What We Know (or think we know) About The Economic Impact of COVID-19

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Highlights

- The virus is still dictating the pace of the economic recovery 140,000 jobs LOST in December nationally.
- Employment levels in almost all sectors are still well below their pre-pandemic levels. The only
 exception is the "Trade, Transportation and Utilities" Super-Sector
- Labor force participation is creeping back up, but still significantly lower than normal
- Small businesses are still reporting struggles in this economy, with only about 10% indicating a
 return to normal
- Most economists have been revising their forecasts to show a quicker immediate recovery, but a longer slog
- There is a lot of household money sitting on the sidelines, suggesting that late 2021 could see an economic resurgence.
- Perhaps the biggest lesson to be gleaned thus far is the twin public health and economic crises have exposed structural weaknesses that see persons of color experiencing the greatest negative impacts



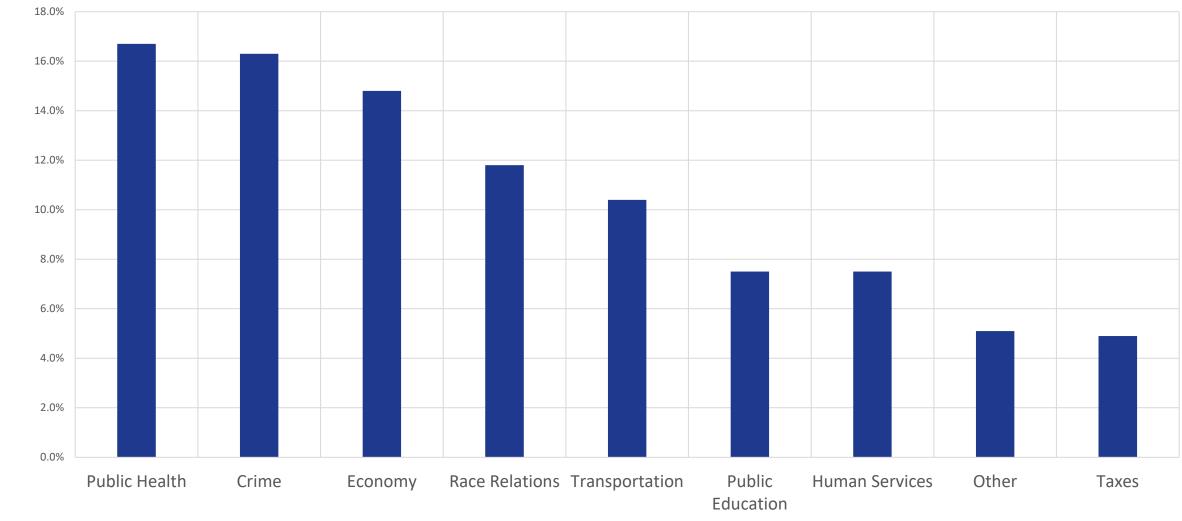
Before We Talk Economy, Let's Take Quick Look at the Public Health Side of Things!





What We Think Locally...

Biggest Problem Facing the Region...

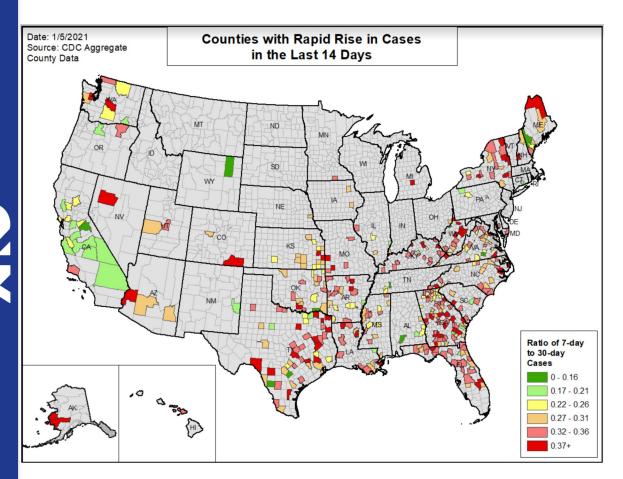


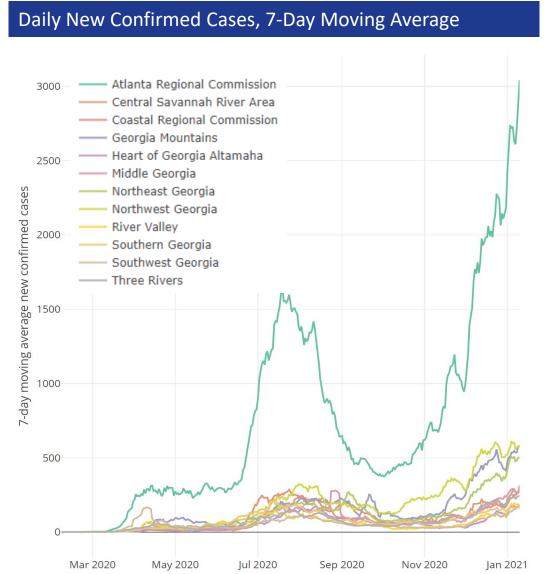


Source: 2020 Metro Atlanta Speaks

local relevance regional impact

Oh Yeah... COVID! Cases Trending Back Up...

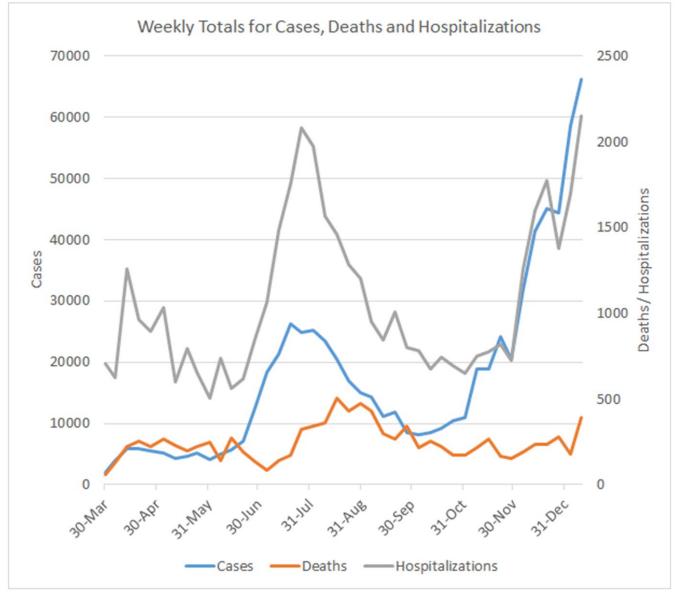






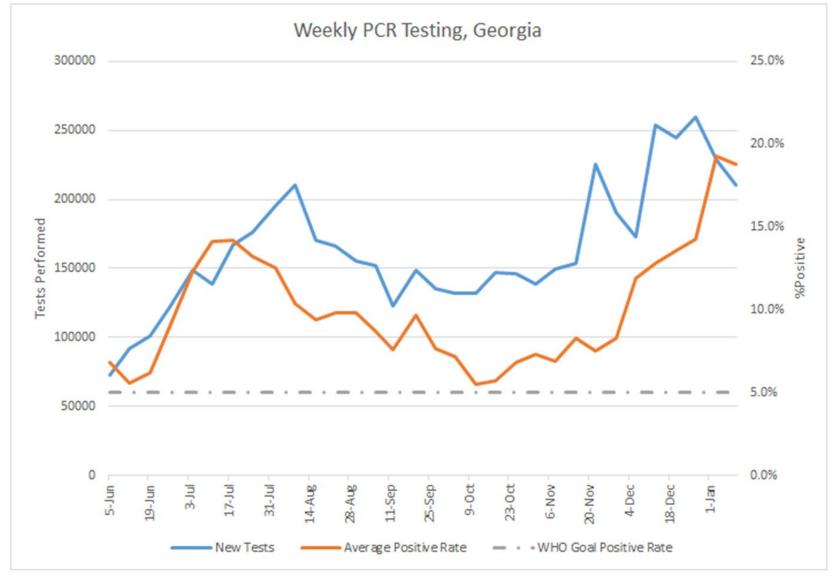
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Hospitalizations And Deaths Are Also Going Back Up...





... As Is Our Positivity Rate





How Are We Behaving & Thinking?



Our Reactions to the Virus

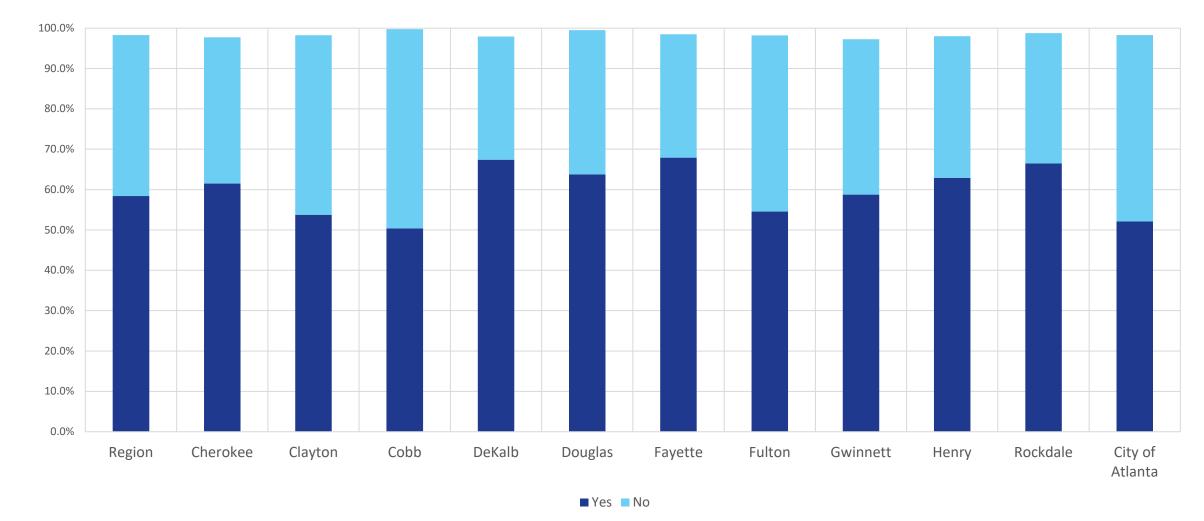
New COVID Cases Per 100,000 Population (LEFT Axis) & Percent Change in Time Spent Away From Home Compared to January (RIGHT Axis)





What We Think Locally...

Do You know anyone who has been diagnosed with COVID-19?





Source: 2020 Metro Atlanta Speaks

What We Are Thinking and Doing

Percentage of Americans who...



Wear a mask at all times when leaving home



Visited friends or relatives in the last week



Went out to eat in the last week



© 2020 lpsos

Amount of time spent in indoor locations outside of the home or the workplace in the past week

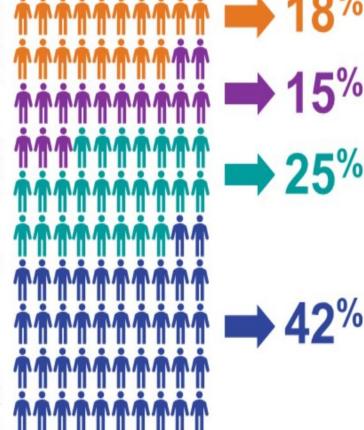


Spent ≥ 1 hour indoors at three or more different places or > 11 hours indoors at one place

Moderate

Spent 1-4 hours indoors at each of two different places or 5-10 hours indoors at one place

Spent 1-4 hours indoors at a single type of place



None

Spent no time indoors at places that were not their home or workplace

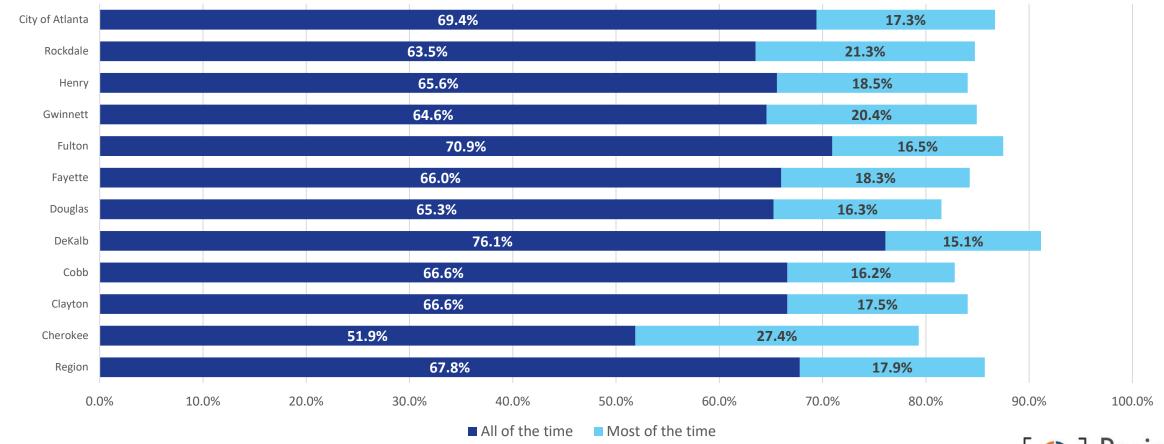




What We Think Locally...

How often did you wear mask or other type of face covering when going to stores or other business establishments? (In last 30 days)

% Responding "All of the Time" or "Most of the Time"





Source: 2020 Metro Atlanta Speaks

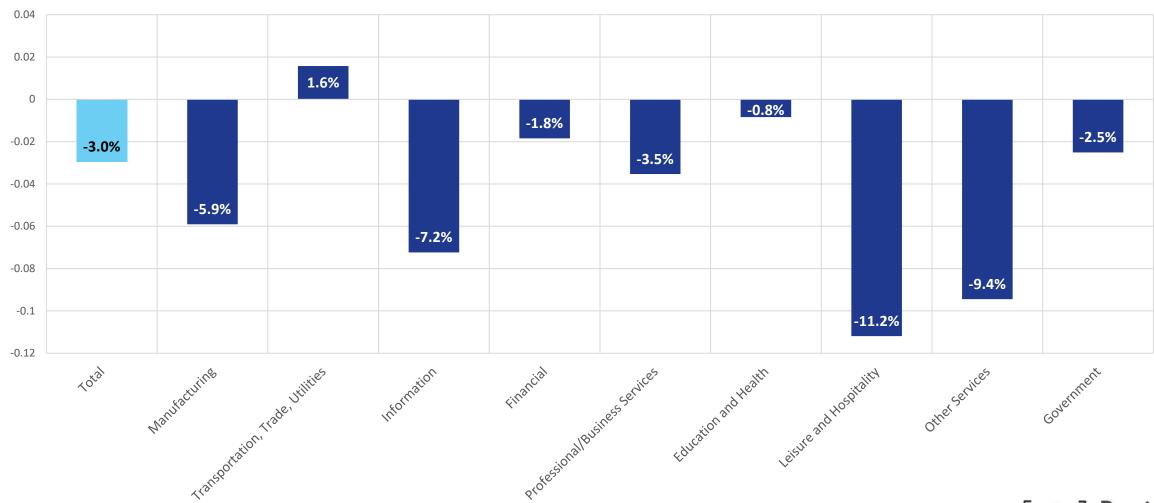
Employment



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Still Have A Ways To Go

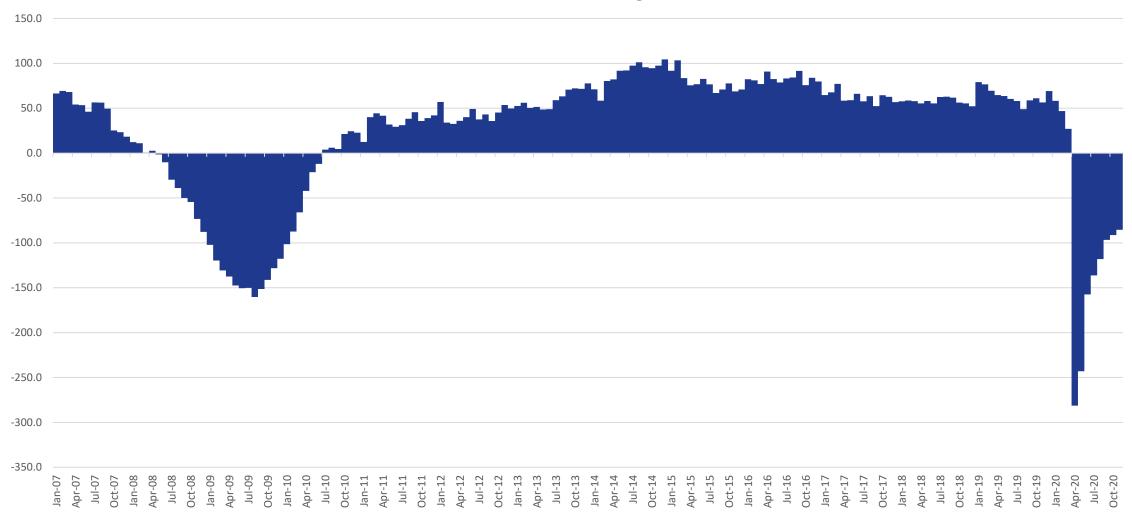
% of Last Year's Employment: November 2020 Compared to November 2019





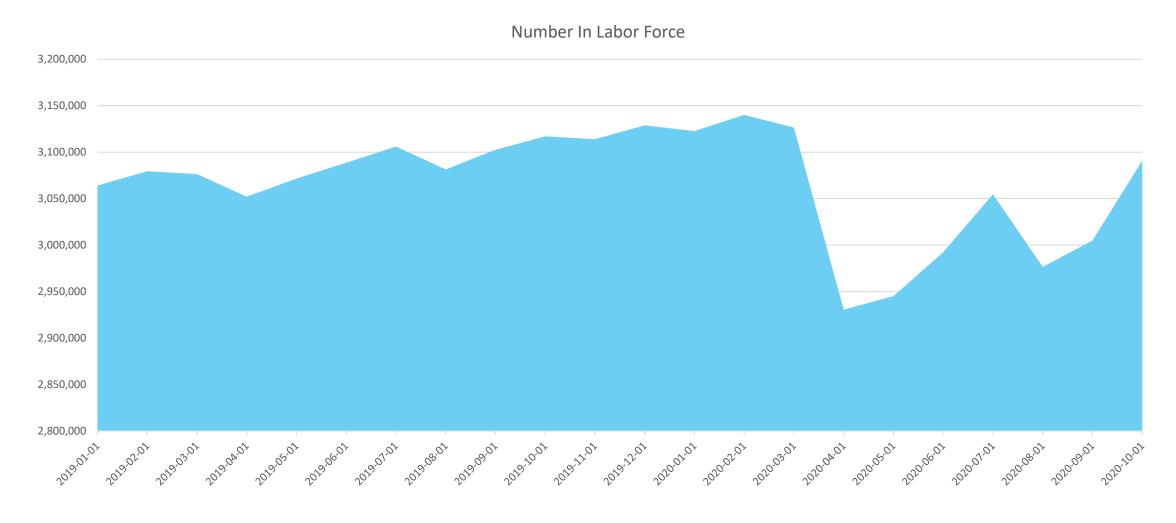
Still Down 85K Jobs Since Last November







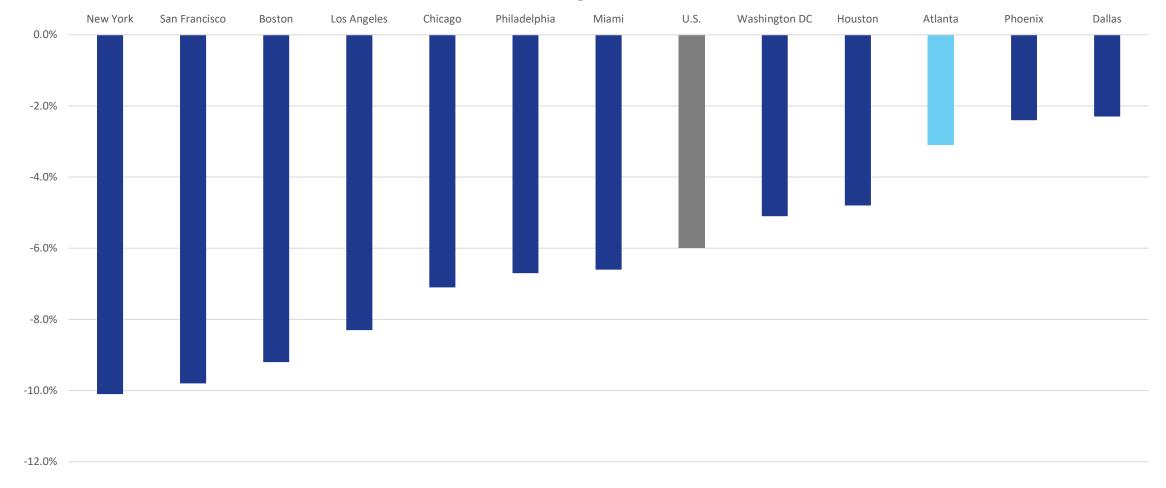
Labor Force Participation Creeping Back Up... But Still Lower than Pre-Pandemic





Metro Year-Over-Year Percent Job DECLINE October 2019-2020

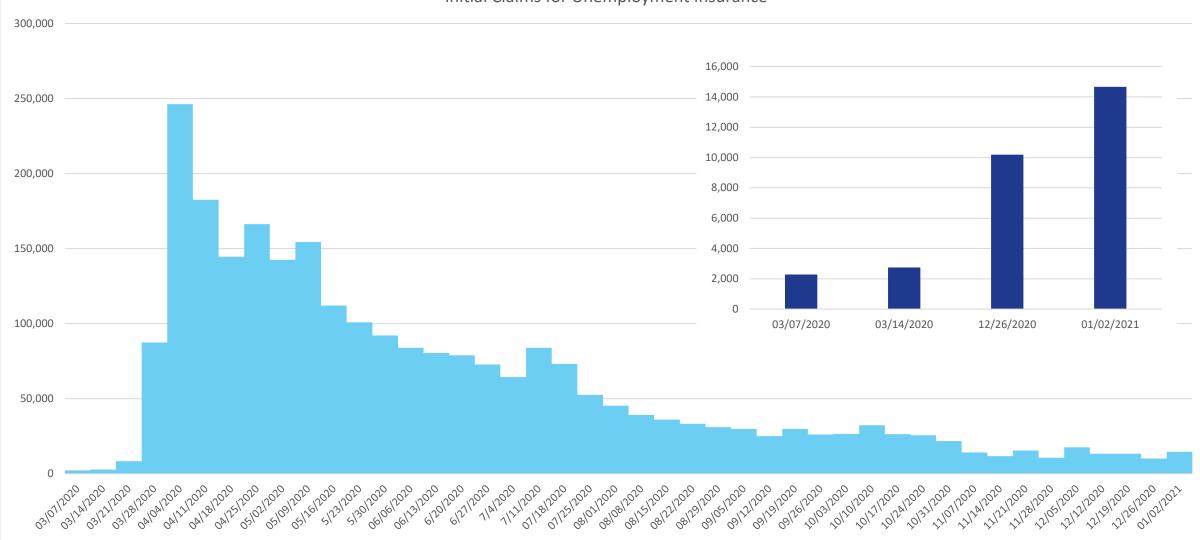
Percent Job Change, October-October





Jobless Claims Ticking Back Up

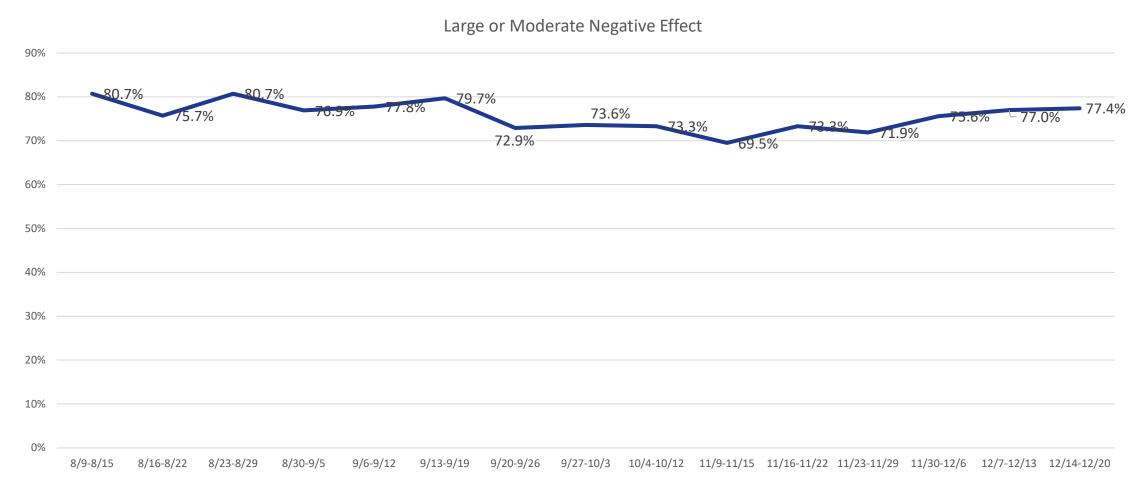




Regiona Snapsho

Vast Majority of Small Businesses Negatively Affected

Overall, How Has This Business Been Affected by The Coronavirus Pandemic?





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Not Many Small Businesses Indicate a "Return to Normal"

How Much Time Do You Think Will Pass Before This Business returns To Normal Business Operations Compared to One Year Ago

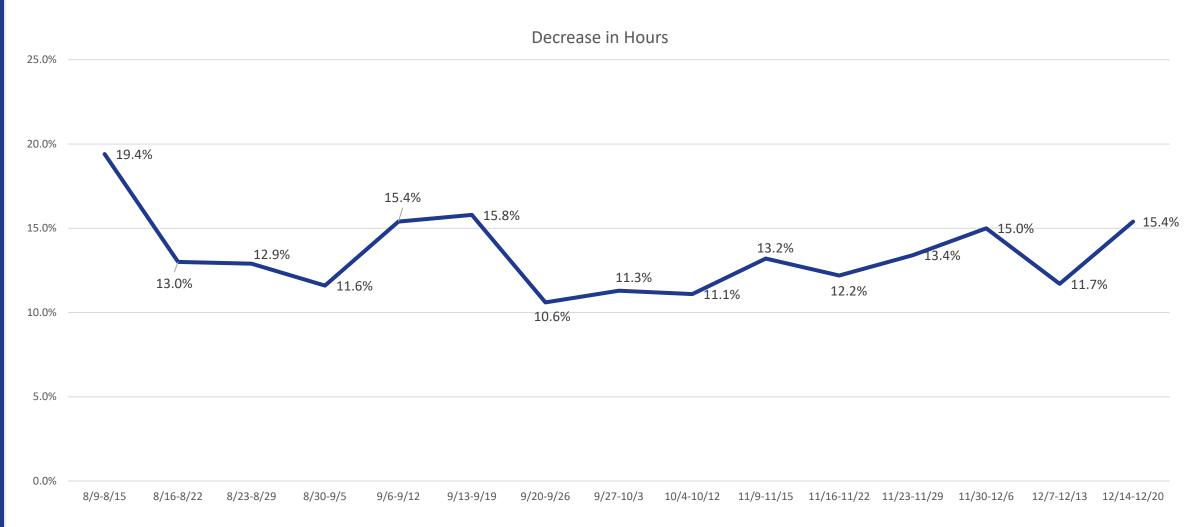




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Employers Are Still Decreasing Hours

In the Past Week, Did This Business Have A Change In The Number of Hours Worked by Paid Employees?





Gazing Into The Near Future



From Moody's

- "U.S. consumer spending is ending 2020 only modestly below where it started the year, thanks to massive support to household income from the government"
- "Some long-running trends, like the shift to buying online, have advanced by years while others, like the shift from buying groceries to eating out, have been set back by decades"
- "The shift away from recreational services has been led by massive declines in spending on theaters, entertainment and other admissions, photo studios, parks, campgrounds and the like and other similar services"



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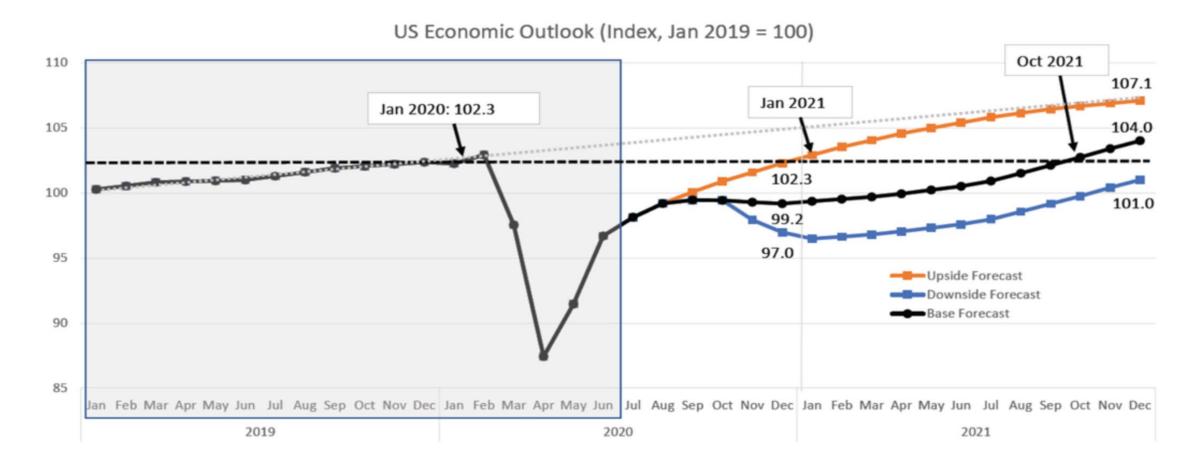
The FED's Latest Economic Assessment

	Median ¹					
Variable	2020	2021	2022	2023	Longer run	
Change in real GDP	-2.4	4.2	3.2	2.4	1.8	
September projection	-3.7	4.0	3.0	2.5	1.9	
Unemployment rate	6.7	5.0	4.2	3.7	4.1	
September projection	7.6	5.5	4.6	4.0	4.1	
PCE inflation	1.2	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.0	
September projection	1.2	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.0	
Core PCE inflation ⁴	1.4	1.8	1.9	2.0		
September projection	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.0		
Memo: Projected appropriate policy path						
Federal funds rate	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.5	
September projection	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	2.5	



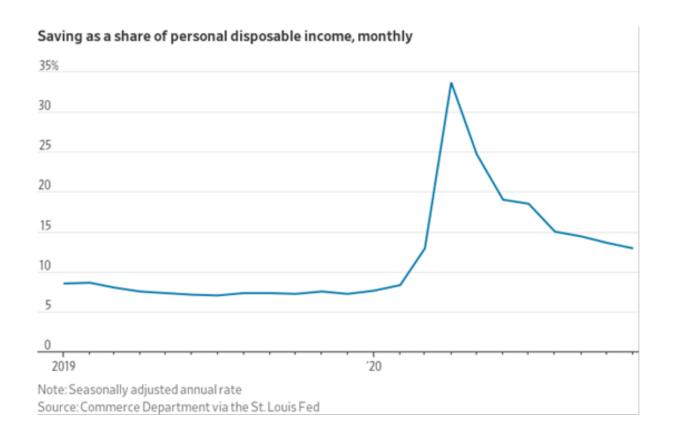
Latest Forecast Show Late 2021?

The U.S. Economic Forecast





Reason for Optimism in 2021?





\$900B Pandemic Relief Package Passes!

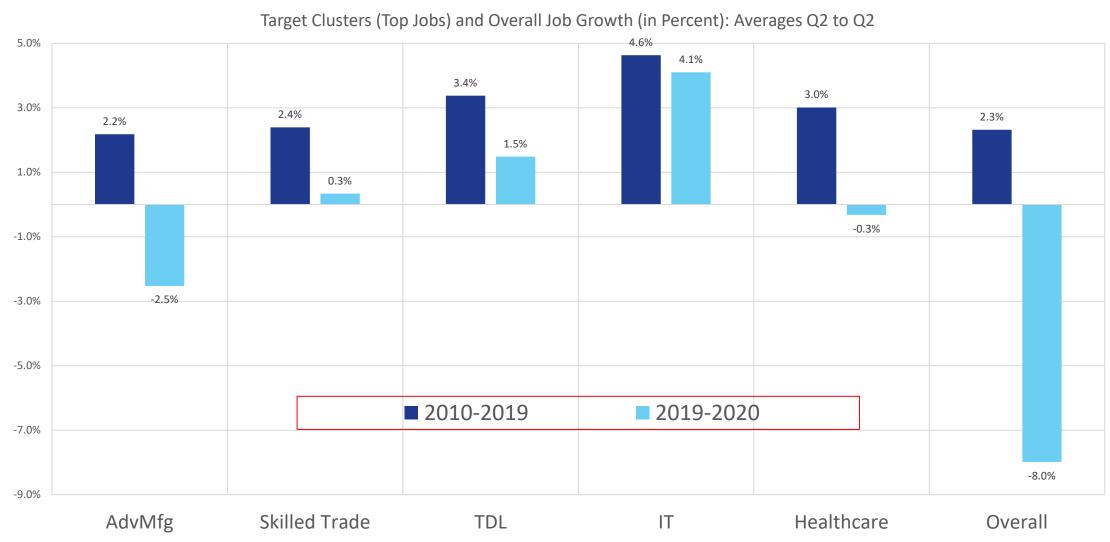
Includes funding for the following:

- \$600 in direct payments
- Extension of enhanced unemployment benefits \$300 until mid-March
- \$25B in rental assistance and extends eviction moratoria through end of month
- Additional SNAP assistance (\$13 billion)
- \$284B extension of PPP for small businesses, also lowered the employee cap from 500 to 300 (including \$15B for live entertainment venues and \$10B for child care center reopenings)
- \$45B for airlines, mass transit agencies, highways and Amtrak
- And a lot more, including funding to expand access to vaccines, broadband, K-12 reopening strategies, agriculture, surprise billing and tax deductible meals



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There Are Occupations That Seem To Be "Pandemic Proof"







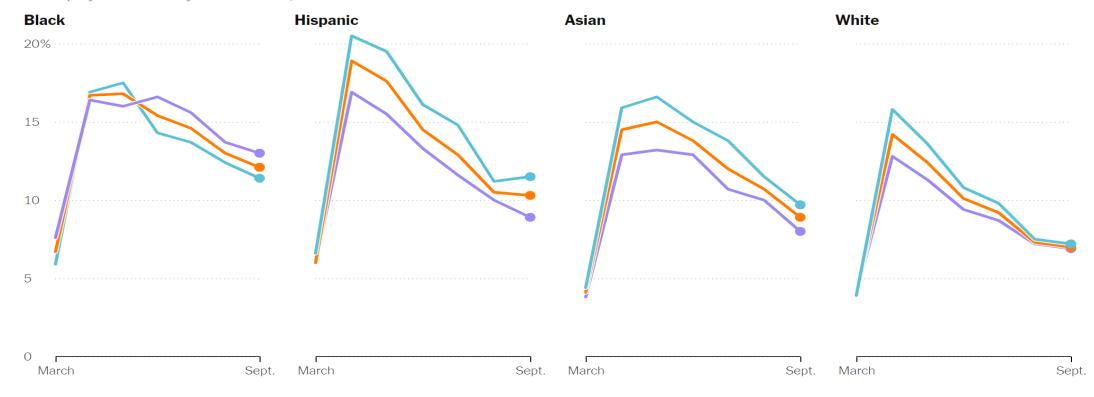
It's About People



Unemployment Rates Shows Inequities

Unemployment for women is worse than men's across most demographics

Unemployment rates by race for men, women and over all



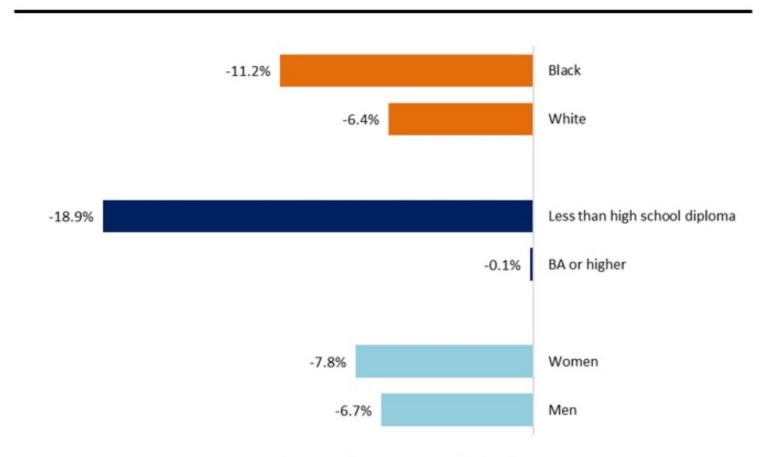
By Ella Koeze - Rates are seasonally adjusted except those for Asian men and women. - Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



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Race, Gender, Education Disparities

Big Job Loss Disparities



Employment relative to pre-crisis levels

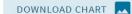
Note: August relative to February employment levels; maximum loss is April relative to February

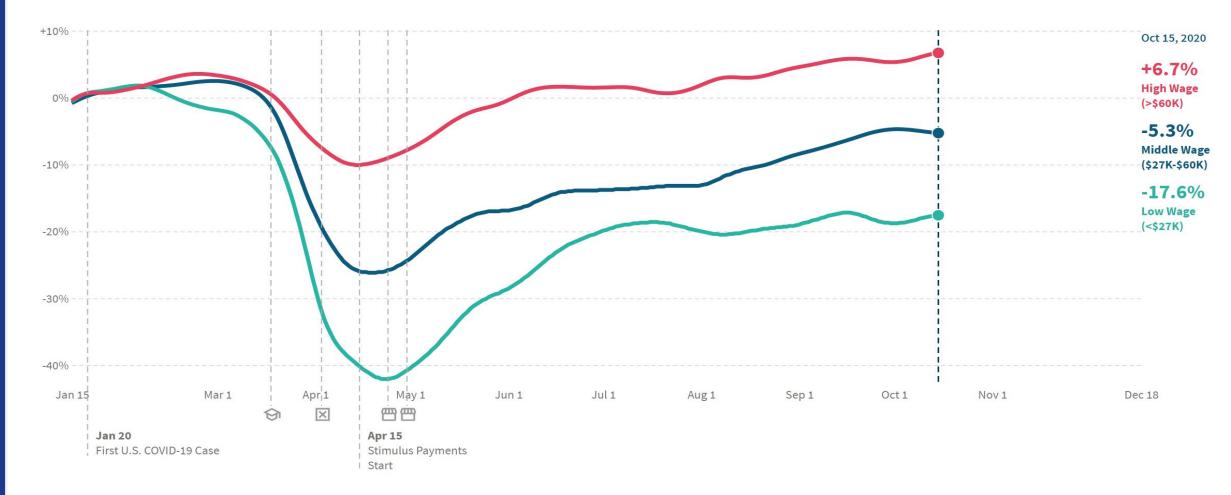
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics



Low Income Workers Faring the Worst

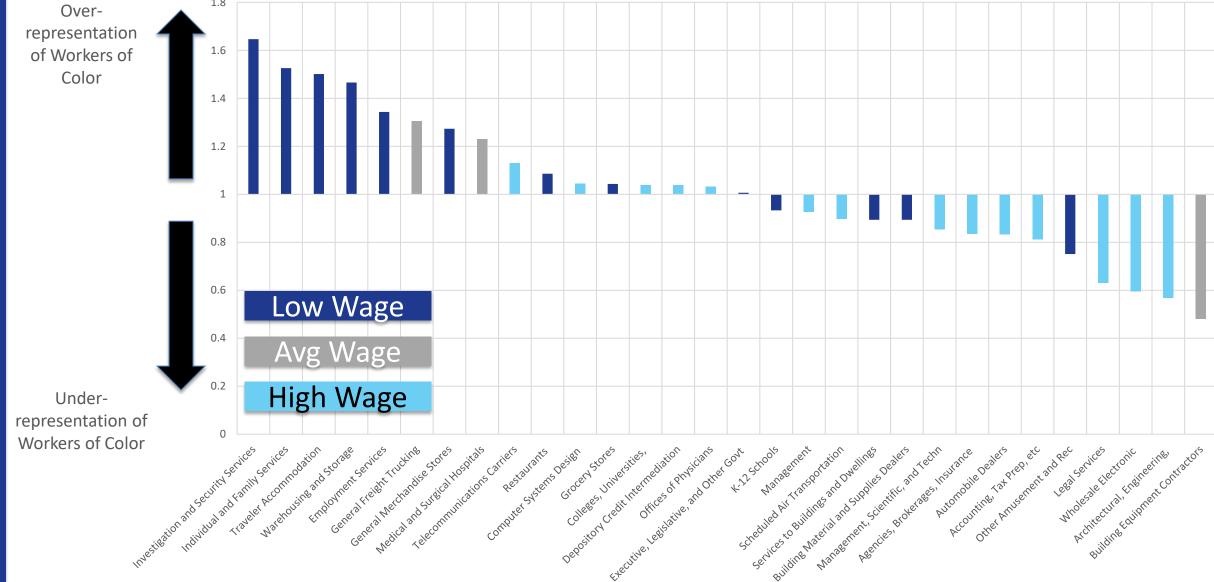
In **Atlanta**, as of October 15 2020, employment rates among workers in the middle wage quartiles decreased by **5.3%** compared to January 2020 (not seasonally adjusted).







Racial Composition of Largest Sub-Sectors: Metro Atlanta





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Businesses Owned By Persons Of Color & Immigrants Disproportionately Suffering

Businesses lost by demographic group

Losses from February to April 2020

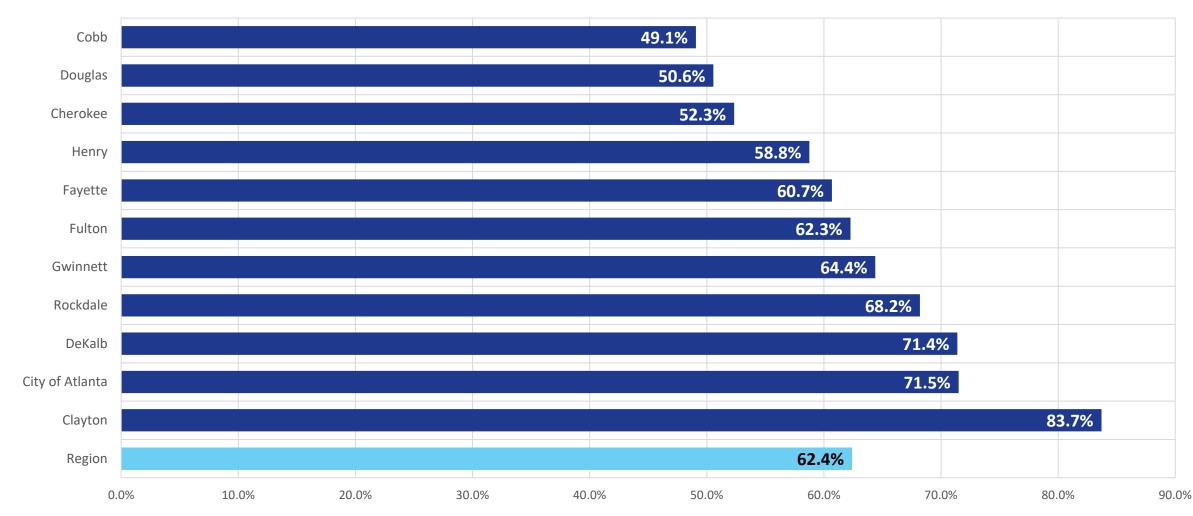
	February	April	Losses	% decrease
Total	15.0m	11.7m	3.3m	22%
Women	5.4m	4.0m	1.3m	25
Men	9.6m	7.7m	2.0m	20
Black	1.1m	637.8k	441.3k	41
Latinx	2.1m	1.4m	658.0k	32
Asian	888.5k	657.9k	230.6k	26
White	10.6m	8.8m	1.8m	17
Immigrant	3.1m	2.0m	1.1m	36
Native born	11.9m	9.7m	2.2m	18

Data: National Bureau of Economic Research; Table: Axios Visuals



More than Half Of Region's Residents Experienced A **Dramatic "Status" Change**

% Laid Off, Furloughed, Reduced Hours or Reduced Pay





Source: 2020 Metro Atlanta Speaks

regional impact + local relevance

Summing Up

- Atlanta has now been thru two "peaks" of COVID cases. And a new surge is happening right now.
- The five high demand clusters identified by our partners in this region seem to be "pandemic proof"
- Metro Atlanta: has suffered economically but not as much as some other large metros. Remote work in Atlanta is helping cushion the economic fall, but the economic consequences is being borne by low income and minority workers.
- Approximately 70% of arts organizations have had to either layoff, furlough, reduce hours and programming or instituted across-the-board pay cuts.
- Atlanta's Office, Multi-Family and Industrial markets have weathered this storm well so far-but forecasts suggest a long and potentially bumpy recovery as vacancy rates will remain high
- **Evictions**, after the national moratorium ends, will be a challenge, with 80,000 renter households under severe distress.
- Around 27 percent of licensed child-centers and homes are closed. A recent report from NAEYC suggests that around 50% of these closed centers may never reopen.
- Learn4Life research suggests that the switch to virtual learning at the end of the school year contributed to a decline in reading and math proficiency that equals roughly two years of learning loss.
- Let's add in another letter to recovery scenarios K-Shaped



local relevance regional impact

Explore For Yourself! And Questions....

https://neighborhoodnexus.org/covid19/



www.33n.atlantaregional.com





