,095 320,856	15.32% 2.50%	16.89% 2.73%
Total fringe benefit expenditures	6,320,120		7,738,494	51.46%	65.89%
Less: Fringe benefits recovered from application of fringe benefit rate	 (6,964,960)		(6,425,641)	 (56.71%)	(54.72%)
Fringe benefits under (over)-recovery (1)	 (644,840)		1,312,853	 (5.25%)	11.17%
Balance	\$ (644,840)	\$	1,312,853	 (5.25%)	11.17%
Regular Salaries (2)	12,282,673		11,742,412		

(1) Balance is maintained in the fringe benefit receivable account to offset future fringe benefit recovery variances.

(2) Temporary Salaries are not included in Regular Salaries

Atlanta Regional Commission Schedule of Insurance In Force December 31, 2017

Type of Coverage/Name of Company	Policy Number	Effective Period	Details of Coverage	Liability Limits
General Liability & Law Enforcement Liability/GIRMA	AT-3	Continuous	Includes Personal & Advertising Injury, Products/Completed Operations, Failure to Supply Utilities, Fire Legal Liability and Law Enforcement Liability	\$5,000,000 for each liability line; Unlimited General Aggregate; \$25,000,000 Products/Completed Operations Aggregate; \$25,000,000 Failure to Supply Utilities Aggregate
Public Officials/Errors & Omissions Liability/GIRMA	AT-3	Continuous	Wrongful Acts or Occurrences	\$5,000,000 for each occurrence; \$25,000,000 Aggregate Limit
Automobile Liability/GIRMA	AT-3	Continuous	Single Occurrence, Uninsured Motorists, Hired/Non-Owned	\$5,000,000 for Combined Single Occurrence Limit, Uninsured Motorists and Hire "& Non- Owned. Medical payments are Excluded
Crime & Fidelity/GIRMA	AT-3	Continuous	Blanket Employee Dishonesty, Forgery or Alteration, Computer Crime, Money & Securities	\$500,000 for each coverage line
Property/GIRMA	AT-3	Continuous	Total Insured Values, Blanket Building & Contents; Computers (EDP); Flood, Earthquake	\$5,145,127 for Total Insured Values; \$5,145,127 (ea) for, Flood and Earthquake; Replacement Cost for Building & Contents; Actual Cash Value for Mobile Equipment

Atlanta Regional Commission Schedule of Insurance in Force December 31, 2017

Type of Coverage/ Name of Company	Policy Number	Policy <u>From</u>	Period <u>To</u>	Details of Coverage	Liability Limits
Long Term Disability/Guardian Life Ins	492781	1/1/17	12/31/17	On the 91st day of being disabled, the employee is eligible to receive 66 2/3% of his monthly income up to \$7,500 per month	\$7,500 per month
Group Hospital and Medical/BCBS	GA6793	1/1/17	12/31/17	Employees and families - Surgery, Major Medical, Hospitalization	Medical Expense- Unlimited In-Network; Major Medical -\$500 Deductible; 80% of all covered charges using inside the POS Network or 60% of all covered charges outside the Network (after meeting deductible)
Group Dental/ Lincoln National	ARCOMM BL-1554930	1/1/17	12/31/17	Employees and families comprehensive dental plan for preventive, basic, major and orthodontic services	Type A - 100% Type B - 80% Type D - 50% (\$1,500 lifetime maximum) \$1,500 calendar year maximum \$50 deductible applies to all types service except preventive
Worker's Compensation/ Georgia Municipal Association		1/01/17	12/31/17	Employees-Medical expenses related to on the job injuries	\$100,000
Chubb Group of Insurance Companies/Federal Insurance Company	6476-38-99	2/2/16	2/2/19	Accidental Loss of Life max. up to \$250,000	All active employees who work a minimum of 30 hours per week except commissioners; \$50,000 commissioners
Basic Group Life Insurance/Guardian Life Ins	492781	1/1/17	12/31/17	Three times annual earnings option to purchase additional 1 to 5 x maximum of \$300,000. Effective upon completion of 6 month introductory period	\$450,000 max.

Atlanta Regional Commission Schedule of Agency Vehicles As of December 31, 2017

	Vehicle Identification				
Department	Vehicle	Number	Date Acquired		
Dept. of Business Services Dept. of Business Services Dept. of Business Services Dept. of Business Services	2010 Toyota Prius 2014 Ford Fusion Hybrid 2015 Ford Explorer 2015 Ford Fusion	JTDKN3DU9A0088332 3FA6P0LU7ER363056 1FM5K7B86FGA28702 3FA6P0G72FR131485	1-Jan-10 1-Jul-14 1-Aug-14 1-Aug-14		

Atlanta Regional Commission Salaries of Principal Employees (Exempt Positions) Pay Ranges and Classifications (Classified Service) December 31, 2017

EMPLOYEE Doug Hooker John Hammond Susan Chana Mike Alexander TITLE Executive Director Director of Community Services Director of Strategic Relations Director of Livable Communities ANNUAL RATE AS OF <u>DECEMBER 31, 2017</u> \$234,889 \$160,000 \$160,000 \$163,279

CLASS TITLE	PAY R Minimum	PAY RANGE Minimum Maximum CLASS TITLE		PAY RANGE Minimum Maximum	
Administrative Assistant	\$31,024	\$48,750	Executive Assistant./Sec 'y to the Commission	\$66,511	\$111,485
Administrative Specialist	34,742	54,594	Principal Communications Coordinator	66,511	111,485
Talent Management Assistant	35,888	58,277	Senior Talent Management Coordinator	66,511	111,485
Planning Technician	35,888	58,277	Principal GIS Analyst	66,511	111,485
Program Technician	35,888	58,277	Principal IT Analyst	66,511	111,485
Senior Administrative Specialist	35,888	58,277	Principal Management Analyst	66,511	111,485
Accounting Technician	37,072	60,198	Senior Principal Program Specialist	66,511	111,485
Administrative Coordinator	43,578	73,045	Senior Principal Planner	66,511	111,485
Talent Management Specialist	43,578	73,045	Senior Principal Accountant	66,511	111,485
Communications Specialist	43,578	73,045	Senior Principal Communications Coordinator	68,224	114,357
GIS Specialist	43,578	73,045	Senior Principal GIS Analyst	68,224	114,357
IT Specialist	43,578	73,045	Senior Principal IT Analyst	68,224	114,357
Planner	43,578	73,045	Senior Principal Management Analyst	68,224	114,357
Program Specialist	43,578	73,045	Senior Principal Accountant II	68,224	114,357
Accountant	49,182	82,438	Senior Principal Program Specialist II	68,224	114,357
GIS Analyst	49,182	82,438	Senior Principal Planner II	68,224	114,357
Management Analyst	49,182	82,438	Senior Principal Engineer	68,224	114,357
Engineer	49,182	82,438	Principal Talent Management Coordinator	68,224	114,357
Purchasing Agent	49,182	82,438	Section Manager	69,936	120,889
Registered Nurse	49,182	82,438	Group Manager, General Services	72,634	125,552
Senior Communications Specialist	49,182	82,438	Group Manager, Community Engagement	75,330	130,213
Senior IT Specialist	49,182	82,438	Group Manager, Government Affairs	75,330	130,213
Senior Planner	49,182	82,438	Group Manager, Community Partnerships	75,330	130,213
Senior Program Specialist	49,182	82,438	Group Manager, Mobility Services	75,330	130,213
Nutritionist	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Digital Strategy	78,707	136,048
Senior Talent Management Specialist	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Communications & Marketing	78,707	136,048
Senior Engineer	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Research & Analytics	82,755	143,047
Communications Coordinator	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Strategic Initiatives	82,755	143,047
IT Analyst	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Homeland Security & Recovery	82,755	143,047
Principal IT Specialist	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Mobility Services	82,755	143,047
Principal Planner	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Natural Resources	86,779	150,199
Senior GIS Analyst	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Aging & Independence Services	86,779	150,199
Principal Program Specialist	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Community Development	86,779	150,199
Senior Administrative Coordinator	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Talent Management	86,779	150,199
Senior Accountant	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Technical Services	86,779	150,199
Senior Management Analyst	54,920	93,034	Group Manager, Financial Services	86,779	150,199
Principal Program Coordinator	62,465	104,705	Group Manager, Workforce Solutions	86,779	150,199
Principal Planning Coordinator	62,465	104,705	Group Manager, Transportation Access & Mobility	86,779	150,199
Principal Accountant	62,465	104,705	Center Director, Community Services	103,907	179,610
Senior Communications Coordinator	62,465	104,705	Center Director, Business Services	103,907	179,610
Nutrition Program Manager	62,465	104,705	Center Director, Strategic Relations	103,907	179,610
Principal Engineer	62,465	104,705	Center Director, Livable Communities	103,907	179,610
Talent Management Coordinator	62,465	104,705	Deputy Executive Director	109,102	188,590
Senior IT Analyst	62,465	104,705	Executive Director	n/a 123	n/a